

PART III.

CONTAINING

SEVERAL ANTHEMS AND ODES, OF THE FIRST EMINENCE

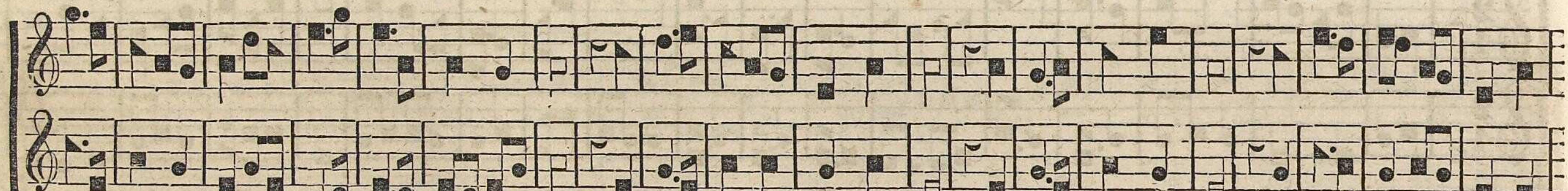
LOVER'S LAMENTATION.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by '2' over '4'). The bottom two staves are also in common time (indicated by '2' over '4'). The music features various note heads, including solid black dots, open circles, and small squares, along with rests of different shapes and durations. The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes, with some quarter notes and half notes interspersed.

That awful day will surely come, Th' appointed hour makes haste, When I must stand before the Judge, And pass the solemn test. Thou lovely chief of all my

LOVER'S LAMENTATION. *Continued.*

joys, Thou sov'reign of my heart, How could I bear to hear thy voice Pronounce the sound, "Depart!" The thunder of that dismal word Would so torment my ear, 'Twould



tear my soul asunder, Lord, With most tormenting fear. What! to be banish'd from thy face, And yet forbid to die! To linger in e - ter - nal



LOVER'S LAMENTATION, *Concluded.*

183

A musical score for two voices or instruments. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of four staves of sixteenth-note patterns. Below the music, lyrics are written in a single line:

 pain, Yet death for e - ver fly ! O! wretched state of deep despair, To see my God remove, And fix my doleful station where I must not taste his love.

CLAREMONT.

A musical score for two voices or instruments. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of four staves of sixteenth-note patterns. Below the music, lyrics are written in a single line:

Vital spark of heav'nly flame, Quit, O quit this mortal frame ; Trembling, hoping, ling'ring, flying, flying, fly - ing, O ! the pain, the bliss of dying.

CLAREMONT. *Continued.*

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics are:

Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife, And let me languish into life ; And let me languish into life.
 Hark ! Hark !
 Hark ! they whisper ; angels say, Sister spirit, come away.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The music consists of six measures. The lyrics are:

Hark ! they whisper ; angels say, Sister spirit, come away ; Sister spirit, come away. What is this absorbs me quite—Steals my senses, shuts my sight ?

CLAREMONT. *Continued.*

185

Downs my spirit, draws my breath, Tell me, my soul, can this be death? :::

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff an alto clef. The music is in common time, indicated by a 'C' at the beginning of each staff. The first section ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign, followed by a vocal line: "Downs my spirit, draws my breath, Tell me, my soul, can this be death? :::"

Soft.

The world recedes, it dis - ap - pears, Heav'n opens on my eyes, My ears with sounds seraphic ring, My ears with sounds seraphic

The musical score continues with three staves. The top staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff starts with an alto clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time. The lyrics "The world recedes, it dis - ap - pears, Heav'n opens on my eyes, My ears with sounds seraphic ring, My ears with sounds seraphic" are written below the staves. The music concludes with a final section of three staves.

CLAREMONT, *Continued.**Lively.**Slow.*

The musical score consists of six staves of handwritten notation on a five-line staff system. The notation uses various note heads (solid black, open, and diamond-shaped) and stems. The first two staves are labeled "Slow." and "Lively." The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first two staves have lyrics: "ring, My cars, &c." and "Lend, lend your wings ! I mount, I fly! I mount! I fly! O grave ! where is thy". The next four staves have continuous lyrics: "victory ? thy vic - to - ry ? O grave ! where is thy victory ? thy vic - to - ry ? O death ! where is thy sting ? Lend, lend your wings ! I mount ! I fly ! I mount ! I fly ! I".

mount! I fly, I fly ! O grave, where is thy victory ? O death, where is thy sting ? I mount, I fly, I mount, I fly ! O grave, where is thy victory ? O death, where is thy sting ?

