

Alte Musik

FÜR VERSCHIEDENE INSTRUMENTE

Leuckartiana

- Nr. 1 **Bach, Carl Philipp Emanuel** (1714—1788) Sonata (G-dur) a due Violini e Basso
Für zwei Violinen und Klavier herausgegeben von Bruno Hinze-Reinhold no. RM. 4.—
- Nr. 2 **Bach, Carl Philipp Emanuel** (1714—1788) Sonata (B-dur) a due Violini e Basso
Für zwei Violinen und Klavier herausgegeben und bearbeitet von Georg Schumann no. RM. 4.—
- Nr. 3 **Fasch, Johann Friedrich** (1688—1758) Sonata (D-dur) a tre, Canon a 2
Violino e Viola (oder 2. Violine) con Cembalo herausgegeben von Albert Kranz no. RM. 3.50
- Nr. 4 **Telemann, Georg Philipp** (1681—1767) Concerto a Flauto traverso
Violino I, II, Viola, Violoncello (Fagotto I), Basso (Fagotto II) e Continuo (Cembalo) herausgegeben
von W. Hinnenthal
Partitur (Cembalo) no. RM. 4.80 Flötenstimme no. RM. 1.60 Streicherstimmen je no. RM. 1.—
- Nr. 5 **Vogel, Johann Christoph** (1756—1788) Konzertante Sinfonie in C-dur
Für Oboe, Fagott und kleines Orchester herausgegeben von Günther Weigelt
Partitur no. RM. 8.— Soföstimmen je no. RM. 1.80 Orchesterstimmen no. RM. 10.—
- Nr. 6 **Haydn, Joseph** (1732—1809) Konzert (D-dur) für Flöte und Streichorchester
herausgegeben von Alexander Kowatschew Klavierauszug mit Solostimme no. RM. 3.50
Partitur no. RM. 6.50 Violine I, II je no. RM. 2.— Viola, Cello / Baß je no. RM. 1.50
- Nr. 7 **Nardini, Pietro** (1722—1793) Konzert (e-moll) für Violine und Orchester (komp. 1760)
eingesetzt von M. Hauser und Hans Sitt, Solostimme von Gustav Havemann
Partitur no. RM. 8.— Orchesterstimmen no. RM. 8.— Klavierauszug mit Solostimme no. RM. 3.—
- Nr. 8 **Tartini, Giuseppe** (1692—1770) Konzert (E-dur) für Violine und Streichorchester
herausgegeben und mit Schlußkadenz versehen von Clemens Meyer
Violine I, II je no. RM. 1.— Viola, Cello je no. RM. —.50 Klavierauszug mit Solostimme no. RM. 3.—
- Nr. 9 **Bach, Carl Philipp Emanuel** (1714—1788) Konzert (B-dur) für Oboe oder Flöte
mit Streichorchester und Cembalo herausgegeben von Oskar Kaul. In Vorbereitung



EIGENTUM DES VERLEGERS FÜR ALLE LÄNDER

Leipzig, Verlag von F. E. C. Leuckart

VORWORT

Das vorliegende Violinkonzert von Pietro Nardini (1722-1793), einem Schüler Tartinis, wurde erstmalig von M. Hauser im Jahre 1880 bei F.E. C. Leuckart, Leipzig, veröffentlicht. Die Einrichtung des Orchestermaterials übernahm Hans Sitt. Nicht zuletzt dank seines besonders fesselnden, sehr innigen langsamen Satzes bürgerte es sich rasch bei den konzertierenden Geigern ein. Seine besonderen instruktiven Vorzüge veranlaßten seine Aufnahme in die Unterrichtspläne zahlreicher Konservatorien und Musikschulen. So konnte schon 1904 eine neue Ausgabe für Klavier und Violine von K. Nowotny herausgebracht werden, der bereits 1911 die neue und sorgfältige Revision von Prof. Gustav Havemann folgte.

