

1

ORGANO:
**S V O N A T E
DA CHIESA**

A Due Violini, e Violone, ò Tiorba
con il suo Basso Continuo per l' Organo

Del Signor Gio: Maria Ruggieri

CONSACRATE

**A SVA ECCELLENZA
IL SIGNOR**

FRANCESCO PIO
DI SAVOGIA PRENCIPE DI S. GREGORIO &c.

Opera Terza,



IN VENETIA. Da Giuseppe Sala. 1693.

2
ORGANO
S A V O N A T E
D A C H I E S A

A D'Ac' Alolli e Viojone o Tiojoli
con il suo Basilo Contuino per P' Orsiato

D'Alzola Giacchino Raffaele

CONSEGURATE

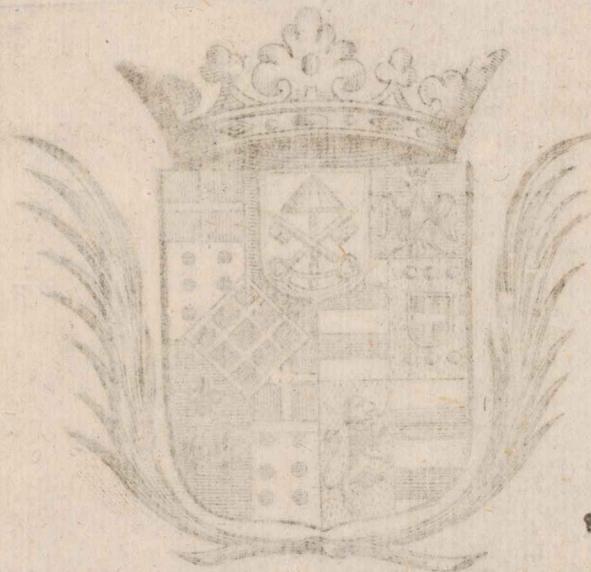
A S A E C C E L L E N Z A

H SIGNOR

F R A N C E S C O P I O

DI SAVOIA PRINCIPE DI S. GREGORIO ecc.

Obras Teatra



INVENIT A. D. Giuseppe Savoia 1803.

ECCELLENZA ILLVSTRISSIMA

P. Petrucci de le Venezie

D. HB. A.

Per sopprimere gl'insidiosi orgogli de s'perbi Aristarchi, che potessero appena nato lacerare questo mio debole parto, hò ardito di farlo comparire à piedi di V. E. su l'ali de la mia roza penna; assicuratomi che non mi si arresteranno come fecero ad Icaro, anzi che nel auuincinarsi al Sole de l' E. V. non gli faranno trouare il naufragio frà l' onde, mà lo guideranno più aggeuolmente nel porto sicuro d'vn cortese gradimento. Sò che qual Alessandro colla spada de l'auttoreuole sua Protettione lo difenderà contro gl'arrabbiati

*L'Amorosa D'Amore, e G'inevra di Sesto
GIO: MARIA RUGGERI.*

biati morfi de l' Inuidia ; e m' assicuro che la farà da PAR
SVO nel gradire benche picciola questa mia offerta , tanto de-
bole , quanto che è fatica d' un semplice diletto . L' inoltrar-
mi poi à descriuere la REGIA FAMIGLIA di V. E. non è
cibo per il mio stile non essendo capace l' ingegno mio ne pure
di comprenderla ; non che di descriuerla ; oltre che farebbe
anco vn voler tessere panegirici al Sole che da per tutto fa
notti i suoi raggi , che tale parimente è la suprema sua PRO-
SAPIA che fattasi vedere nel più alto Cielo de le CORONE
(voglio dire nel PONTIFICATO) si diè à conoscere a
tutto il Mondo . Quindi è che venererò nel silentio co pro-
fondo ossequio de l' animo l' alte memorie de le GRANDEZ-
ZE di V. E. à cui humilmente inchinandomi le baccio
l' estremità de le Vesti

De l'E. V.