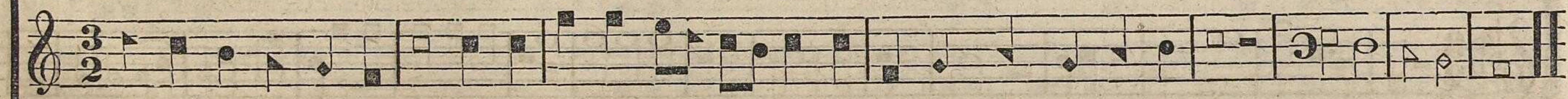
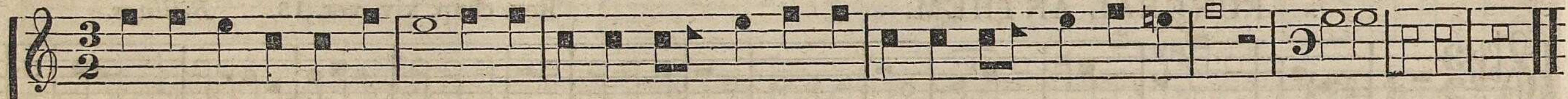
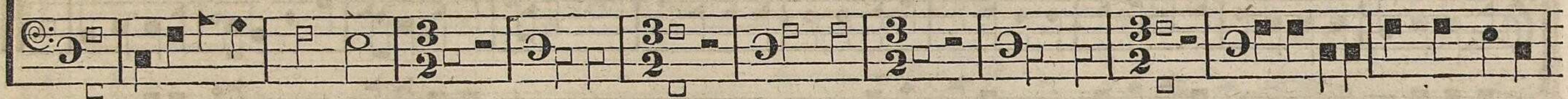
FUNERAL ANTHEM.

Rev. chap. xiv. ver. 13. *Billings.*

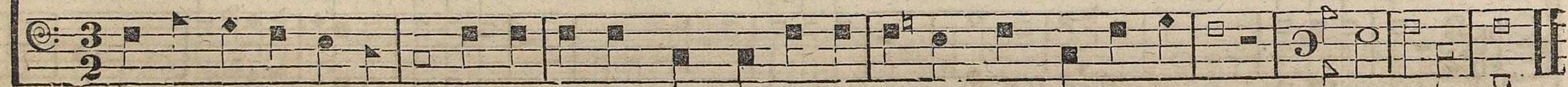
I heard a great voice from heav'n, saying unto me, Write, From henceforth, write, from, &c., write, From, &c. Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord.

FUNERAL ANTHEM. *Concluas.*

Yea, saith the Spirit, for they rest, for they rest for they rest. for they rest from their labours, from their labours,



from their la - bours and their works, which do fol - low, fol - low, fol - low, which do fol - low, fol - low them. Which do follow them.

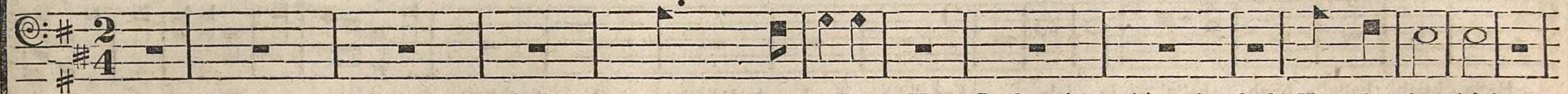
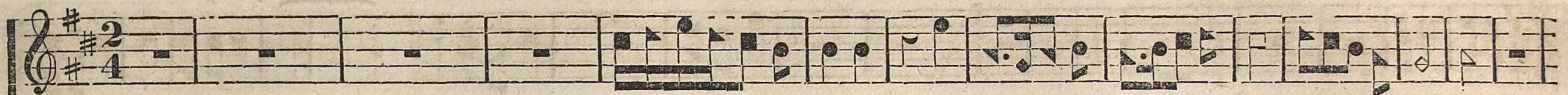


EASTER ANTHEM.

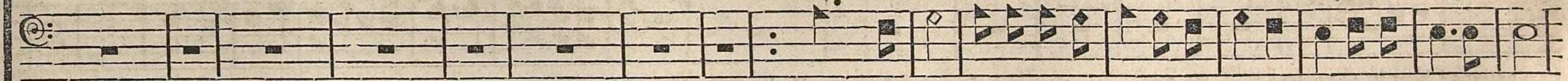
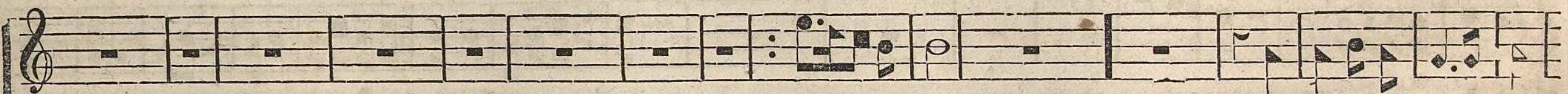
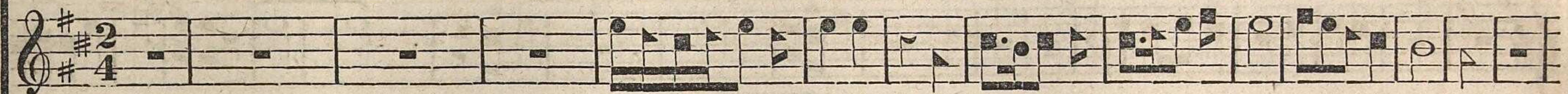
Young's Night Thoughts ; 4th Nignt.

