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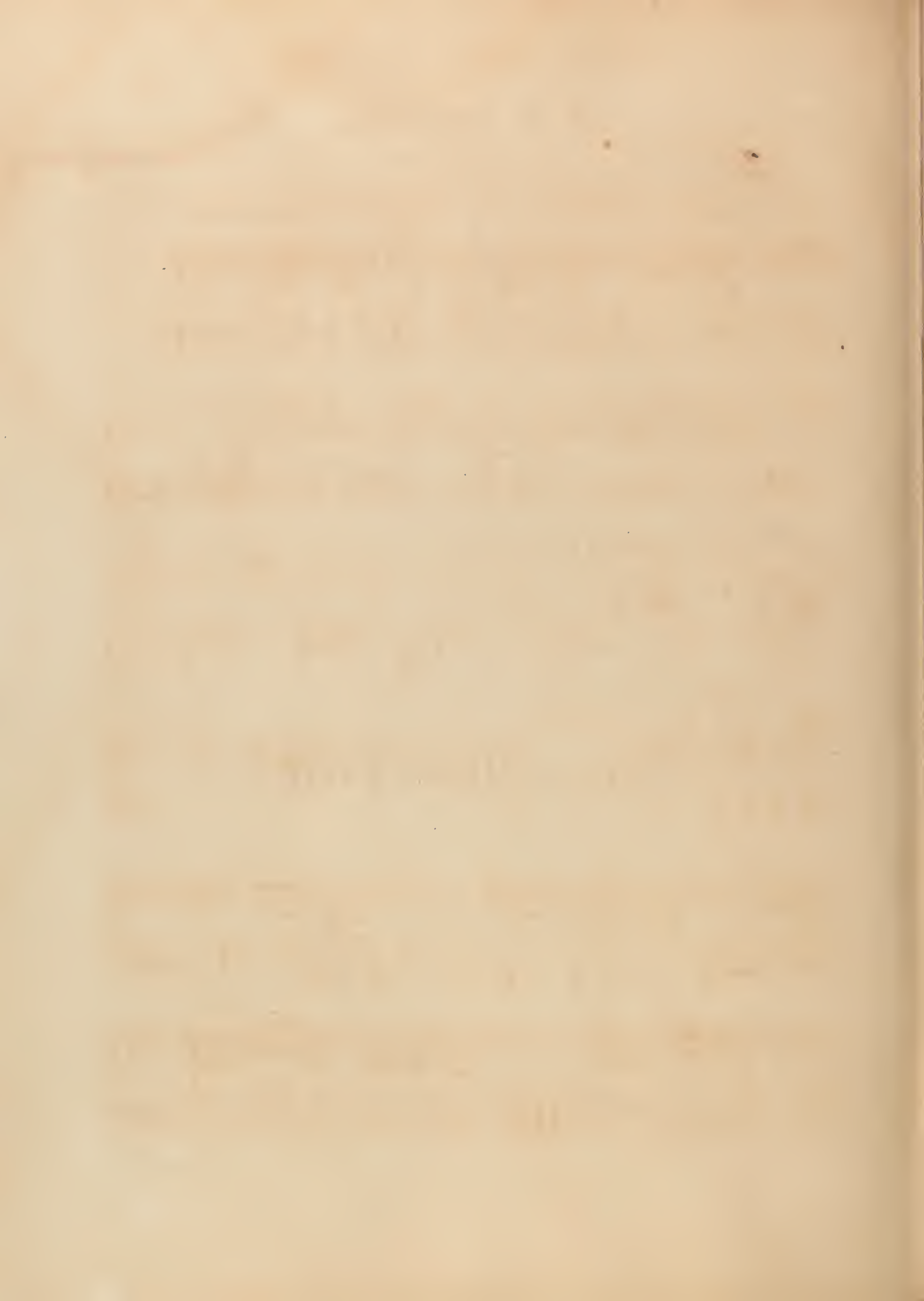
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GEMS from SCARAMUCCIA. N^o 3.

OR SON D' ELENA. Cavatina.

N. C. BOCHSA.

ALL^o
brillante.

f *p* *fz* *ff* *I*

piu lento. *All^o* *piu lento.*

The first system of musical notation is for a harp piece. It consists of two staves, treble and bass clef, in a key of two flats (B-flat major or D-flat minor). The time signature is common time (C). The piece begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The first staff has a melodic line with various ornaments and slurs. The second staff provides harmonic support with chords and single notes. Dynamics include f, p, fz, and ff. There are tempo markings: 'piu lento.' at the beginning, 'All^o' in the middle, and 'piu lento.' towards the end. A first ending bracket labeled 'I' is present at the end of the system.

con gusto.

