

Ambros Rieder
(1771-1855)

Quartett in G-Dur
Quartet in g major

(op. 8 Nr.2, 1796)

Urtext-Edition nach dem Autograph
in der Österreichischen Nationalbibliothek, Wien

Urtext-Edition based on the manuscript
Vienna, Austrian National Library

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Christian Hummer
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Violino Primo

con Sordani
Allegro

senza Sordani
Allegro

Coda

Quartetto in G, erste Seite der ersten Violine, Wien, Österreichische Nationalbibliothek
Quartetto in g major, first page of the violin 1-part, Vienna, Austrian National Library

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Ambros Rieder

Quartett in G-Dur, op. 8 Nr. 2

Zur Komposition

Nach Eusebius Mandyczewski¹ handelt es sich bei dem hier vorliegenden Werk um das zweite der drei Streichquartette op.8: „*Von seinen Compositionen sind hervorzuheben: [...] drei Streichquartette op. 8 [...]*“.

Die Komposition liegt in der Handschrift des Komponisten vor und trägt den Vermerk: „Del Sig: Rieder [...] 796“. Es liegt auch eine Abschrift von Ferdinand Krammer aus dem Jahr 1805 vor, hier sind die jeweiligen Stimmen von den drei Quartetten nacheinander notiert (in B-Dur, G-Dur und c-Moll, in der Musiksammlung der Österreichischen Nationalbibliothek unter der Signatur *Mus.Hs.2987.Mus*). Diese Abschrift wurde an manchen Stellen als zusätzliche Quelle herangezogen. Es kann daher als gesichert gelten, dass die Stimmen, die in der Musiksammlung der Österreichischen Nationalbibliothek lagern, diejenigen drei Quartette op. 8 sind, die gemäß dem Erstdruck (ebenfalls in der Österreichischen Nationalbibliothek) Johann Georg Albrechtsberger gewidmet sind:

„*Composés et Dediés A Monsieur George Albrechtsberger, Maître de Chapelle de la Cathedrale de Vienne par Ambroise Rieder. Oeuv. 8^{te}*“

Die Komposition ist dreisätzig. Den ersten Satz bildete ein *Adagio*, der zweite ist in der klassischen Sonatensatzform geschrieben, wie sie für Kopfsätze in dieser Zeit durchwegs üblich war. Darauf folgt zum Abschluss ein Rondo im Zweivierteltakt.

Quellenbeschreibung

Mikrofilmkopie des Autographes von Ambros Rieder aus dem Jahr 1796 (Wien, Österreichische Nationalbibliothek, Musiksammlung unter der Signatur *Mus.Hs.12326.Mus*). Es handelt sich um die Einzelstimmen jeweils in einfacher Ausführung.

Die Abschrift ist sehr gut lesbar und vollständig. Lediglich die Seiten der zweiten Violine und der Bratsche sind falsch nummeriert und verreicht.

Kritischer Bericht

Rieder ist in seiner Notationsweise recht genau, manchmal sind die exakten Stellen der dynamischen Vorschriften eher aus dem Kontext zu interpretieren.

1. Satz:

keine Anmerkungen

2. Satz:

Violine 1:

T 32: Rieder und Krammer (im *Ossia* wiedergegeben) haben unterschiedliche Versionen

T 52: im Original c, aber eher cis

T 81: Achteltriolen?

Viola:

T57: drittes Sechzehntel: cis statt c?

3. Satz:

T80: Dynamik? - jede Stimme ist anders

Violine 1:

T 69: *fi* statt *f*

Violine 2:

T33: 3. Sechzehntel: im Original *es*, eher *e?*

Christian Hummer im Februar 2012

¹ Artikel „Rieder, Ambrosius“ von Eusebius Mandyczewski in: Allgemeine Deutsche Biographie, herausgegeben von der Historischen Kommission bei der Bayerischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, Band 28 (1889), S. 527–528, Digitale Volltext-Ausgabe in Wikisource, URL: http://de.wikisource.org/w/index.php?title=ADB:Rieder_Ambrosius&oldid=1024063 (Version vom 17. März 2010, 14:20 Uhr UTC)

² komponiert und gewidmet dem Herrn Georg Albrechtsberger, Domkapellmeister in Wien von Ambros Rieder, op. 8

Ambros Rieder

Quartet in g major, op. 8 Nr. 2

Composition

Eusebius Mandyczewski³ mentioned „*three string-quartets op.8⁴*“.