Billings.

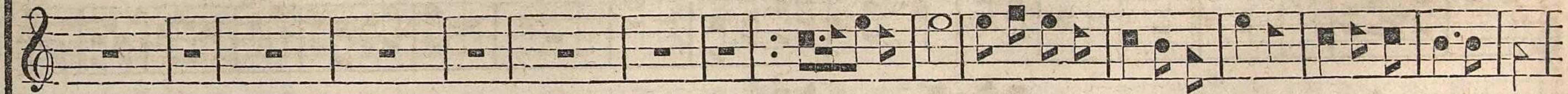
189

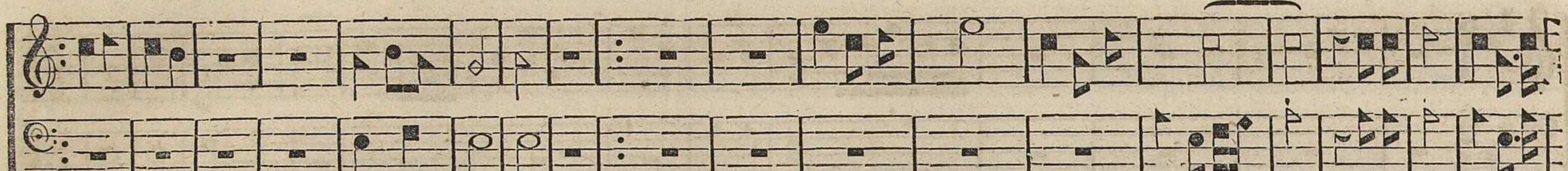


The Lord is ris'n in - deed! Hal - - le - lujah!

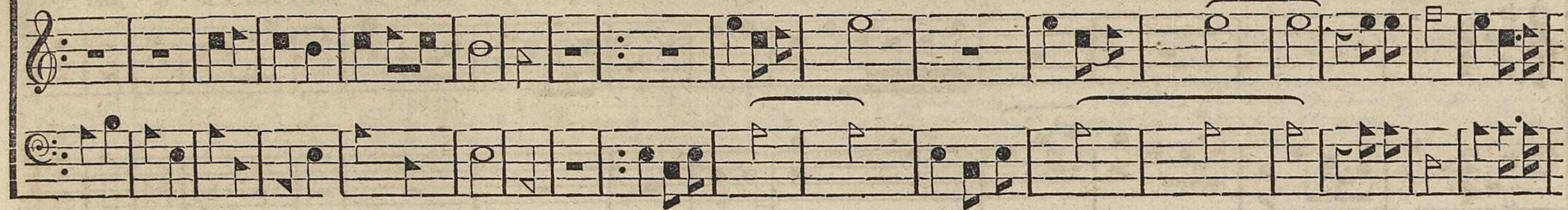


Now is Christ ris'n from the dead, And become the first-fruit of them that slept. Now is Christ, &c.

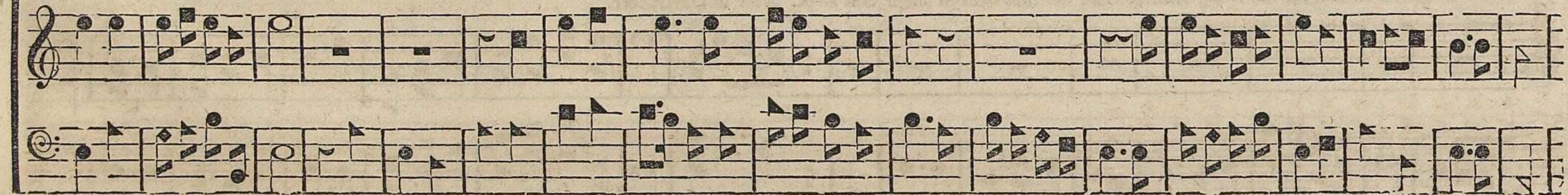


EASTER ANTHEM. *Continued*

Halle - lujah, halle - lujah, halle - lu - jah. And did he rise ? And did he rise ? And did he rise ? did he rise ? hear it, ye



nations ! hear it, O ye dead ! He rose, :: :: :: He burst the bars of death ! :: :: :: And triumph'd o'er the grave.



EASTER ANTHEM. *Continued*

191

Then, then, then I rose, then I rose, then I rose, then first hu-

manity triumphant past the crystal ports of light, and seiz'd e - ter - nal youth.
1 2
Man all im - mortal hail,

EASTER ANTHEM, *Concluded.*

hail, Heaven, all lavish of strange gifts to man, Thine's all the glory, man's the boundless *bliss*; Thine's all the glory, man's the boundless *bliss*.

JUDGMENT ANTHEM.

Morgan.

