

Nocturno
für
Violoncell
Violine, und
Flöte, Harfe (od. Pianoforte)
von
Ernst Stahl.

Op. 66.

*Partitur u. Stimmen 4 Mk.**Eigenthum des Verlegers für alle Länder.*

Carl Giessel junior,
BAYREUTH.

(Leipzig, E. F. Steinacker.)

Lith. Anst. v. G. G. Böhm, Leipzig.

(1900)

Nocturne

für Flöte, Violine, Violoncell und Harfe (oder Piano.)

Andantino quasi Andante.

E. Stahl, Op. 66.

Flöte.

Violine.

Cello.

Harfe
oder
(Piano.)

Andantino quasi Andante.

p

p

p

p

pp

espress.

Ernst Stahl, „An der Quelle“ Salonstück für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.

pp espress.
pp
espress.
pp
espress.
tr
p veloce
p
p
vivo
vivo
p
vivo
vivo
mf espress.
a tempo
f a tempo
ritard.
ritard.
ritard.
ritard.
Bb

a tempo
pp a tempo
pp a tempo
pp
a tempo
pp
cresc. poco
cresc. poco
cresc. poco
poco
poco
f
f
E♭
B♭
G♯
p
p
p
E♭
C♯
B♭
F♯
p

Ernst Stahl, „Serenade“ für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.

Musical score for Charles Oberthür's "Fantasie über „Auld Robin Gray“" for Violin (or Violoncello) and Harp. The score is in E major and 4/4 time. It consists of six systems of music. The first system shows the beginning with a trill in the violin. The second system includes "pp coll part." markings. The third system includes "pp rubato" and "mf" markings. The fourth system includes "mf" and "f" markings. The fifth system includes "ff" and "dolce" markings. The sixth system includes "f" and "dolce" markings. The score features various musical notations including trills, slurs, and dynamic markings.

The image displays a musical score for two harp pieces by Ernst Stahl. The score is written for a four-staff system, with the top two staves representing the right hand and the bottom two staves representing the left hand. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4.

The first system (measures 1-4) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The right hand features flowing sixteenth-note passages, while the left hand provides a steady accompaniment of eighth notes. The second system (measures 5-8) continues this texture, with the right hand moving to a more melodic line. The third system (measures 9-12) introduces a *rit.* (ritardando) marking, followed by a return to *a tempo*. The fourth system (measures 13-16) features a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic and includes a *ten.* (tension) marking. The fifth system (measures 17-20) returns to a *p* dynamic and includes a *rit.* marking. The sixth system (measures 21-24) concludes with a *p* dynamic and a *rit.* marking. The seventh system (measures 25-28) features a *p* dynamic and a *rit.* marking. The eighth system (measures 29-32) concludes with a *p* dynamic and a *rit.* marking.

Ernst Stahl, „An der Quelle“ Salonstück für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.
 Ernst Stahl, „Marguerite“ Gavotte Caprice für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.

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Ernst Stahl, „Serenade“ für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.

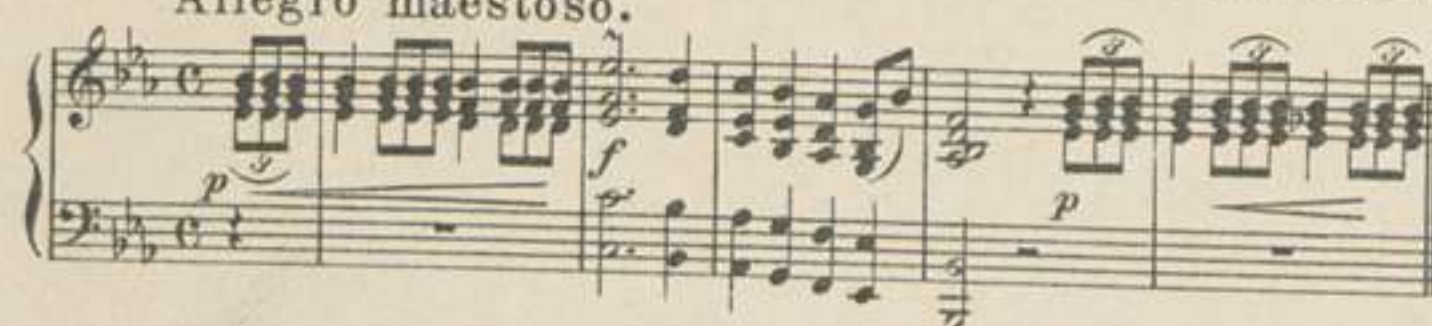
Ernst Stahl, „Serenade“ für Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 2 M.
Charles Oberthür, Fantasie über „Auld Robin Gray“ für Violine (oder Violoncello) und Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun., Bayreuth) Preis 3 M.