The main source of this edition is the manuscript by Ambros Rieder from 1796 (Austrian National Library, shelfmark *Mus.Hs.12326.Mus*). Also a copy by Ferdinand Krammer from the year 1805 (Austrian National Library, shelfmark *Mus.Hs.2987.Mus*) gives us three quartets in b-flat major, g major and c minor. There is hardly any doubt, that these quartets are those first published with the following title:

„*Composés et Dediés A Monsieur George Albrechtsberger, Maître de Chapelle de la Cathedrale de Vienne par Ambroise Rieder. Oeuv. 8^{te}*“

The quartet op. 8 Nr. 1 has three movements. The first is an *Adagio* followed by an *Allegro* in the classical sonata form. A Rondo closes the opus.

Source

Microfilm-Copy of Manuscript by Ambros Rieder from the year 1796 (Vienna, Austrian National Library, shelfmark *Mus.Hs.12326.Mus*).

The parts are complete and well legible but the violin 2 and the viola-parts are numbered wrong.

Critical Commentary

Rieder is accurate in his notation. Corrections are as follows:

1st Movement

no annotations

2nd Movement

Violin 1:

M 32: Rieder and Krammer show divergent versions (Krammer's vs. in the *ossia*)

M 52: original *c*, more likely *c-sharp*

M 81: tuplets?

Viola:

M 57: third sixteenth: *c-sharp* instead of *c?*

3rd Movement

M 80: dynamics?

Violin 1:

M 69: *f-sharp* instead of *f*

Violin 2:

M 33: third sixteenth: original *e-flat*, more likely *e?*

Christian Hummer, March 2010

³ Artikel „Rieder, Ambrosius“ von Eusebius Mandyczewski in: Allgemeine Deutsche Biographie, herausgegeben von der Historischen Kommission bei der Bayerischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, Band 28 (1889), S. 527–528, in: Wikisource, URL: http://de.wikisource.org/w/index.php?title=ADB:Rieder_Ambrosius&oldid=1024063 (Version 13. March 2010, 14:20 Uhr UTC)

⁴ composed and dedicatet to Mr. Georg Albrechtsberger, director of music in the Viennese Cathedral by Ambros Rieder, op. 8

Quartetto in G

a due Violini, Viola et Violoncello

Ambros Rieder (1771 - 1855), op. 8,2

I.

Adagio
con Sordini

Violino primo
p *fp* 5

Violino secondo
p *fp* *p*

Viola
p *p*

Violoncello
p *p*

VI I
fp *f*

VI II
f

Vla
f

Vcl
f

10
VI I
p *fp* *pf* *f*

VI II
p *f* *pf* *f*

Vla
fp *p* *f*

Vcl
p *fp* *p* *f*

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

15

VI I: *p*, *f*, *p*, *p*

VI II: *fp*, *pf*, *fp*

Vla: *fp*, *pf*

Vcl: *f*, *pf*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 15 through 19. The first violin (VI I) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, playing a melodic line with slurs. It reaches a forte (*f*) dynamic in measure 17 before returning to piano (*p*) in measure 18. The second violin (VI II) plays a rhythmic accompaniment, starting with *fp* and *pf* dynamics. The viola (Vla) has a melodic line in measure 15, then rests in measure 16, and resumes in measure 17 with *fp* and *pf* dynamics. The cello (Vcl) has a steady bass line in measure 15, rests in measure 16, and plays a melodic line in measure 17 with *f* and *pf* dynamics.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

20

VI I: *f*, *p*, *p*, *fp*

VI II: *p*, *fp*

Vla: *fp*

Vcl: *fp*, *p*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 20 through 24. The first violin (VI I) begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, then softens to piano (*p*) in measure 21. It has a rest in measure 22 and returns with *fp* in measure 23. The second violin (VI II) plays a rhythmic accompaniment with *p* and *fp* dynamics. The viola (Vla) has a melodic line in measure 20, rests in measure 21, and resumes in measure 22 with *fp*. The cello (Vcl) has a steady bass line in measure 20, rests in measure 21, and plays a melodic line in measure 22 with *fp* and *p* dynamics.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

