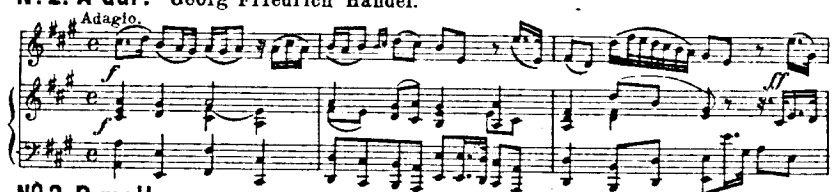


Thematisches Verzeichniss.

№1. G moll. Henry Purcell.



№2. A dur. Georg Friedrich Händel.



№3. D moll. Francesco Maria Veracini.



№4. D dur. Jean Marie Leclair.



№5. C moll. Giovanni Mossi.



№6. E moll. François Francoeur.



№7. G dur. Pietro Locatelli.



№8. A moll. Georgio Melande.



№9. G dur. Louis Aubert.



№10. G moll. Antonio Vivaldi.



№11. C dur. Carlo Tessarini.



№12. A moll. Richard Jones.

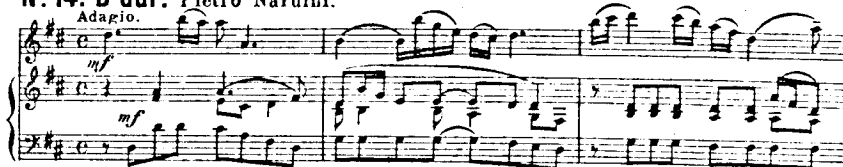


Alfred Moffat „Meisterschule“

№13. E moll. Arcangelo Corelli.



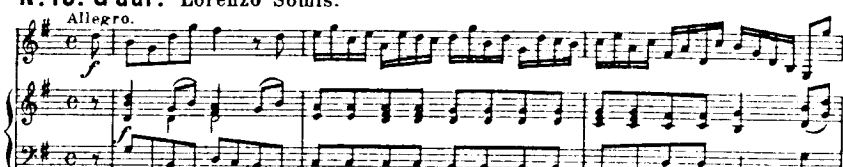
№14. D dur. Pietro Nardini.



№15. G moll. Niccolò Porpora.



№16. G dur. Lorenzo Somis.



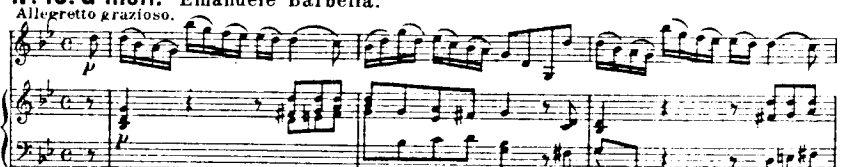
№17. A moll. Robert Valentine.



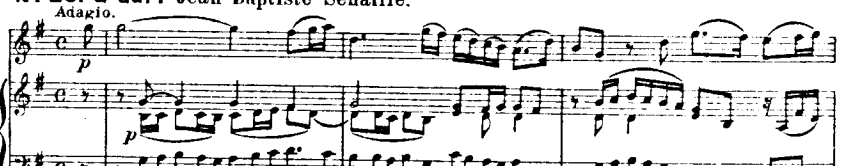
№18. A dur. Guiseppe Tartini.



№19. G moll. Emanuele Barbella.



№20. G dur. Jean Baptiste Senallié.



№21. E moll. Jean Baptiste Loeillet.



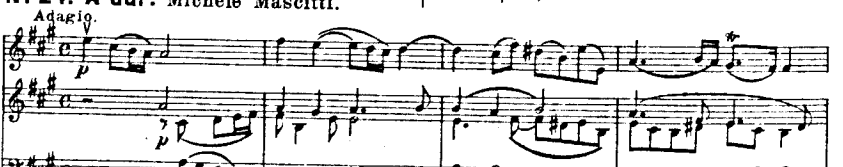
№22. A dur. Franz Benda.



№23. H moll. Francesco Geminiani.



№24. A dur. Michele Mascitti.



SONATE

3

von
Georgio Melande.

(Ca. 1700 - 1750).

Allemanda.
Largo.

Bearbeitung von A. Moffat.

Violine.

Piano.

The musical score is written for Violin and Piano. It consists of five systems of music. The Violin part is written on a single staff, and the Piano part is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked 'Largo'. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (f, p, cresc.), trills (tr), and slurs. The first system shows the beginning of the piece with a forte (f) dynamic. The second system features a trill in the violin and a crescendo in the piano. The third system continues the melodic development with dynamic contrasts. The fourth system includes more trills and a piano section. The fifth system concludes the piece with a final crescendo and a piano ending.