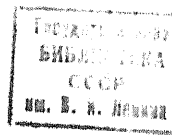
Zahlreiche Anfragen bewogen den Verlag von diesem beliebten Violinkonzert nunmehr auch eine Orchester-Partitur herauszugeben. Somit dürfte für die Praxis die Aufführung des dankbaren Werkes für Geiger und Dirigenten im Konzertsaal und bei Schüler-Konzerten, in Konservatorien und Musikschulen eine wesentliche Erleichterung erfahren haben

F.E. C. Leuckart

Orchesterbesetzung:

2 Flöten, 2 Oboen, 2 Fagotte, 2 Hörner, Streichquintett

Aufführungsdauer 13 Minuten



217552-57

Aufführungsrecht
vorbehalten

Konzert für Violine und Orchester

in e moll (komp.1760)

Pietro Nardini (1722 - 1793)

eingesetzt von M. Hauser
und Hans Sitt

Solistimme von Gustav Havemann

Allegro moderato $\text{♩} = 92$

I Flöte *ff*
 II Flöte *ff*
 I Oboe *ff*
 II Oboe *ff*
 I Fagott *ff*
 II Fagott *ff*
 I Horn in F
 II Horn in F *ff*
 Solo Violine
 I Violine *ff* *energico*
 II Violine *ff* *energico*
 Viola *ff* *energico*
 Violoncello *ff* *energico*
 Kontrabass *ff* *energico*

I Hr. II

p

p

Solo

f *energico*

2^{me} Corde heftig

I Viol. II

mf

mf

Vla.

mf

Vcll.

mf

Kb.

mf

3^{me} Corde

Solo

p *espressivo*

f

I Viol. II

p

mf

mf

Vla.

p

mf

Vcll.

p

mf

Kb.

p

mf

First system:

- I Hr. II: *pp*
- Solo: *p dolce*
- I Viol. II: *p*
- Vla.: *p*
- Vcll. Kb.: *pizz. p*

Second system:

- Solo: *sul A*
- I Viol. II: *p*
- Vla.: *p*
- Vcll. Kb.: *arco p*

Double bar line with repeat sign.

Third system:

- Solo: *sul A*
- I Viol. II: *p*
- Vla.: *p*
- Vcll. Kb.: *arco p*

I
Fag.

II

I
Hr.

II

Solo

2me Corde

I
Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

Solo

p

crescendo

f

3

tr

1.

I

Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

f

mf

2.

I Fl. *pp*

II Fl. *pp*

I Ob. *pp*

II Ob. *pp*

I Hr. *p*

II Hr. *p*

Solo *f* *f* *mf* *cresc.*

I Viol. *mf* *cresc.*

II Viol. *mf* *cresc.*

Vla. *mf* *cresc.*

Vcll. *mf* *cresc.*

Kb. *mf* *cresc.*

FE.C.L.3484

I Fl. *p* *mf*

II Fl. *p* *mf*

I Ob. *mf*

II Ob. *mf*

I Fag. *p*

II Fag. *p*

I Hr. *p*

II Hr. *p*

Solo *f*

I Viol. *f*

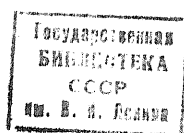
II Viol. *f*

Vla. *f*

Vcll. *f*

Kb. *f*

F.E.C.L.3484



I Fl. *p*

II Fl. *p*

I Ob. *p*

II Ob. *p*

Solo *mf* *cal.* *p dolce*

I Viol. *p* *dim.*

II Viol. *p* *dim.*

Vla. *p*

Vcll. *p*

Kb. *p*

Solo *f* *cresc.* *ff*

I Viol. *f* *ff*

II Viol. *f* *ff*

Vla. *f* *ff*

Vcll. *f* *ff*

Kb. *f* *ff*

2^{me} Corde

1^{me} Corde

2^{me} Corde

3^{me} Corde

Solo

Viol. I

Viol. II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

p *espressivo*

3^{me} Corde

Solo

Viol. I

Viol. II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

mf *p dolce*

Fl. I

Ob. I

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

Fl. I

Ob. I

I Hr.

II

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

p

p

mf

mf

cresc.

f *passionato*

f

stentando

dim.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

p

p

p

p

p

p

a tempo

Solo *pp* *cresc.*

Viol. I *pp* *cresc.*

Viol. II *pp* *cresc.*

Vla. *pp* *cresc.*

Vcll. *pp* *cresc.*

Kb. *pp* *cresc.*

Hr. I

Hr. II

Solo *f* *ritard.* *4me Corde* *f* *largamente*

Viol. I *f* *ritenuto*

Viol. II *f* *ritenuto*

Vla. *f* *ritenuto*

Vcll. *f* *ritenuto*

Kb. *f* *ritenuto*

Andante cantabile $\text{♩} = 69$

Solo *p dolce e semplice*

I Violine *con sordini p*

II Violine *con sordini p*

Viola *con sordini p*

Violoncello *con sordini p*

Kontrabass *con sordini p*

immer gehalten pp

immer gehalten pp

immer gehalten pp

Solo *p*

2^{me} Corde

I Viol. *immer gehalten pp*

II Viol. *immer gehalten pp*

Vla. *immer gehalten pp*

Vcll.