25

VI I: *f*, *p*, *fp*, *p*, *fp*

VI II: *p*

Vla: *f*, *p*, *p*

Vcl: *fp*, *f*, *p*, *p*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 25 through 29. The first violin (VI I) starts with *f* and *p* dynamics, then *fp* in measure 26, *p* in measure 27, and *fp* in measure 28. The second violin (VI II) has a melodic line in measure 25, rests in measure 26, and plays a rhythmic accompaniment in measure 27 with *p* dynamics. The viola (Vla) has a melodic line in measure 25, rests in measure 26, and resumes in measure 27 with *f* and *p* dynamics, then rests in measure 28. The cello (Vcl) has a steady bass line in measure 25, rests in measure 26, and plays a melodic line in measure 27 with *f* and *p* dynamics, then rests in measure 28.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

6

fp

p

p

30

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

fp

p

fp

fp

p

fp

fp

p

fp

35

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

fp

p

fp

fp

p

fp

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

40

mf

p

fp

p

fz

rf

fz

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

45

f

p

f

p

f

p

fp

f

p

f

p

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

pf

p

p

p

II.

Allegro
senza Sordini

Violino primo
f

Violino secondo
f

Viola
f

Violoncello
f

VI I
5

VI II

Vla
rf
pf

Vcl
pf
f

VI I

VI II

Vla
p

Vcl
tr
p
f
p

10

VI I

VI II

Vla
fp

Vcl
fp
rf
fp

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

f
rf *p*
f
pf *f* *f*

This system contains the first three measures of the score. The Violin I part starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and features a sixteenth-note run in the second measure. The Violin II part begins with a mezzo-forte (*rf*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic in the second measure, and returns to forte (*f*) in the third. The Viola part starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and has a sixteenth-note run in the second measure. The Violoncello part begins with a pianissimo (*pf*) dynamic and has a sixteenth-note run in the second measure. The third measure features a forte (*f*) dynamic across all parts.

25
VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

rf
pf
pf *f*

This system contains measures 25, 26, and 27. Measure 25 is marked with a 25. The Violin I part has a sixteenth-note run. The Violin II part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 25. The Viola part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 25. The Violoncello part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 25. Measure 26 features a mezzo-forte (*rf*) dynamic in the Violin I part and a pianissimo (*pf*) dynamic in the Violoncello part. Measure 27 features a forte (*f*) dynamic in the Violin I part and a forte (*f*) dynamic in the Violoncello part.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

p
p
30

This system contains measures 28, 29, and 30. The Violin I part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 28. The Violin II part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 28. The Viola part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 28. The Violoncello part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 28. Measure 29 features a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Violin I part and a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Viola part. Measure 30 is marked with a 30 and features a sixteenth-note run in the Violin I part.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

p
p
p

*) siehe kritischer Bericht
see critical commentary

This system contains measures 31, 32, and 33. The Violin I part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 31. The Violin II part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 31. The Viola part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 31. The Violoncello part has a sixteenth-note run in measure 31. Measure 32 features a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Violin I part and a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Violoncello part. Measure 33 features a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Violin I part and a piano (*p*) dynamic in the Violoncello part. A critical commentary note is present in measure 32.

VI I *f* *tr* 35 *pf* 3

VI II *ff* *pf*

Vla *f* *f*

Vcl *f* *p*

VI I *f* 3

VI II *fz*

Vla *f* *f*

Vcl *f* *p*

*) Phrasierung wie T36?
phrasing as M36?