First system of music. The piano part (bottom) and violin part (top) are in 3/4 time. The piano part includes dynamic markings *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *f rit.*. The violin part includes *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *f rit.*. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Corrente.
Allegro.

Second system of music. The piano part (bottom) and violin part (top) are in 3/4 time. The piano part includes dynamic markings *mf* and *f*. The violin part includes *mf*. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Third system of music. The piano part (bottom) and violin part (top) are in 3/4 time. The piano part includes dynamic markings *cresc.* and *f*. The violin part includes *cresc.*. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Fourth system of music. The piano part (bottom) and violin part (top) are in 3/4 time. The piano part includes dynamic markings *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The violin part includes *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Fifth system of music. The piano part (bottom) and violin part (top) are in 3/4 time. The piano part includes dynamic markings *mf* and *f*. The violin part includes *mf*. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Sarabanda.
Largo.

Giga.
Allegro molto.

This musical score is for a piece titled "Giga, Allegro molto." It is page 6 of a larger work. The score is written for a piano and features a variety of musical notations including treble and bass staves, dynamic markings, and articulation symbols.

The score is organized into five systems, each with a piano (p) and a grand staff (treble and bass clef). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 12/8.

System 1: The piano part begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The grand staff features a melody in the treble with eighth and sixteenth notes, and a bass line with dotted rhythms and eighth notes.

System 2: The piano part continues with a *p* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The grand staff shows a more complex melody in the treble with many beamed sixteenth notes, and a bass line with eighth notes.

System 3: The piano part features a *f* (forte) dynamic and a *tr.* (trill) marking. The grand staff has a melody in the treble with a trill and a bass line with eighth notes.

System 4: The piano part begins with a *p* dynamic. The grand staff features a melody in the treble with a *p* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking, and a bass line with eighth notes.

System 5: The piano part features a *f* dynamic and a *tr.* marking. The grand staff has a melody in the treble with a *p* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking, and a bass line with eighth notes.

The score concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign, indicating the end of the piece.

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The system consists of three staves: a single treble staff at the top and a grand staff (treble and bass) below. The top staff begins with a melodic line featuring eighth and sixteenth notes, with dynamic markings *p*, *f*, and *mf*. The grand staff below provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines in both hands, also marked with *p*, *f*, and *mf*.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The top staff continues the melodic development with a *cresc.* marking in measure 8. The grand staff features a more active bass line with many sixteenth notes, while the treble hand plays chords and moving lines. A *cresc.* marking is also present in the bass staff in measure 8.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The top staff shows a melodic line with a *f* marking in measure 12. The grand staff continues with complex harmonic textures, including a *p* marking in the bass staff in measure 10 and an *f* marking in the treble staff in measure 12.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. The top staff features a melodic line with a *dim.* marking in measure 13. The grand staff continues with harmonic support, with a *dim.* marking in the bass staff in measure 13.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. The top staff includes a *dim.* marking in measure 17, a *p* marking in measure 18, a *cresc.* marking in measure 19, and a *f rit.* marking in measure 20. The grand staff mirrors these dynamics, with *dim.* in measure 17, *p* in measure 18, *cresc.* in measure 19, and *f rit.* in measure 20.

COMPOSITIONEN FÜR VIOLINE

MIT BEGLEITUNG DES PIANOFORTE

VON

CARL BOHM.



	Mk.
Op. 113. Zitherständchen	1—
Op. 151. Wiegenlied	1—
Op. 179. Malinconia, Moment musical	2—
Op. 314. No. 1. Canzona, Romanze	1.50
*†No. 2. Cavatina	1.50
*†No. 3. Erste Gavotte (G dur)	1.50
*No. 4. Papillon, Capriccio	2.50
No. 5. Barcarola	2—
No. 6. Caprice en forme de variations	3—
*No. 7. Legende. Morceau de concert	2—
No. 8. Zweite Gavotte (G dur)	2—
No. 9. Air mélodieux. Morceau facile	1.50
No. 10. Mazourka-Caprice	2—
No. 11. Ballade, Suite	2.50
No. 12. Romanze	2—
No. 13. Tarantelle { Suite }	2.50

*) Auch mit Orchesterbegleitung erschienen.