Et s' opprimeat q' inuidia o' bogli de q' quepi
Afflissioni , che bocegato spetra d' aseco secerse
d' uero mio despoles biso , io siq' io ib
conquistare à piedi di V. E. n' f' si deb' d' a
losa bestio ; ardentissimi che non mi li rite-
teranno come fecero ad Icaro , suni che nel' amicizia li g' oide
de l'E. V. non gli resistano trionse li ususq' i' f' oide
m' o' g'indisponibile più aggredibile nei botto li cito d' au-
corse g'andisimo . So che d' a' Al'g'ardio corso f'asce de
l' autorità tua p' tollerazione di q' letidio a' corso g'
asid

Humiliss: Deuotiss: e Riverentiss: Seruo
GIO: MARIA RVGGIERI.

X Continuo.

S

6 76 bs 43 5 98 7 5 4x3

6 b5 43 6 6 bs 43 76 76

6 5 9x6 6 6

7 65 x4 4x3 98 98 5

Allegro.

s 6 bs 43 98 7 x 6 7 x 5 - x 4 6 4 6

x 4 6 7 x 6 7 7 7 6 7 5

5 6 bs 43 98 7

Sonate a Trè, del Sig: Gio: Maria Ruggieri. Opera: 3. D: I

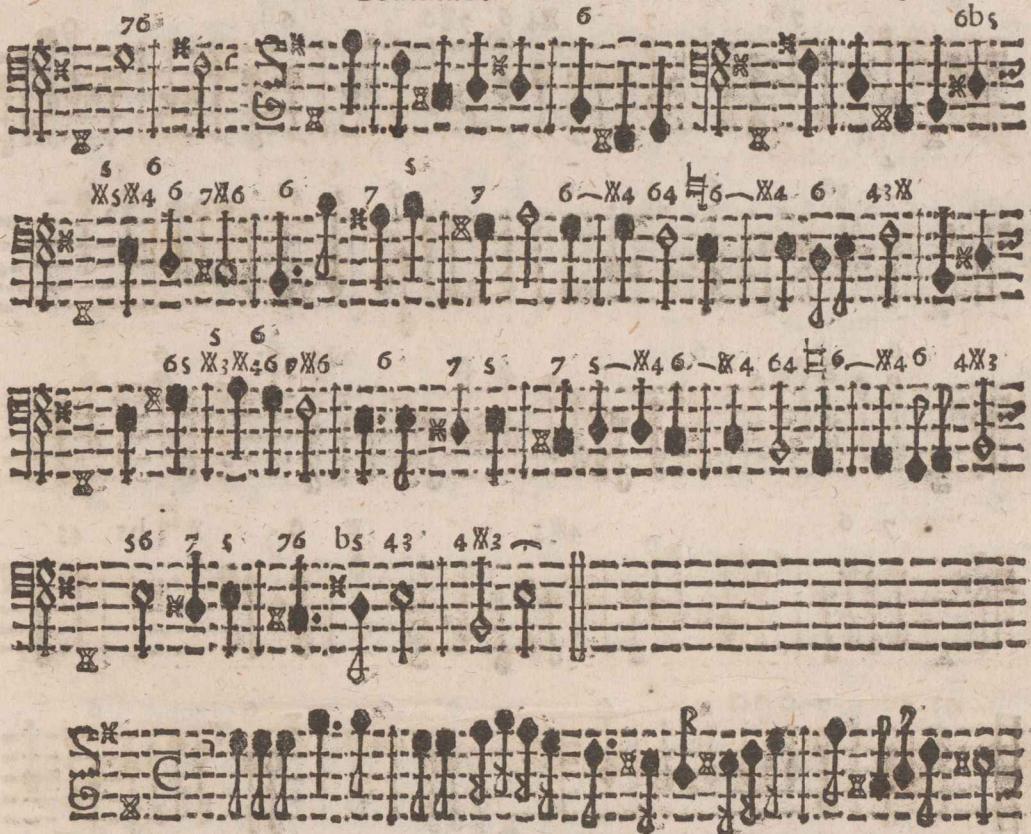
Continuo.