Im gleichen Verlage sind erschienen für Pianoforte zu zwei Händen:

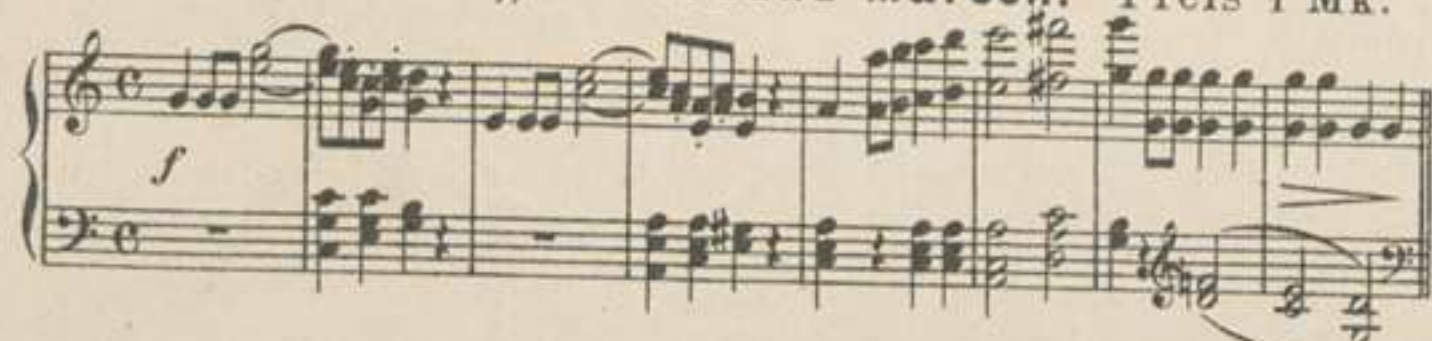
Karpeles, Sigism. „Marche triomphale.“

Introduzione.
Allegro maestoso.

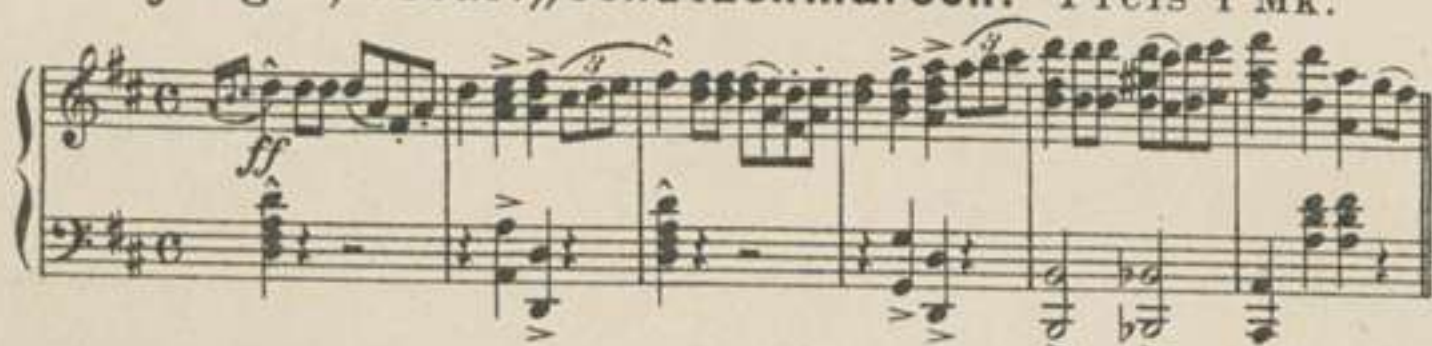
Preis 1 Mk. 20 Pf.



Meyer, Oscar. „Turnerbund Marsch.“ Preis 1 Mk.



Jünger, Oscar. „Schützenmarsch.“ Preis 1 Mk.



Schmidt, Heinr. „Königin Louise Marsch.“

Aus dem Bergfestspiel „Die Losburg.“ Preis - 50 Pf.
Maestoso. $\text{♩} = 120$.



Schmidt, Heinrich. „Fest-Ouverture.“

Adagio.



Karpeles, Sigism. „Russischer Marsch.“ Preis 1 Mk.

Introduzione.
Maestoso e deciso. $\text{♩} = 72$.