Op. 314. No. 14. Schlummerlied (Berceuse), Schlaf, mein Kind*	1.50
No. 15. Zwei Novelletten, No. 1 D moll	1.50
No. 16. No. 2 F dur	1.50
No. 17. Bourrée	2—
No. 18. Aria	1.50
No. 19. Dritte Gavotte (A dur)	1.50
No. 20. Zweite Ballade	2—
No. 21. Zweite Romanze	2—
No. 22. Vierte Gavotte (A dur)	1.50
No. 23. Canzonetta	1.50
†Op. 326. No. 27. Still wie die Nacht. Lied	1.50
Op. 370. Concertino	4—
Op. 390. 3 Serenaden:	
No. 1. Sérénade espagnole	1.50
No. 2. Sérénade italienne	1.50
No. 3. Sérénade romaine	1.50

†) Auch für Pianoforte allein erschienen

Abendlied 1—

Albumblätter. Melodische Vortragsstücke:		
No. 1. Madrigal	No. 5. Courante	No. 10. Spinnlied
No. 2. Canzone	No. 6. Mazurka	No. 11. Adagietto religioso
No. 3. Sarabande	No. 7. Spiccato	No. 12. Spanisches Ständchen
No. 4. Italienische Weise (Air italica)	No. 8. Bolero	

Amusements (1. Position):		
No. 1. Alla marcia	No. 5. Vision	No. 9. Giga.
No. 2. La Berca (Die Wiege)	No. 6. Danse polonaise.	No. 10. Ricordi di ballo
No. 3. Aria di Gavotta.	No. 7. Variationi	No. 11. Canzona antiqua
No. 4. Moment musical	No. 8. Mazurka	No. 12. Tremolo

Aquarellen:		
No. 1. Mazurka-russe	No. 6. Air Gavotte	No. 10. Burleske
No. 2. Fäbliau	No. 7. Dors mignonl (Berceuse)	No. 11. Valse antique
No. 3. Petite Romanze	No. 8. Gondoliera	No. 12. Perpetuum mobile
No. 4. Une Valse	No. 9. Ritornell	
No. 5. Danse hongroise		

Arabesken. Leichte Vorspielstücke:		
No. 1. Staccato-Etude	No. 5. Skandinavische Romanze	No. 9. Mazurka
No. 2. Steyerischer Ländler	No. 6. Ritornell	No. 10. Improvisation
No. 3. Nocturne	No. 7. Nordische Sage	No. 11. Lied ohne Worte
No. 4. Kujawiak	No. 8. Abendständchen	No. 12. Introduction und Polonaise

Ave Maria 1.50

Bagatellen. 12 kleine Stücke:		
No. 1. Larghetto	No. 5. Zigeuner-Weise	No. 9. Berceuse
No. 2. Scherzoso	No. 6. Polonaise	No. 10. Oigue
No. 3. Intermezzo	No. 7. Fugato	No. 11. Menuett
No. 4. Serenade	No. 8. Siciliano	No. 12. Walzer (i. can. F.)

Le Bal. Morceaux de Danses (1. Position):		
No. 1. Polonaise	No. 3. Rheinländer	No. 5. Polka
No. 2. Valse	No. 4. Polka-Mazurka	No. 6. Galop

Bunte Reihe. 6 leichte Stücke:		
No. 1. Arioso.	No. 3. à la Polka	No. 5. à la Valse
No. 2. Menuetto	No. 4. Märchen	No. 6. Ländler

Sechs Impromptus:		
No. 1. Ricordo-Erinnerung	No. 3. Largo religioso	No. 5. Courante
No. 2. Toccata	No. 4. Elegia	No. 6. Gavotta

Miniatur-Bilder. 6 Melodien:		
No. 1. Liebeslied	No. 3. Serenade	No. 5. Mazurka
No. 2. Kleine Romanze	No. 4. Cantilene	No. 6. Tyrolienne

Novelletten (1.—4. Lage):

No. 1. Hymne	No. 6. Die Stickerin	No. 10. Nocturne
No. 2. Walzer-Etude	No. 7. Madrigal	No. 11. Fragment de Valse
No. 3. Gavotte	No. 8. Maurisches Ständchen	No. 12. Petite Rhapsodie hongroise
No. 4. Balletstück	No. 9. Melodie	
No. 5. Cantilene		

Serenata española. Spanisches Ständchen . . . à 1—

Für Violine oder Violoncell mit Klavier- (oder Cello-) Begleitung.