The image shows a handwritten musical score for a continuo instrument and piano. The score consists of six staves of music, each with a unique set of note heads and rests. The first five staves are for the continuo, with the sixth staff being for the piano. The music is written in a style that includes various note heads such as diamonds, crosses, and circles, along with rests and numerical markings like '6', '7', '5', '4', '3', and 'X'. The piano staff at the bottom features a variety of note heads and rests, with some specific markings like 'P' and 'R'. The score is written on a grid of horizontal lines, with some vertical lines separating the staves.

Piano.

Adagio.

Continuo.



Allegro.



8 Continuo.



Continuo.

This section contains two staves of handwritten musical notation. The top staff is labeled "Continuo." and the bottom staff is labeled "Piano." Both staves use a system of dots and dashes on a grid. Measures are numbered 6, 5, 6, 6, 5, 6. Specific notes are marked with "X" and "6". The piano staff includes a dynamic marking "Forte." at the end of the second measure.

Adagio.

SONATA SECONDA.

This section contains three staves of handwritten musical notation. The first staff starts with a large letter "S". The middle staff is labeled "SONATA SECONDA.". The third staff ends with a dynamic marking "Forte.". Measures are numbered 76, 75, 76, 77, 7, 75, 6, b5, 98, 5, X6. The notation uses a mix of dot-and-dash and dot-and-cross systems.

Allegro.

The musical score consists of ten staves of handwritten notation. The notation uses vertical stems and dots for note heads, with horizontal strokes indicating pitch. Numerical markings are placed above or below the stems, often with a horizontal line connecting them. Slurs and grace notes are also present. The staves are organized into two groups of five, separated by a vertical bar line.

Notable markings include:

- Staff 1: Top line has a '7' at the start, followed by a series of stems with 'X' marks.
- Staff 2: Starts with '6 X'.
- Staff 3: Starts with '7 6'.
- Staff 4: Starts with '7 X 4 6 - X 4 6 7 X 6'.
- Staff 5: Starts with '7 7 7 5 - X 4 6 X 4 6 - 4 X 6 - X 4 6'.
- Staff 6: Starts with '6'.
- Staff 7: Starts with 'X'.
- Staff 8: Starts with '6'.
- Staff 9: Starts with '7 5'.
- Staff 10: Starts with '7 X 4 X 6 - X 4 6 7 X 6'.

Continuo.

11

6 76 76 5
 6 s 76 7 5
 X X
 X6 X2 6 7 5
 6 4 6 7 X6 5 X6 6 6 5 76
 6 6 X
 7 s X4 6 5 6 X
 6 7 7 5 5 76
 7 6 7 B4 B3 Adagio,
 7 ~ 2 6 5 B6 B5 6 7 X6 5 6 X4 6 7 X6 6 8 76

Continuo.

The musical score consists of eight staves of handwritten notation. The notation is based on vertical stems with small dots or dashes indicating pitch or rhythm. Numerical markings are placed above or below the stems, often in pairs (e.g., 6, 7; 8, 9; 4, 3; 2, 1) or with 'X' and 'bs' (bassoon). The staves are separated by horizontal lines. The first staff begins with a '6' above the first stem. The second staff starts with a '4' above the first stem. The third staff begins with a '6' above the first stem. The fourth staff starts with a '7' above the first stem. The fifth staff begins with a '3' above the first stem. The sixth staff starts with a '6' above the first stem. The seventh staff begins with a '7' above the first stem. The eighth staff begins with a '6' above the first stem. The notation is dense and continuous across all staves.

Continuo.

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. Each staff begins with a clef (mostly F-clefs) and a key signature. Above each staff, specific note values are written, such as '6', '5', '4', '3', '2', and '1'. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notation uses a combination of solid dots and dashed dots to represent pitch and rhythm. The paper shows signs of age, including yellowing and some water damage on the right side.

Continuo:

Handwritten musical score for Continuo, Piano, Forte, and Adagio sections. The score consists of four staves. The first staff is labeled "Continuo". The second staff is labeled "Piano". The third staff is labeled "Forte". The fourth staff is labeled "Adagio". The music is written in a rhythmic notation using vertical stems and dots.

Adagio. 4 9 8 7
32 6 5 6 4: 76 6 b6 bbs 6 7 7 7 5

SONATA TERZA.