40

VI I *f* *fp* *fp*

VI II *f* *f* *p* *f*

Vla *f* *p* *p*

Vcl *f* *fz* *p* *fz*

VI I *f* 45 *f*

VI II *ff* *f*

Vla *f* *f*

Vcl *ff* *f*

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

pf *fz* *f*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 45, 46, and 47. The first violin (VI I) starts with a triplet of eighth notes in measure 45, followed by eighth notes. The second violin (VI II) has a long note in measure 45 and then eighth notes. The viola (Vla) and cello (Vcl) parts have eighth notes in measure 45. In measure 46, the first violin has a half note, and the second violin has a half note. The viola and cello have quarter notes. In measure 47, the first violin has a half note, the second violin has a half note, the viola has eighth notes, and the cello has eighth notes. Dynamics include *pf* and *fz*.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

50

p *fz* *f* *p* *fz* *fz*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 48, 49, and 50. Measure 48 starts with a key signature change to D major. The first violin (VI I) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. The second violin (VI II) has a half note, then a half note, and a half note. The viola (Vla) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. The cello (Vcl) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. Dynamics include *p* and *fz*. Measure 50 has a key signature change to D minor. The first violin (VI I) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. The second violin (VI II) has a half note, then a half note, and a half note. The viola (Vla) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. The cello (Vcl) has a half note, then eighth notes, and a half note. Dynamics include *p* and *fz*.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

55

fp *f* *p* *f* *f* *p*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 51, 52, 53, and 54. The first violin (VI I) has eighth notes in measure 51, then eighth notes, and a half note. The second violin (VI II) has eighth notes in measure 51, then eighth notes, and a half note. The viola (Vla) has eighth notes in measure 51, then eighth notes, and a half note. The cello (Vcl) has eighth notes in measure 51, then eighth notes, and a half note. Dynamics include *fp*, *f*, and *p*. Measure 54 ends with a fermata.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

fp *p* *pf*

Detailed description: This system contains measures 55, 56, and 57. The first violin (VI I) has a half note in measure 55, then eighth notes, and a half note. The second violin (VI II) has eighth notes in measure 55, then eighth notes, and a half note. The viola (Vla) has eighth notes in measure 55, then eighth notes, and a half note. The cello (Vcl) has eighth notes in measure 55, then eighth notes, and a half note. Dynamics include *fp*, *p*, and *pf*.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

60

p

p

p

Detailed description: This system covers measures 60, 61, and 62. The first violin (VI I) has a whole rest in measure 60 and begins a melodic line in measure 61. The second violin (VI II) and viola (Vla) play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. The cello (Vcl) has a whole rest in measure 60 and plays a simple bass line. Dynamics include piano (*p*) in measures 61 and 62.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

f

f

f

Detailed description: This system covers measures 63, 64, and 65. The first violin (VI I) continues its melodic line. The second violin (VI II) and viola (Vla) play a rhythmic accompaniment. The cello (Vcl) plays a bass line. Dynamics include forte (*f*) in measures 64 and 65. A triplet of eighth notes is marked in measure 65.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

65

f

ff

ff

f

f

ff

Detailed description: This system covers measures 66, 67, and 68. The first violin (VI I) plays a melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The second violin (VI II) and viola (Vla) play a dense rhythmic accompaniment of sixteenth notes with fortissimo (*ff*) dynamics. The cello (Vcl) plays a bass line with a forte (*f*) dynamic in measure 66 and fortissimo (*ff*) in measure 68.

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

70

f

f

f

f

Detailed description: This system covers measures 69, 70, and 71. The first violin (VI I) plays a melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The second violin (VI II) and viola (Vla) play a rhythmic accompaniment with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The cello (Vcl) plays a bass line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measure 71 features a triplet of eighth notes.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

75

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

80

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

85

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

90

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

95

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

VI I: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 112-115. Dynamics: *mf* (112), *pf* (113), *mf* (114), *rf* (115).

VI II: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 112-115. Dynamics: *fp* (112), *pf* (113).

Vla: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 112-115. Dynamics: *pf* (112), *pf* (113).

Vcl: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 112-115.

115

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

VI I: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 115-118. Dynamics: *p* (115), *f* (116), *f* (117), *f* (118).

VI II: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 115-118. Dynamics: *pf* (115), *f* (116), *f* (117).

Vla: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 115-118. Dynamics: *f* (115), *pf* (116), *cresc.* (117), *f* (118).

Vcl: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 115-118. Dynamics: *fz* (117), *fz* (118).