Hark, hark, hark, ye mortals, hear the trumpet, Sounding loud the mighty roar, Hark, the archangel's voice proclaiming, Thou, old time, shall be no more

JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continuea.*

193

His loud trumpet, His loud trumpet rends the tombs; Ye dead, awake. See the purple banner flying, Hear the judgment chariot roll.

roll ; Hear the sound of Christ victorious, Lo, he breaks through yonder cloud, Midst ten thousand

JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued.*

Slow.

Lively.

thousand :::: :::: saints and angels, see the cru - ci - fi - ed shine: Is that he who died on Calv'ry, That was pierced with the spear? Tell us,

seraphs, you that wonder'd; See, he rises thro' the air, Hail him, :::: :::: O yes, 'tis Jesus, Hallelujah, hallelujah, hallelujah, O yes, 'tis Jesus,

JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued.*

195

Very lively.

Slow and grave.

Two staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 2-3 show a transition. Measure 4 begins with a piano dynamic. The lyrics "O, O come quickly, O come quickly, O come quickly," are written under the first three measures. The lyrics "come quickly, Hallelujah, come, Lord, come." are written under the fourth measure. The lyrics "Happy, happy" are written under the fifth measure. Measure 6 concludes with a forte dynamic.

Soft.

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses a bass clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 1-5 are mostly rests. Measures 6-7 show a transition with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measures 8-9 conclude with a forte dynamic. The lyrics "mourners, happy mourners, happy mourners," are written under the first two measures. The lyrics "Lo, in clouds he comes, he comes, View him smiling, Now determin'd every evil to destroy, All ye nations" are written under the third and fourth measures.

JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued.*

Loud.



now shall sing him songs of ever - lasting joy. Now redemption long expected, See the solemn pomp appear, All his people, once rejected, Now shall meet him

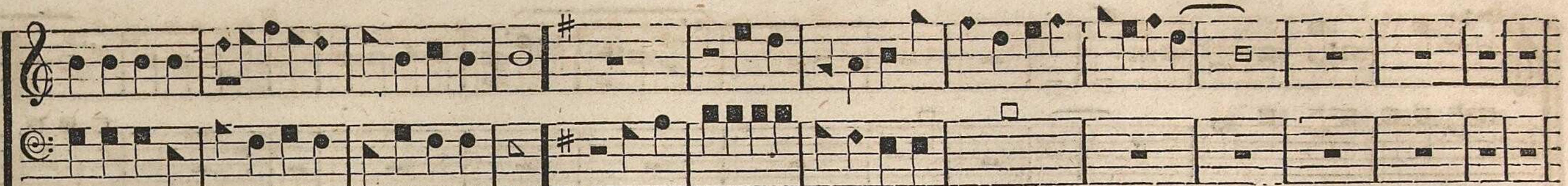


in the air. Halle - lujah ! halle - lujah ! welcome, welcome, bleeding Lamb. Now his merit by the harpers, Thro' th' eternal deep resounds. Now re-

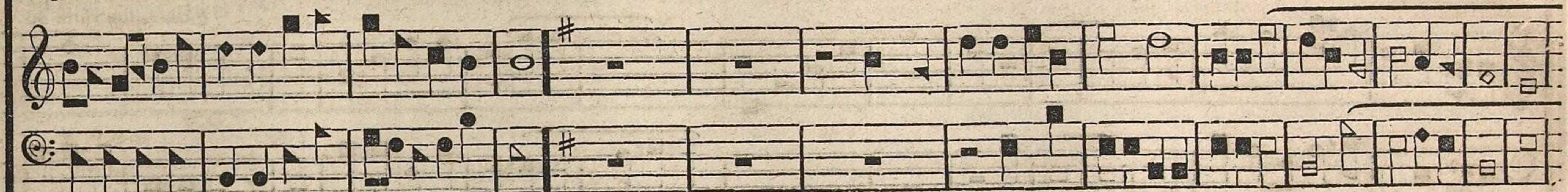


JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued.*

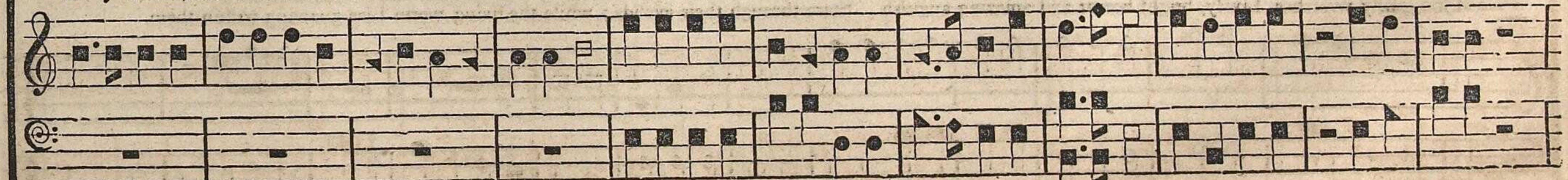
97



splendent shine his nail prints, ev'ry eye shall see the wound, They who pierced him shall at his appearance wail.