Handwritten musical score for Sonata Terza in three systems. The score consists of three staves. The first staff is labeled "SONATA TERZA.". The second staff is labeled "6". The third staff is labeled "6". The music is written in a rhythmic notation using vertical stems and dots. The score includes various dynamics and time signatures indicated by numbers and symbols.

15

Continuo

Piano.

Allegro.

Piano. Forte.

Piano. F. b.

piano. Forte.

P. F. P. F. D. 4

This image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. At the top, the word "Continuo" is written above a staff of music. Below it, the word "Piano." appears twice. The next section is labeled "Allegro." followed by "Piano. Forte.". This is followed by another section labeled "Piano. F. b.". The final section at the bottom is labeled "piano. Forte." and includes the letters "P. F. P. F. D. 4". The music is written on six staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines. The notation uses black dots for notes and vertical stems. Various dynamic markings are present, such as "6", "7b6", "s", "6b", "6bs", "7", "7b", "76", "667", "67", "256", and "4b". The manuscript is written in ink on aged paper.

16

Continuo.

Continuo.

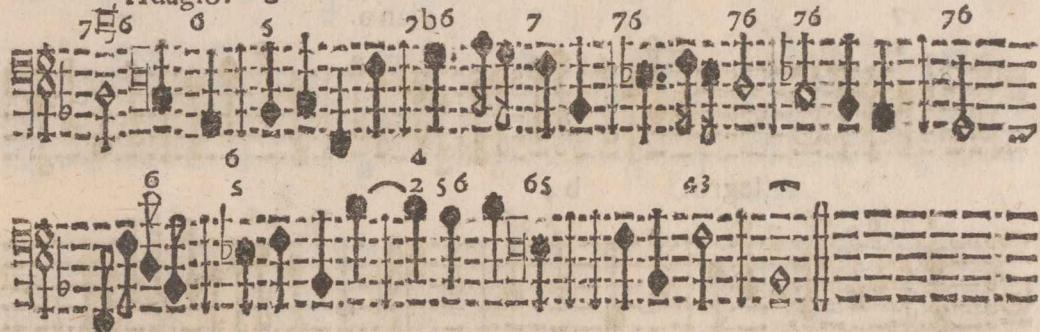
6 5 6 7b6 6 5 6 7 76 7 6 6b5 6s 6 6 7b6 7 5 6 76 7 4 6 76 6 76 56 6 P. F. 6 5 6 7b6 7 6s 6 6 7 4 6 6 7 6 7 32 56 6 6 P. F. 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 piano.

Forte. P. F. 6s 76 7 4 6 76 6 76 56 6b5 6 6 7b6 7 5 6 76 7 4 6 6 7 6 7 32 56 6 6 P. F. 7 7 7 5 7 7 7 5 piano.

Continuo.



Adagio.



Allegro.



18

Continuo.



Allegro.

b₄

4

6

6



3.2

6

6

3.2

6

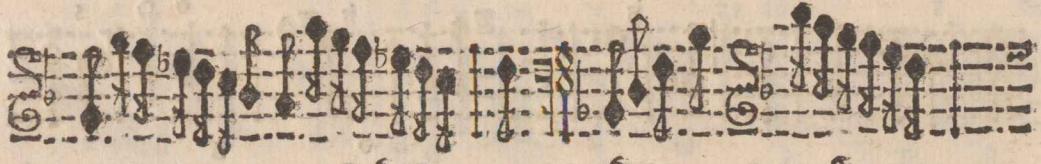


X 6

s

X

3



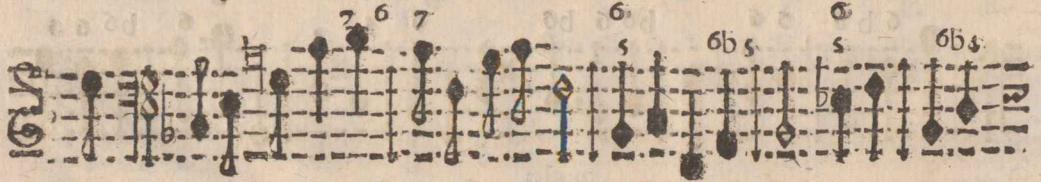
6

6

6

6

6



Continuo.