Kb.

cresc. - -

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

pp

f

3

1.

2.

2^{me} Corde

p

p

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

pp

pp

pp

2^{me} Corde

pp

Solo

pp

I

Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

Solo

mf

p

mf

dim.

I

Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

p

pp

pp

pp

pp

Tempo

3^{me} Corde

Solo *tr* *pp* *cal.* *p* *poco*

Viol. I

Viol. II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb. *pp*

animato

Solo *cresc.* *f* *4^{me} Corde* *f* *rall.* *tr*

Viol. I *ritenuto*

Viol. II *ritenuto*

Vla. *ritenuto*

Vcll. *ritenuto*

Kb. *ritenuto* *p*

Allegretto giocoso $\text{♩} = 66$

Flöte

Oboe

Fagott

I
Horn
in F
II

Solo

I
Violine
II

Viola

Violon-
cello

Kontra
bass

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f*

Score for page 19, featuring various instruments. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The instruments and their parts are:

- Fl. I & II:** Flute I and Flute II. Both parts start with a whole rest, then play a half note G4 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*).
- Ob. I & II:** Oboe I and Oboe II. Both parts start with a whole rest, then play a half note G4 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*).
- Fag. I & II:** Bassoon I and Bassoon II. Both parts start with a whole rest, then play a half note G3 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A3 (marked *p*).
- Hr. I & II:** Horn I and Horn II. Both parts start with a whole rest, then play a half note G4 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*).
- Solo:** Solo part. Starts with a half note G4 (marked *p*), followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*), then a half note B4 (marked *f*), and finally a half note C5 (marked *spicc.*).
- Viol. I & II:** Violin I and Violin II. Both parts start with a whole rest, then play a half note G4 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*).
- Vla:** Viola. Starts with a whole rest, then plays a half note G4 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A4 (marked *p*).
- Vcll.:** Violoncello. Starts with a whole rest, then plays a half note G3 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A3 (marked *p*).
- Kb:** Keyboard. Starts with a whole rest, then plays a half note G3 (marked *p*) followed by a half note A3 (marked *p*).

Score for page 20, featuring woodwinds, brass, solo, and strings. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4.

Woodwinds:

- Flutes (Fl.):** I and II. I plays a melodic line with *p* and *pp* dynamics. II plays a similar line with *p* dynamics.
- Oboes (Ob.):** I and II. I plays a melodic line with *f* and *pp* dynamics. II is mostly silent.
- Bassoons (Fag.):** I and II. Both play a simple rhythmic pattern.

Brass:

- Horns (Hr.):** I and II. I plays a melodic line with *p* dynamics. II plays a similar line with *p* dynamics.

Solo: A single melodic line with *p* dynamics, featuring various ornaments and trills.

Strings:

- Violins (Viol.):** I and II. I plays a fast, rhythmic pattern. II plays a similar line with *p* dynamics.
- Viola (Vla.):** Plays a melodic line with *p* dynamics.
- Cello (Vcll.):** Plays a melodic line with *p* dynamics.
- Double Bass (Kb.):** Plays a melodic line with *f* and *p* dynamics, including a *pizz.* (pizzicato) section.

Score for page 21, featuring woodwinds, brass, solo, strings, and keyboard. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The instruments are arranged in the following order from top to bottom:

- Fl. I and II (Flutes)
- Ob. I and II (Oboes)
- Fag. I and II (Bassoons)
- Hr. I and II (Horns)
- Solo (Soloist)
- Viol. I and II (Violins)
- Vla. (Viola)
- Vcll. (Violoncello)
- Kb. (Keyboard)

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (*mf*, *f*, *p*). The Solo part features a melodic line with a trill and a grace note. The string section (Violins, Viola, Violoncello, and Keyboard) plays a rhythmic pattern, with the Keyboard part marked *arco* (arco). The woodwinds and brass parts have specific melodic lines, with some parts marked *f* (forte).

Solo *p*

I *p*

Viol. II *pp*

Vla. *p*

Vcll. *p*

Kb. *p*

Fl. I *p*

Ob. I *p*

I *p*

Hr. II *p*

Solo *cresc.*

I *mf cresc.*

Viol. II *mf cresc.*

Vla. *mf cresc.*

Vcll. *mf cresc.*

Kb. *mf cresc.*

f

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

Score for page 24, featuring woodwinds, brass, strings, and solo.

Woodwinds (Flute I, Flute II, Oboe I, Oboe II, Bassoon I, Bassoon II): All parts are marked with rests throughout the section.