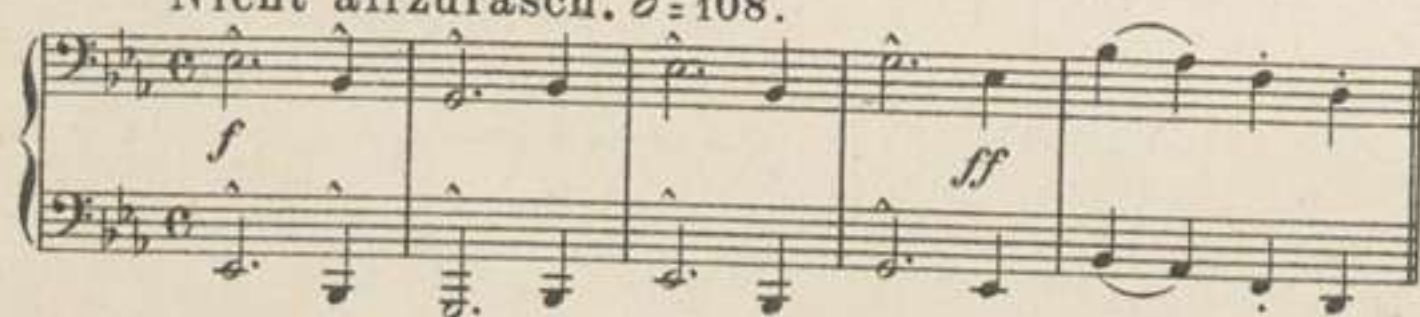


Für Pianoforte zu vier Händen:

Ressler, Carl. „Bayern-Marsch.“ Preis 1 Mk.

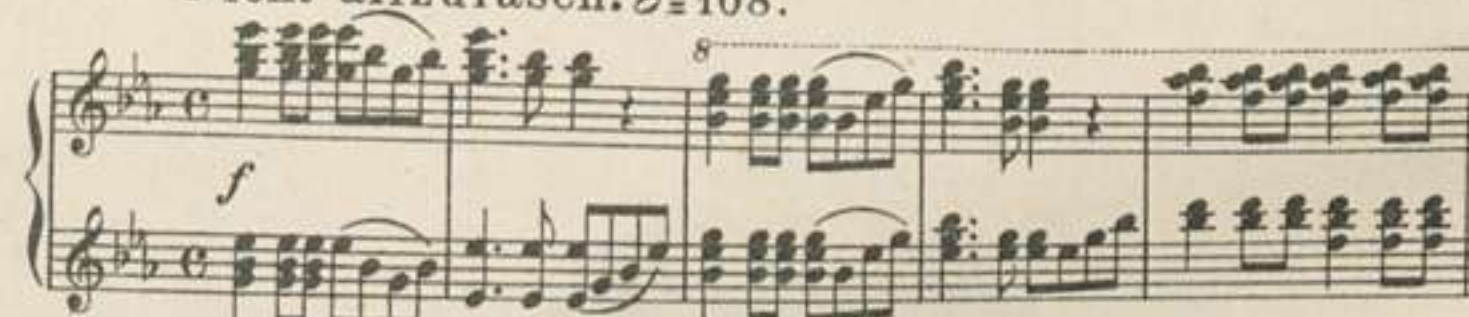
Secondo.

Nicht allzurasch. $\text{♩} = 108$.



Primo.

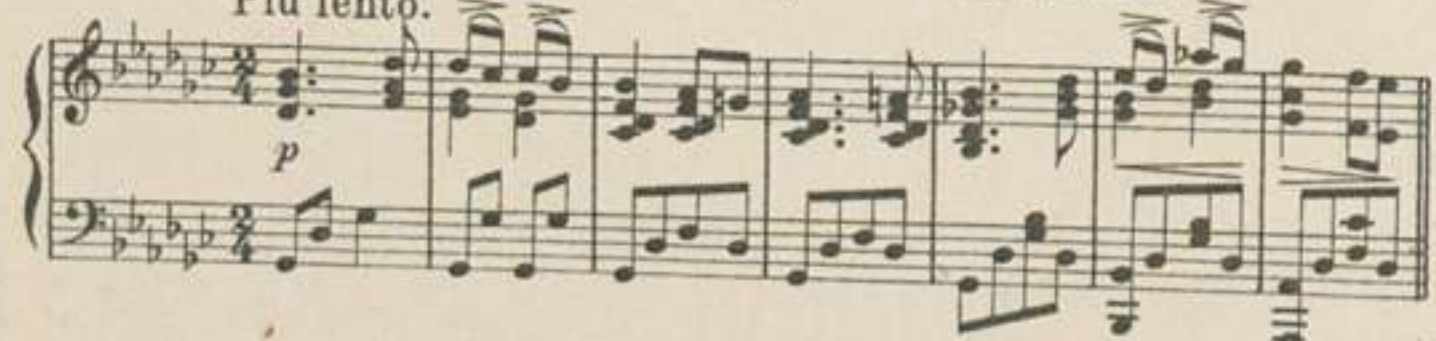
Nicht allzurasch. $\text{♩} = 108$.