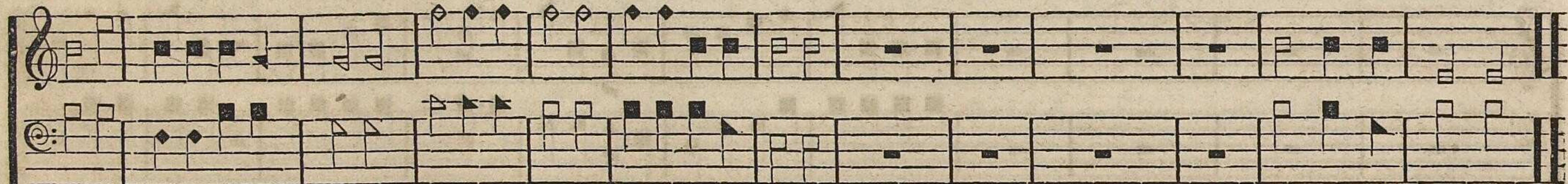
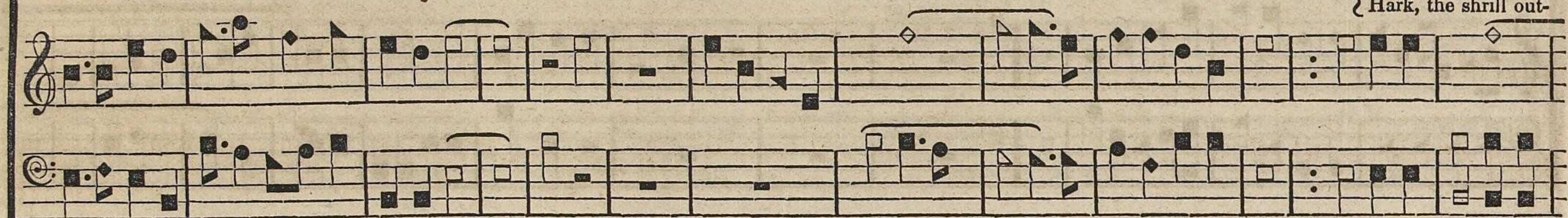
Ev'ry island, sea and mountain, Heav'n and earth shall flee away ; All who hate him must ashamed Hear the trump proclaim the day, Come to judgment, :||:



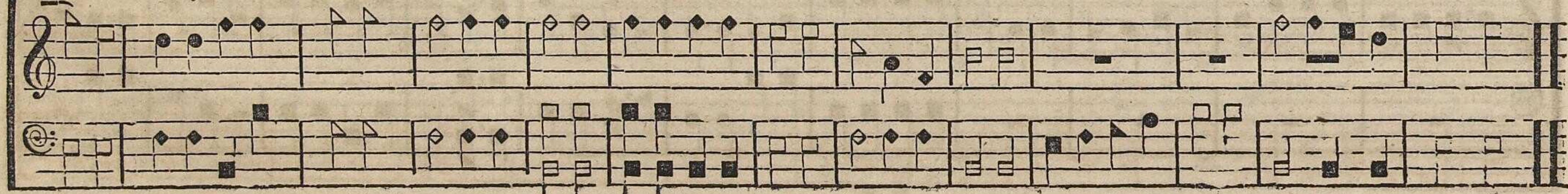
JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued.*

Come to judgment, Stand before the Son of man. Hark ! hark ! the archangel swells the solemn summons loud,

{ Tears the strong pil-
Hark, the shrill out-



lars of the vaults of heaven, Breaks up old marble, the repose of princes ; See the graves open and the bones arising, Flames all around them.
cries of the guilty wretches, Lively, bright horror and amazing anguish Stare through their eyelids ; while the living worm Lies gnawing within them.



JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Continued*

-99

See the Judge's hand arising, Fill'd with vengeance on his foes.

Down to hell, there's no redemption, Ev'ry Christless soul must go, Down to hell, depart ::: ::: be cursed into everlasting flames.

Very slow and soft.

Brisk.

Lively and loud.

Hear the Saviour's words of mercy, Come, ye ransom'd sinners, come ; To the palace of your God. { See the souls that earth despised, In ce-
Swift and joyful on your journey, Joy celestial, hymns harmonious, In soft

JUDGMENT ANTHEM. *Concluded.*

lestial glories move, Hallelujah, big with wonder, Praising Christ's eternal love ; Hallelujah, hallelujah, echo through the realms of light.
symphony resound : Angels, seraphs, harps, and trumpets, Swell the sweet angelic sound; Hail, Almighty, ::: Great, eternal Lord, Amen.



ROSE OF SHARON.

Sol. Song ii. Billings.

A musical score for a solo voice (Sol. Song ii.) in common time, common key. The music is divided into two staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef and a '2' over the staff, indicating a melodic line. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef and a '2' over the staff, indicating an harmonic or bass line. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

I am the rose of Sharon, and the lily of the valley;

I am the rose of Sharon, and the li - ly of the valley,

A continuation of the musical score for the Rose of Sharon solo song. It consists of two staves of music, each with a treble clef and a common time signature. The music continues from where it left off, featuring a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measures 1 through 12 are shown, ending with a final cadence on a double bar line.