Brass (Horn I, Horn II): Horn I and II parts are marked with rests throughout the section.

Solo: The Solo part features a melodic line starting with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section, and concluding with a staccato (*spicc.*) section.

Strings (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, Kontrabaß): The string section provides harmonic support with various dynamics including forte (*f*), piano (*p*), and staccato (*spicc.*).

First Flute (Fl. I) and Second Flute (Fl. II) parts in treble clef, key of D major. Both parts play a melodic line starting in the fourth measure, marked *p*.

Horn I (Hr. I) and Horn II (Hr. II) parts in treble clef. Horn I plays a melodic line starting in the fifth measure, marked *p*. Horn II plays a lower melodic line starting in the fifth measure, also marked *p*.

Solo part in treble clef, featuring a complex melodic line with trills and grace notes, marked *p* and *f*.

Violin I (Viol. I) and Violin II (Viol. II) parts in treble clef. Violin I plays a melodic line starting in the fourth measure, marked *p*. Violin II plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked *p*.

Viola (Vla.) part in alto clef, playing a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked *p*.

Violoncello (Vcll.) and Double Bass (Kb.) parts in bass clef. Both parts play a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked *p*.

Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *f* (forte) throughout the score.

Solo

Fag. {

==

[illegible]

Score for page 28, featuring woodwinds, brass, solo, and strings. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into systems, with each system containing staves for different instruments.

Woodwinds:

- Flutes (Fl.):** I and II. Both parts are mostly rests, with some notes in measures 5 and 6.
- Oboes (Ob.):** I and II. Both parts are mostly rests, with some notes in measures 5 and 6.
- Bassoons (Fag.):** I and II. Both parts are mostly rests, with some notes in measures 5 and 6.

Brass:

- Horns (Hr.):** I and II. Both parts are mostly rests, with some notes in measures 5 and 6.

Solo:

- Solo:** A single staff with a melodic line. Dynamics include *p*, *f*, and *spicc.*

Strings:

- Violins (Viol.):** I and II. Both parts are mostly rests, with some notes in measures 5 and 6.
- Viola (Vla.):** A single staff with a melodic line. Dynamics include *p* and *f*.
- Violoncello (Vcll.):** A single staff with a melodic line. Dynamics include *p* and *f*.
- Double Bass (Kb.):** A single staff with a melodic line. Dynamics include *p* and *f*.

This musical score page, numbered 29, contains staves for various instruments and a solo part. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4. The instruments and their parts are as follows:

- Flutes (Fl.):** I and II. Both parts begin with a *p* (piano) dynamic and feature melodic lines with slurs.
- Oboes (Ob.):** I and II. Both parts begin with a *f* (forte) dynamic. The I part has a more active melodic line than the II part.
- Bassoons (Fag.):** I and II. Both parts begin with a *p* dynamic and feature lower, more sustained melodic lines.
- Horns (Hr.):** I and II. Both parts begin with a *p* dynamic and feature sustained, harmonic lines.
- Solo:** A single staff with a melodic line starting on a *p* dynamic and ending with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking.
- Violins (Viol.):** I and II. Both parts begin with a *p* dynamic and feature active, rhythmic patterns. The I part includes trills (*tr*) and crescendos (*cresc.*).
- Viola (Vla.):** A single staff with a melodic line starting on a *p* dynamic and including trills and crescendos.
- Violoncello (Vcll.):** A single staff with a melodic line starting on a *p* dynamic and including trills and crescendos.
- Double Bass (Kb.):** A single staff with a melodic line starting on a *f* dynamic and including trills and crescendos.

The score is written for a full orchestra with woodwinds, strings, and a soloist. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *f* (forte), with specific markings for crescendo and trills.

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

f

I Fl.

II

I Fag.

II

Solo

I Viol.

II

Vla.

Vcll.

Kb.

pp

pp

pp

pp

p

p

p

p

p

cresc.

f

I Fl.
 II Fl.
 I Ob.
 II Ob.
 I Fag.
 II Fag.
 I Hr.
 II Hr.
 Solo
 I Viol.
 II Viol.
 Vla.
 Vcll.
 Kb.

The score is for page 31 of a musical work. It features a woodwind section (Flutes I & II, Oboes I & II, Bassoons I & II, Horns I & II), a Solo part, a string section (Violins I & II, Viola, Violoncello, and Kontrabaß), and a Keyboard part. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The Solo part includes an *Ossia* section. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). The score is marked with a double bar line at the end of the first system.