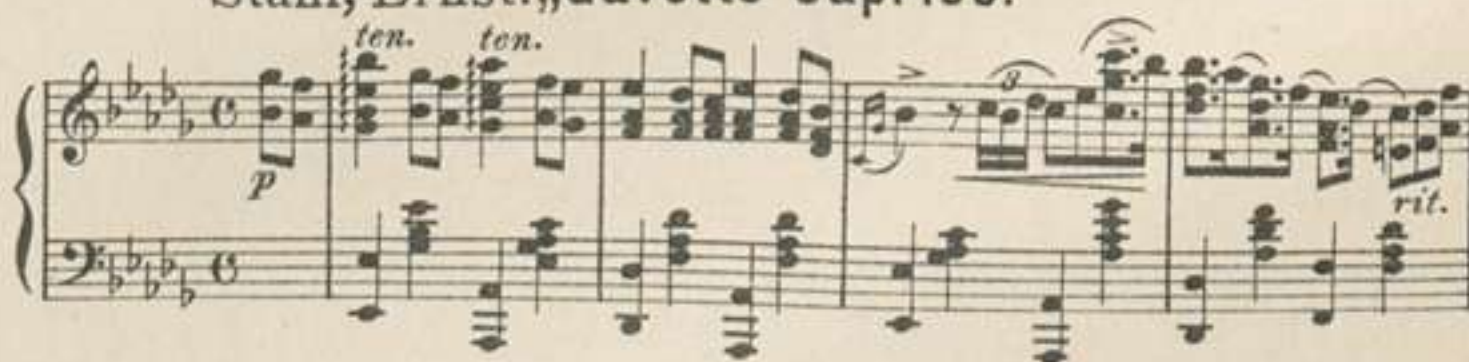
Für Harfe:

Stahl, Ernst. „An der Quelle.“ Preis 2 M.

Più lento.



Stahl, Ernst. „Gavotte Caprice.“



Für Männerchor:

Stahl, Ernst. „Waldeslust.“ Part. & Stimmen Preis 1.80.

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Jünger, Oscar. „Schützenmarsch.“ Preis 3 M.

Meyer, Oscar. „Turnerbund-Marsch.“

Für Zither:

Jünger, Oscar. „Schützen-Marsch.“ - 80 Pf.

Meyer, Oscar. „Turnerbund-Marsch.“ - 80 Pf.

Verlag von **CARL GIESSEL junior**
BAYREUTH.

Nocturne

für Flöte, Violine, Violoncello und Harfe (oder Piano.)

Violine.

E. Stahl, Op. 66.

Andantino quasi Andante.

Andantino quasi Andante.

p

espress.

espress.

p

vivo

p

a tempo

a tempo

rit.

pp

cresc. poco a poco

f

Violine.

p
pp colla parte
mf restez
ff
dolce
fz
pp
rit.
a tempo
espress.
p
colla parte a tempo
p
fappass.
p dolce
pp
ppp

Charles Oberthür, Fantasie über „Auld Robin Gray“ für Violine und Harfe (Verlag von Carl Giessel jun. Bayreuth.) Preis 3 M.

Nocturne.

1

für Flöte, Violine, Violoncello und Harfe (oder Piano.)

Violoncello.

E. Stahl, Op. 66.

Andantino quasi Andante.

p

pp

p

vivo

p

a tempo

f

1.

2.

rit.

pp

a tempo

cresc.

poco a poco

Violoncello.

f

p

pp colla parte

ff

dolce

p

a tempo

ten.

pp

rit.

a tempo

colla parte

p

fappass.

rit.

p dolce

espress.

pp

ppp

Nocturne

für Flöte, Violine, Violoncello und Harfe (oder Piano.)

Flöte.

E. Stahl, Op. 66.

Andantino quasi Andante.

The musical score for the Flute part of the Nocturne is written in G major (one sharp) and 12/8 time. It begins with the tempo marking "Andantino quasi Andante." and the dynamic *p*. The first staff contains a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo. The second staff continues the melody with a slur and a crescendo, ending with a *pp espress.* marking. The third staff features a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo, ending with a *espress.* marking. The fourth staff contains a trill marked *tr* and a slur, with a *p* dynamic. The fifth staff continues the trill and slur, with a *p* dynamic. The sixth staff begins with a *vivo* tempo marking and a *p* dynamic, followed by a *a tempo* marking and a *rit.* marking. The seventh staff concludes the piece with a *a tempo* marking and a *pp* dynamic, ending with a final measure marked with a '5'.

Flöte.

f

p

tr.

tr.

pp colla parte

mf

ff

ten.

espress.

a tempo

pp

rit.

p

espress.

colla parte

a tempo

p

f appass.

p dolce

pp

ppp