ROSE OF SHARON. *Continued*

201

Musical score for the first two staves of 'Rose of Sharon'. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff a bass clef, and the third staff a soprano clef. The music consists of mostly quarter notes and rests.

As the lily among the thorns, so is my love among the daughters ; As the apple tree, the apple tree a - mong the trees of the wood,

Musical score for the last two staves of 'Rose of Sharon'. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff a bass clef, and the third staff a soprano clef. The music features various note heads including solid black dots, open circles, and diagonal hatching.

so is my be - loved among the sons, so is my be - loved among the sons. I sat down un - der his shadow with great delight.

ROSE OF SHARON. *Continued.*

And his fruit was sweet to my taste; And his fruit, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.

And his fruit was sweet to my taste.

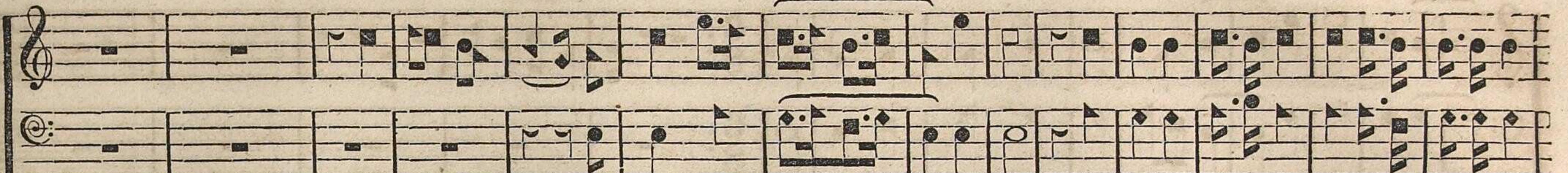
And his fruit, and his fruit was sweet to my taste, And his fruit, and his fruit, &c.

He brought me to the banqueting house,

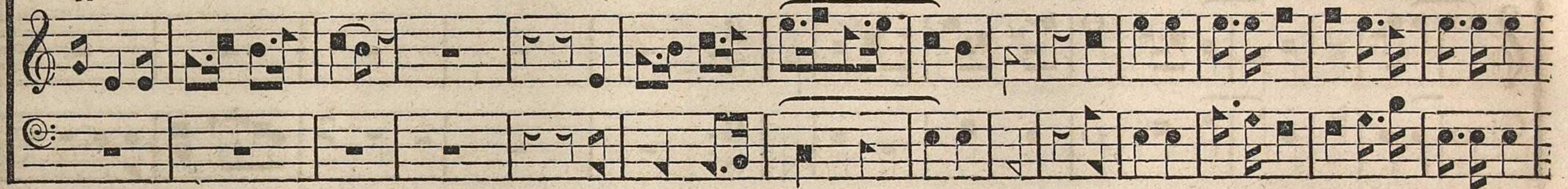
his banner over me was love, He brought me to the banqueting house, his banner over me was love. Stay me with flagons, comfort me with

ROSE OF SHARON. *Continued.*

203



apples, For I am sick, for I am sick, for I am sick of love: I charge you, O ye daughters of Je - rusalem,



By the roes, and by the hinds of the field, That you stir not up, nor a-



ROSE OF SHARON. *Continued.*

wake, awake, a - wake, a - wake, my love, till he please.
The voice of my be - loved, Be - hold ! he cometh,

leaping upon the mountains, skipping, :: :: leaping upon the mountains, skipping upon the hills. My beloved spake, and

ROSE OF SHARON. *Continued*

205

Musical notation for two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure endings are indicated by a circled '6' or '4'. The lyrics are:

said unto me, Rise up, rise up, rise up, rise up, my love, my fair one, and come away. For lo, the winter is

Musical notation for two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure endings are indicated by a circled '6' or '4'. The lyrics are:

past, the rain is over and gone. For lo, &c. the rain is o ver, the

ROSE OF SHARON. *Concluded.*

rain is over, the rain is over and gone. For lo, &c.

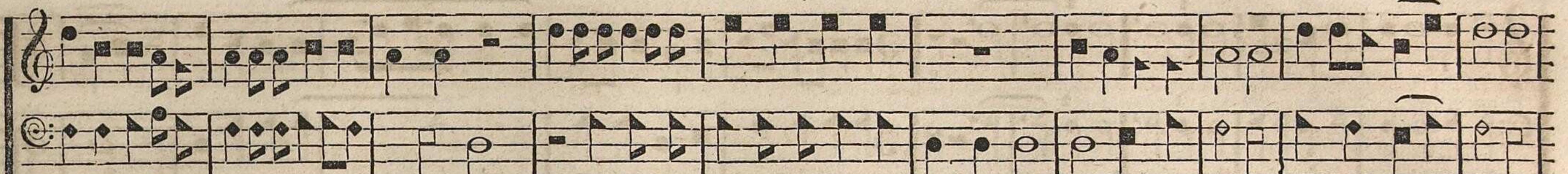
HEAVENLY VISION.