36 b6s 6 x 6
6bs 7 R 7 7 R 7
6
piaao.

Forte.

Allegro.

S

ONATA 4. Tasto solo.

6
X4 2 6 7 6 6
6 X4 6 6 2 56 98 5

Adagio.

6
X4 2 6 7 6 6
6 X4 6 6 2 56 98 5

Allegro. Tasto solo.

6
X4 2 6 7 6 6
6 X4 6 6 2 56 98 5

Adagio.

6
7 7 7 b5 43
7 65
5 6

20

Continuo.

75 X 4 6 76 7 5 65 X 4 6 43 43 1

43 43 43 76 98 43 76 43 98 6 7 7 4 3 76

76 76 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 5 43 76 76 76 76 7 5

7 6 5 6 56 7 X 6 98 76 65 76 4 X 3

X 43 43 75 4 X 3 98 76 4 X 3 76 4 X 3

56 56 98 piano. Forte.

6 7 6 7 6 76 43 43 43 75 98 43 76 43 98 6 7 7

7 7 4 3 43 piano.

4 3 43 Forte.



Sonate à Tre di Gio: Maria Ruggieri Opera. 3. D. 5

Continuo.

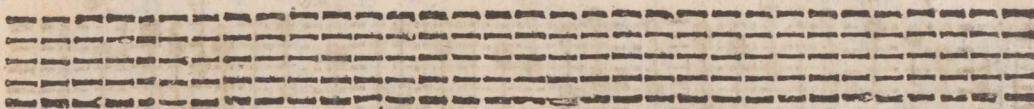
Piano.

Forte.

piano.

Forte.

6



b6 s $\frac{6}{6}$
Adagio. 34 b3 $\frac{4}{4}$ 6 7 7 7 2 98 6 $\frac{3}{3}$

S $\frac{8}{8}$ C

SONATA QVINTA. b

65 65 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 5

6 6 6 4 $\frac{3}{3}$

5 $\frac{4}{4}$ 6 7 7 7 7 b7 6 5 6 6 76 $\frac{6}{6}$

Allegro.

D s



Continuo:

25

25

4 x 4 6 s 2 4 6 b5 f 7/4 x 5 x

6 7 6s 6

4 x 2 4 3 f 98 4 3 7 5 1/2 6

b2

7/4 6 R x 4 6 7/4 6 b2 x 4 6 7 7

b

6 s 6 s 6 s 5 6 s 6 s 5 b6s f 6

6 6 6 6 6 6 x

piano.

Forte.

Continuo.

25

6



Adagio.

6 $\times 6$ 7 43 \times

b_7 7 $b_6 s$ \sim $\times 4$ 6 b_7 7 b_7 \sim $\times 3$

$\times 4$ 6 2 s_6 \sim 2 6 76 4 $\times 6$ \sim 2 s_6 \sim

b_7 6 7 6 4 \sim 2 6 \sim 2 b_6 \sim $\times 4$ 6 \sim $\times 3$ 6

43 b_5 43 4 $\times 3$ $\times 4$ 6 6 6 \sim $\times 6$

$\times 3$ 6 76 \sim 6 4 \sim 6 6 \sim $\times 6$

8 4 2 3 $\times 4$ 6 7 b_5 5 43 $\times 6$ 56

z Alle: 65

Continuo.

27



28 b6 6
2 X4

Continuo.

6

Adagio.

SONATA 765. SESTA.

4 X3 6 76

piano.

76 5 X43

Forte.

65 43 65

P.

Forte.

Presto.

piano.

f

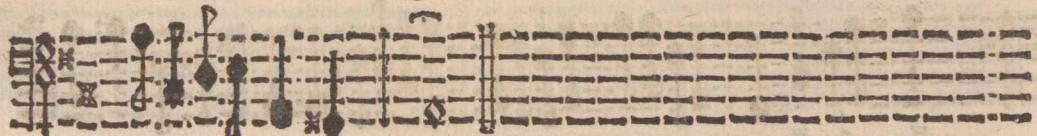
Continuo.