Silhouetten (6 leichte Stücke):

No. 1. Pompa di Festa	No. 3. Gondoliera	No. 5. Toccata
No. 2. Romanze	No. 4. Danse russe	No. 6. Moto perpetuo

Dritte Suite (1. Lage):

No. 1. Præludium	No. 3. Intermezzo	No. 5. Sarabande
No. 2. Largo	No. 4. Scherzoso	No. 6. Moto perpetuo

Kleine Suite:

No. 1. Intrada	No. 3. Aria	No. 5. Intermezzo
No. 2. Loure	No. 4. Gavotte	No. 6. Perpetuo mobile

Tonskizzen. 6 leichte Stücke (1. Lage):

No. 1. Invocation	No. 5. Valse noble	No. 9. Improptu
No. 2. Seguidilla	No. 6. Das Spinnrad	No. 10. Walzer-Etude
No. 3. Ballscene	No. 7. Spanischer Tanz	No. 11. Novellette
No. 4. Mélodie gracieuse	No. 8. Gavotte gracieuse	No. 12. Ungarisch. Tanz

Sechs Vorspiel-Stücke:

No. 1. Præludium	No. 3. Ital. Romanze	No. 5. Intermezzo
No. 2. Canzonetta	No. 4. Gondellied	No. 6. Ländler

Sechs melodiose Vortragsstücke (1. Lage):

No. 1. Romanze	No. 3. Alla Menuetto	No. 5. Gavotte
No. 2. Staccato-Etude	No. 4. Zigeunerständchen	No. 6. Alla Turca

Concert au salon. Suite moderne:

No. 1. Entrée	No. 3. Une fleur	No. 5. Air-Gavotte
No. 2. Petite Rhapsodie	No. 4. Marche turque	No. 6. Sérénade

Wie die Alten sangen. 12 Stücke im alten Stil:

No. 1. Sarabande	No. 6. Gavotte	No. 11. Musette
No. 2. Bourrée	No. 7. Gavotte	No. 12. Scherzoso
No. 3. Gigue	No. 8. Alla Sarabanda	No. 13. Mazurka antique
No. 4. Scherzo	No. 9. Canto	No. 14. Fäbliau
No. 5. Arietta	No. 10. Intermezzo	No. 15. Menuetto

Violin-Album. 6 beliebte Stücke: no. 2—

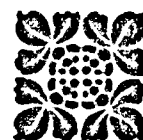
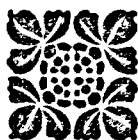
No. 1. Italienische Weise	No. 3. Air-Gavotte	No. 5. Skandinavische Romanze
No. 2. Spanischer Tanz	No. 4. Moment musical	No. 6. Galopp

Preise zuzüglich Teuerungszuschlag.

Verlag und Eigentum für alle Länder von

N. SIMROCK, G. M. B. H. IN BERLIN.

London-Depôt: ALFRED LENGNICK & Co., 14 Berners Street, W.
Paris, MAX ESCHIG, 1, rue de Madrid — 48, rue de Rome.



Copyright by N. Simrock, G. m. b. H., Berlin.

SONATE

von
Georgio Melandè.
(Ca. 1700 - 1750).

VIOLINE.

Allemanda.
Largo.

Bearbeitung von A. Moffat.

The musical score is written for a single violin. It begins with a treble clef and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked 'Largo'. The key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating C major. The score is divided into nine staves. The first staff starts with a forte (f) dynamic, followed by a sforzando (sf) dynamic. The second staff has a piano (p) dynamic. The third staff has a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The fourth staff has a forte (f) dynamic, followed by a sforzando (sf) dynamic, and then a piano (p) dynamic. The fifth staff has a trill (tr) marking. The sixth staff has a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The seventh staff has a piano (p) dynamic. The eighth staff has a crescendo (cresc.) marking. The ninth staff has a forte (f) dynamic, followed by a piano (p) dynamic, a crescendo (cresc.) marking, and a ritardando (rit.) marking.

VIOLINE.

Corrente
Allegro.

mf

cresc.

f

p

cresc.

f

mf

f

p

1

1

1

0

0

0

0

4

7

cresc.

f rit.

Sarabanda.
Largo.

mf molto tranquillo

sul A.

tr

1.

2.

2te mal pp

mf

f

1.

tr

2te mal pp

2.

Cadenza ad lib.

tr

sul D.

0

3

p ritard.

VIOLINE.

3

Giga.
Allegro molto.

p *cresc.*
p *cresc.*
cresc. *f*
tr. *p*
p
f 1. *tr.* 2. *p* *cresc.*
p
f *mf*
cresc.
p
f
dim.
p *cresc.* *f rit.*