Taken from Rev. v. 11. * Billings.

I beheld, and *lo* a great multitude, which no man could number, Thousands of thousands, and ten times thousands, thousands, &c.

HEAVENLY VISION. *Continued.*

20^r



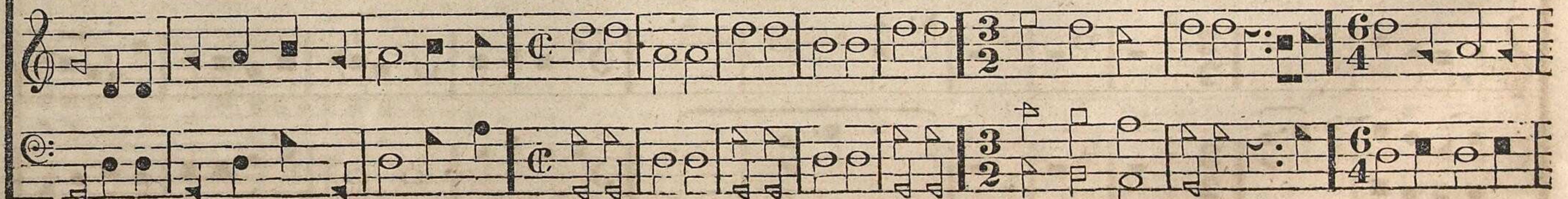
thousands of thousands, and ten times thousands, Thousands, &c.

Stood before the Lamb, and they had palms in their



hands, and they cease not day nor night, saying,

Holy, holy, holy, holy, holy, Lord God Al - mighty, Which was, and is, and



HEAVENLY VISION. *Continua*

The musical score consists of two staves of music, each with four measures. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 1 of both staves features eighth-note patterns. Measures 2 and 3 show more complex rhythms, including sixteenth notes and rests. Measure 4 concludes with a final cadence. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staff lines:

is to come, Which was, &c.

And I heard a mighty angel fly - - ing through the midst of heav'n,

crying with a loud voice, We wo, wo, wo,

Be unto the earth by reason of the trumpet which is

HEAVENLY VISION. *Continued.*

209

A musical score for two voices or instruments, featuring two staves of music with various note heads and stems. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes in two sections. The first section of lyrics is: "yet to sound. And when the last trumpet sounded, the great men and nobles, rich men and poor, bond and free, gathered themselves to-". The second section of lyrics is: "gether, and cried to the rocks and mountains to fall up - on them, and hide them from the face of Him that sitteth on the throne,". The page number 16 is located at the bottom left of the music staff.

yet to sound. And when the last trumpet sounded, the great men and nobles, rich men and poor, bond and free, gathered themselves to-

gether, and cried to the rocks and mountains to fall up - on them, and hide them from the face of Him that sitteth on the throne,

16

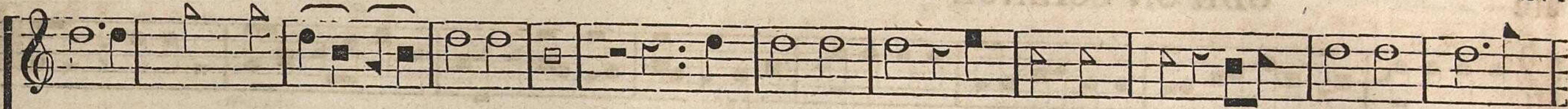
For the great day of the Lord is come, and who shall be able to stand ? And who shall be a - ble to stand ?

ODE ON SCIENCE. Sharp Key on G.

The morn - ing sun shines from the east, And spreads his glo - ries to the west, All nations with his beams are

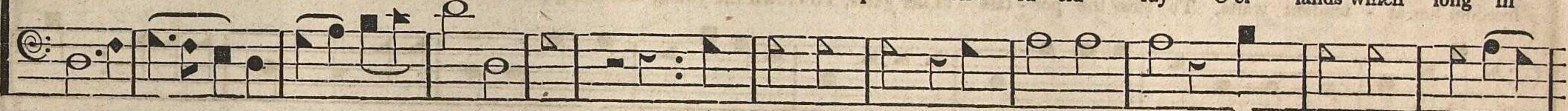
ODE ON SCIENCE. *Continued.*

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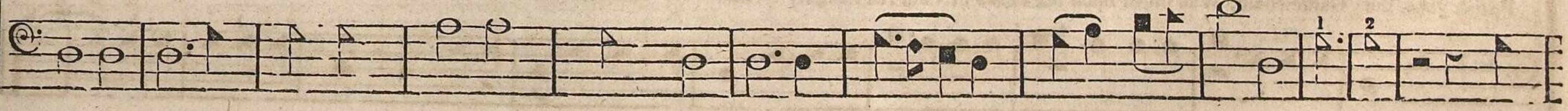


blest, Where'er the ra - diant light appears.