Adagio. Presto.



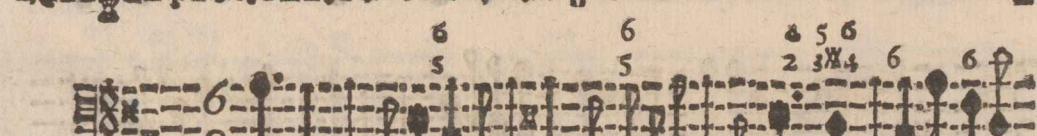
Piano.



Forte.



Adagio.



Allegro,

Continuo.

Handwritten musical score for Continuo, featuring eight staves of music. The notation uses a unique system of note heads and rests. The first staff begins with a '6' above the staff, followed by 's 4X3'. The second staff begins with a '5'. The third staff begins with a '6' and 's'. The fourth staff begins with a '4' above the staff, followed by '2 6'. The fifth staff begins with a '5'. The sixth staff begins with a '6' and 's 4'. The seventh staff begins with a '6' and 's 4'. The eighth staff begins with a '6' and 's 4'. The notation includes various note heads (diamonds, circles, crosses) and rests, with some notes having stems and others not. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

D 8

Continuo.

Continuo.

piano.

Forte.

Abagio.

S ONATA SETTIMA

7

5 4X3

5

6 7 5 5 bs

6 5 76 5

6 s

6 7 5 bs

6 s

Continuo

Allegro.

Tasto solo.

Continuo

Continuo.

34



76 98 7867

Continud.

769 8 7869

35

piano.

Forte.

Adagio.

piano.

Allegro.

Continuo.

Piano,

Allegro.

S SONATA OTTAVA.

Continuo.

Continuo.

6 7 8 76 6 5 7 37

piano.

6 5 6 6bs 6bs

Adagio. 6 7 8 5 76

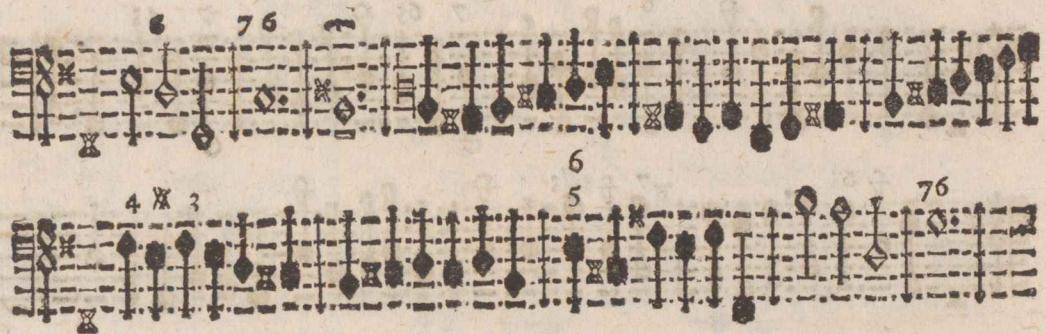
Allegro.

Sonate à Tre del S. Gio: Maria Ruggieri Opera. 3°

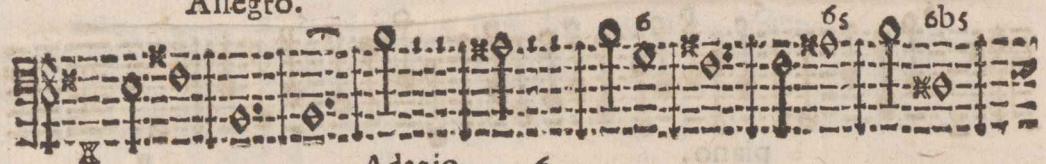
D 9

33

Continuo.



Allegro.



Adagio. 6



Largo, è affettuoso.

Continuo.