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

VI I: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 118-121. Dynamics: *p* (118), *p* (119), *p* (120), *p* (121). Measure 120 is marked with '120'.

VI II: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 118-121. Dynamics: *cresc.* (119), *p* (120), *p* (121).

Vla: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 118-121. Dynamics: *p* (118), *p* (119), *p* (120), *p* (121).

Vcl: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 118-121. Dynamics: *fz* (118), *p* (121).

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

VI I: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 121-124. Dynamics: *f* (121), *f* (122), *f* (123), *f* (124).

VI II: Treble clef, G major key signature. Measures 121-124. Dynamics: *f* (121), *f* (122), *f* (123), *f* (124).

Vla: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 121-124. Dynamics: *f* (121), *f* (122), *f* (123), *f* (124).

Vcl: Bass clef, G major key signature. Measures 121-124.

VI I 125

VI II

Vla

Vcl

pf

ff

f

VI I 130

VI II

Vla

Vcl

p

pf

p

p

f

ff

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

pf

pf

p

p

f

ff

VI I 135

VI II

Vla

Vcl

fp

f

fp

fz

fp

ff

III. - Rondo

Allegro

Violino primo *p* *p* *f* *p*

Violino secondo *p*

Viola *p*

Violoncello *p* *f*

VI I *f* *f* *f* ¹⁰

VI II *f* *f* *f*

Vla *f* *f* *f*

Vcl *f* *f* *f*

VI I *f* *ff* ¹⁵

VI II *fp* *f*

Vla *f* *f*

Vcl *f* *f*

VI I *p* ²⁰ (b)

VI II *p*

Vla *p*

Vcl *p*

VI I *f* *f* *f* *p*

VI II *f* *f* *f* *p*

Vla *f* *f* *f* *p*

Vcl *f* *f* *f* *p*

VI I *p*

VI II *p*

Vla *p*

Vcl *p*

VI I *f*

VI II *f*

Vla *f*

Vcl *f*

VI I *ff*

VI II *f*

Vla *f*

Vcl *f*

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

45

p

pf

p

f

p

pf

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

50

f

p

p

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

55

p

f

p

VI I

VI II

Vla

Vcl

60

pf

p

pf

p

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

65 70

pp *p*
p *pp* *p*
p *pf*
p *p*

Detailed description: This system of music covers measures 65 to 70. It features four staves: Violin I (VI I), Violin II (VI II), Viola (Vla), and Violoncello (Vcl). The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Measure 65 starts with a treble clef and a key signature change to one flat. The dynamics are marked as *pp* for VI I, *p* for VI II, *p* for Vla, and *p* for Vcl. Measure 70 has dynamics of *p* for VI I, *p* for VI II, *pf* for Vla, and *p* for Vcl.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

75

Detailed description: This system of music covers measures 71 to 75. It features four staves: Violin I (VI I), Violin II (VI II), Viola (Vla), and Violoncello (Vcl). The key signature has one flat. Measure 75 has a dynamic marking of *p* for VI I.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

80

f *p*
ff *p*
f *p* *pf*
f *p*

Detailed description: This system of music covers measures 76 to 80. It features four staves: Violin I (VI I), Violin II (VI II), Viola (Vla), and Violoncello (Vcl). The key signature has one flat. Measure 80 has dynamic markings of *p* for VI I, *pp* for VI II, *pf* for Vla, and *p* for Vcl.

VI I
VI II
Vla
Vcl

85

p *f* *p*
p *f*
f *f*
p *f*

Detailed description: This system of music covers measures 81 to 85. It features four staves: Violin I (VI I), Violin II (VI II), Viola (Vla), and Violoncello (Vcl). The key signature has one flat. Measure 85 has dynamic markings of *f* for VI I, *p* for VI II, *f* for Vla, and *f* for Vcl.

VI I *ff* *p*

VI II *ff* *ff* *p*

Vla *f* *p*

Vcl *f* *ff* *p*

VI I *p* *ff*

VI II *p* *f*

Vla *f*

Vcl *f*

VI I *p* *ff* *ff*

VI II *p* *f* *ff*

Vla *p* *f* *ff*

Vcl *p* *f* *ff*