So sci - ence spreads her lu - cid ray O'er lands which long in



darkness lay; She vi - sits fair Co - lum - bi - a, And sets her sons a - mong the stars. Fair



ODE ON SCIENCE *Concluded*

A musical score for two voices or instruments. The top staff is in common time with a treble clef, and the bottom staff is in common time with an alto clef. Both staves feature a mix of solid black notes and square-shaped notes with small stems. The lyrics for this section are:

freedom her at - tendant waits, To bless the por - tals of her gates, To crown the young and rising states With laurels of im - mortal day : The

A musical score for two voices or instruments, continuing from the previous section. The top staff is in common time with a treble clef, and the bottom staff is in common time with an alto clef. The music consists of two staves of six measures each, followed by a repeat sign with '1' over the top staff and '2' over the bottom staff. The lyrics for this section are:

British yoke, the Gallic chain, Was urged upon our necks in vain, All haughty tyrants we disdain, And shout, Long live A - me - ri - ca.

DAVID'S LAMENTATION.

2 Sam. xviii. 33.

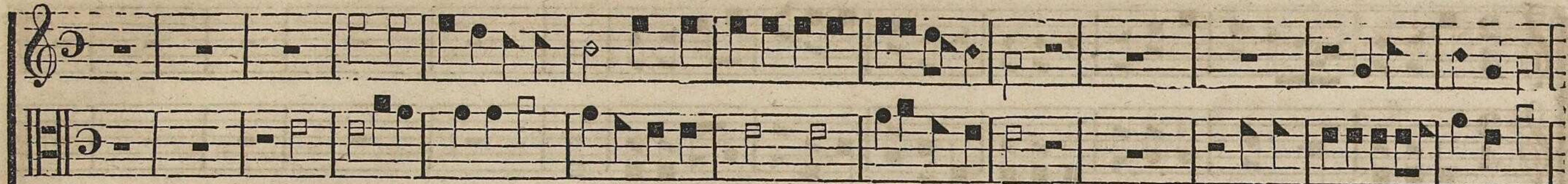
Billings

213

Musical score for David's Lamentation, featuring two staves of music in common time (indicated by '2' over '4'). The top staff uses a treble clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with rests indicated by vertical dashes. A vocal line is provided below the music, starting with "David the king was grieved and moved, He went to his chamber, his chamber, and wept; And as he went he wept, and said,"

Musical score for David's Lamentation, featuring two staves of music in common time (indicated by '2' over '4'). The top staff uses a treble clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with rests indicated by vertical dashes. A vocal line is provided below the music, starting with "O my son! :: Would to God I had died, :: :: For thee, O Absalom, my son, my son!"

FAREWELL ANTHEM.



My friends,

I am going, I am going a long and

My friends, I am going a long and tedious jour - ney,

Never to return ; I am going a long journey, never to return. I am

tedious journey, Never to return. I am going a long journey, Never to re - turn. Never to re - turn. Never to re - turn. Never to re -

going a long journey, Never to return. I am going a long journey, Never to re - turn. Never to return.

FAREWELL ANTHEM. *Continued*

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Turn; never, never, never, to re - turn; Fare you well, my friends. :::
never to re - turn. never, never to re - turn; Fare you well, my friends.

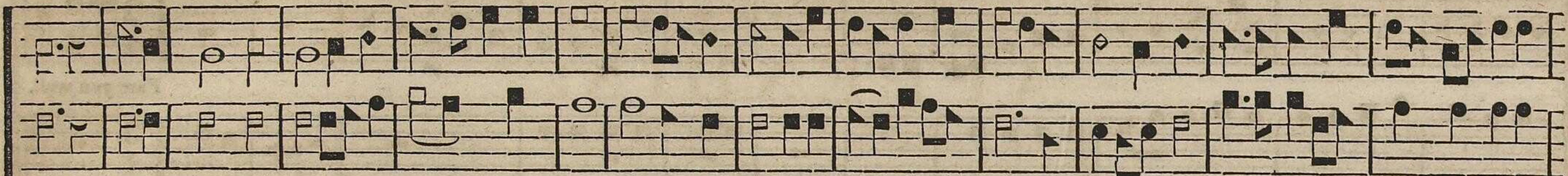
The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last two are in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2' over a '4'). The music includes various note heads (diamonds, squares, circles) and rests. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the two parts of the melody.

Fare you well, my friends, And God grant we may meet together in that world a - bove,
Where trouble shall cease and harmony shall abound,

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last is in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2' over a '4'). The music includes various note heads (diamonds, squares, circles) and rests. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the third part of the melody.

Whole Number of Pages
including Gamut, 248.

FAREWELL ANTHEM. *Concluded*



hark ! hark ! my dear friends, for death hath call'd me, And I must go, and lie down in the cold and silent grave, Where the mourners cease from mourning,



and the pris'ner is set free ; Where the rich and the poor are both alike ; Fare you well, my friends.