39

7x6 98. 7 6
7x6 6x3 5 6 76 76 7 5 6
76 76 2 5 7 7 7 7 7
7 7 7 7 7 6 7
6 x 6 76 7 6 76 7
Forte. 6 76 76 7 6 76 7 7 7x6 ~
piano.
Forte.
Allegro.
326s

D. 10



4A

6 6 7x6 x6 Continuo 4 3

This image shows a page from a handwritten musical manuscript. The music is written on six staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines. The notation is a mix of standard musical symbols like quarter notes and eighth notes, and unique symbols that appear to be the author's own shorthand or a local musical notation system. The first staff is labeled 'Continuo' and 'Tasto solo'. The second staff has a tempo marking '9 6'. The third staff has a tempo marking '6'. The fourth staff has a tempo marking 'x4 6 8x6'. The fifth staff has a tempo marking '22 6 7'. The sixth staff has a tempo marking 'bs 6'. The music includes various dynamics such as 'Forte' and 'Adagio'. The manuscript is dated '4A' at the top right. There is a large, faint, circular watermark or stamp in the lower center of the page.

Tasto solo

9 6

6

x4 6 8x6 22 6 7 bs 6

piano.

Forte, e Adagio.

42

Adagio.

Continuo.



Allegro.



Continuo.

43

Tasto solo

2 6 7 7 43 4X3

piano Forte

Adagio.

44 9 6 76 b5 43 6 Continuo:

76 b6 45 6

43 9 6 6 s

Presto. 3 6 6 77 7 s 5b6

7 5 76 ~ 6 6 s x

7 Adagio. 6 56 56 76s 7 7 6

5 7x6 9 8 s x 6 56 76s 7 7 6

6 6 4x3

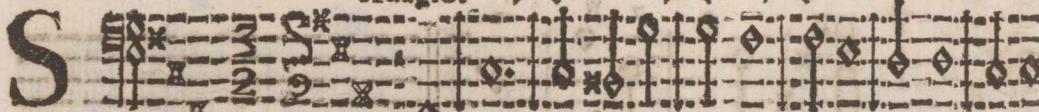
piano. 4x3 forte.



Adagio.



Adagio.



SONATA DECIMA.



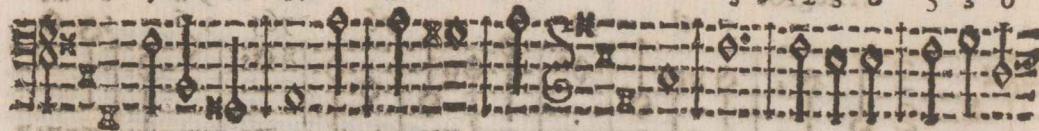
3 — 2 3 6 5 3 6 bs — 2



6 — 4 — 4 6 7 6 6 — 7 b5 4 3 7 4 8 3



3 — 2 3 6 5 3 6



bs — 2 b5 98



Sonate à Tre. Del S: Gio: Maria Ruggieri, Opera 3. D II

Continuo.

46 5 98 b5 98 -^{X3}. b5 98 bs 98 5 98 b5 98 ^{X3}.

2 6 4 4 6 2 6 2 6 7 7 ^{X3}

-^{X4} - 2 6 - 2 6 - 2 6 7 7 *basso continuo*

SONATA D'EGIPI

Allegro.

6 47

43 7 5 43 4X3 41

Adagio.

6 47

43 7 5 43 4X3 41

Allegro.

6 47

43 7 5 43 4X3 41

Adagio.

6 47

43 7 5 43 4X3 41

Continuo.

x6 4x3

47

6

Largo.

6

43

x6

4x3

6

43

Adagio.

b7

4
256 98

Allegro.

4

6

Adagio.

43 b7 43

43

V. S. Voiti Subito.

Continuo.

48

Allegro.

continuo

continuo

orgelia

organ

continuo

continuo

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



50

Continuo.

6



Forte..

T A V O L A

Sonata Prima.	Pagine.	5.
Sonata Seconda.		9.
Sonata Terza.		14.
Sonata Quarta.		19.
Sonata Quinta.		23.
Sonata Sesta.		28.
Sonata Settima.		32.
Sonata Ottava.		36.
Sonata Nona.		42.
Sonata Decima.		45.

IL FINE.