I *p*

The second system continues the piece. It features a first ending bracket labeled 'I' and a piano (p) dynamic. The tempo is marked 'con gusto.'.

a piacere. (Fix A♭)

The third system continues the piece. It features a first ending bracket labeled 'I' and a piano (p) dynamic. The tempo is marked 'a piacere. (Fix A♭)'.

graz. *a tempo.*

riten. *dol.*

f

The fourth system continues the piece. It features a first ending bracket labeled 'I' and a piano (p) dynamic. The tempo is marked 'a tempo.' and 'graz.'. There are also markings for 'riten.' and 'dol.'. A forte (f) dynamic is present.

The fifth system continues the piece. It features a first ending bracket labeled 'I' and a piano (p) dynamic. The tempo is marked 'a tempo.' and 'graz.'. There are also markings for 'riten.' and 'dol.'. A forte (f) dynamic is present.

pesante. *Recit: riten.*

f *(B♭)* *ff*

The sixth system continues the piece. It features a first ending bracket labeled 'I' and a piano (p) dynamic. The tempo is marked 'a tempo.' and 'graz.'. There are also markings for 'riten.' and 'dol.'. A forte (f) dynamic is present. The system ends with a double forte (ff) dynamic and a key signature change to one flat (B-flat major or D-flat minor).

HARP.

3

Mod^{to}

4

rall.to HARP.

pesante p fz

A handwritten musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on two staves, a treble staff and a bass staff, both in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The melody in the treble staff begins with a quarter note G, followed by a half note A, and continues with various eighth and quarter notes, including some beamed sixteenth notes. The bass staff provides a simple harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The handwriting is in dark ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper.

Musical score for "L'Allegretto" by Franz Schubert, measures 1-8. The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major, and features a piano (p) dynamic. The melody is in the right hand, and the bass line is in the left hand. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Swan' from 'The Nutcracker'. It features a treble and bass staff in B-flat major (two flats). The tempo is marked 'riten.' (ritardando). The music includes various ornaments, such as mordents and grace notes, and dynamic markings like 'fz' (forzando). The notation is in a traditional, slightly aged style with a large, ornate brace on the left.

The first system of the musical score for 'L'Espresso' consists of two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It begins with a forte (*fz*) dynamic and features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, including triplets and accents. The lower staff is in bass clef with the same key signature, providing a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The system concludes with the tempo marking *riten.* (ritardando) and the dynamic *pesante.* (heavy).

animato.

A handwritten musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on two staves, a treble staff (top) and a bass staff (bottom), both in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The melody is written in the treble staff, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bass staff provides a simple harmonic accompaniment. The music consists of a single line of notes with some rests, and the piece ends with a double bar line. The handwriting is in ink on aged paper.

GEMS from SCARAMUCCIA. N.º 4.

VUO STUDIAR. Finale.

N.C. BOCHSA.

Andante
quasi
Allg. tto

dot. 3 2 1

p *cres.* *cres.* *cres.*

p *f* *cen* *do.* *f*

f *p* *p* *p*

ff *ff*

First system of musical notation for Harp. The treble staff contains a melodic line with slurs and ties. The bass staff contains a supporting line with dynamics *fz*, *p*, *fz*, *p*, and accents. The system concludes with a triplet of eighth notes in the bass staff and a final cadence in the treble staff.

TEMPO DI VALZER.

Second system of musical notation for Harp, in 3/8 time. The treble staff features a series of chords, starting with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The bass staff provides a simple harmonic accompaniment.

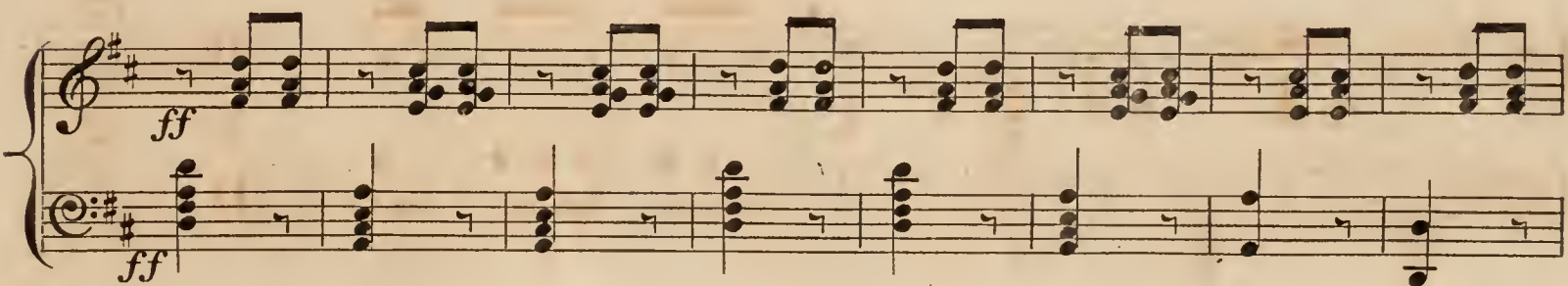
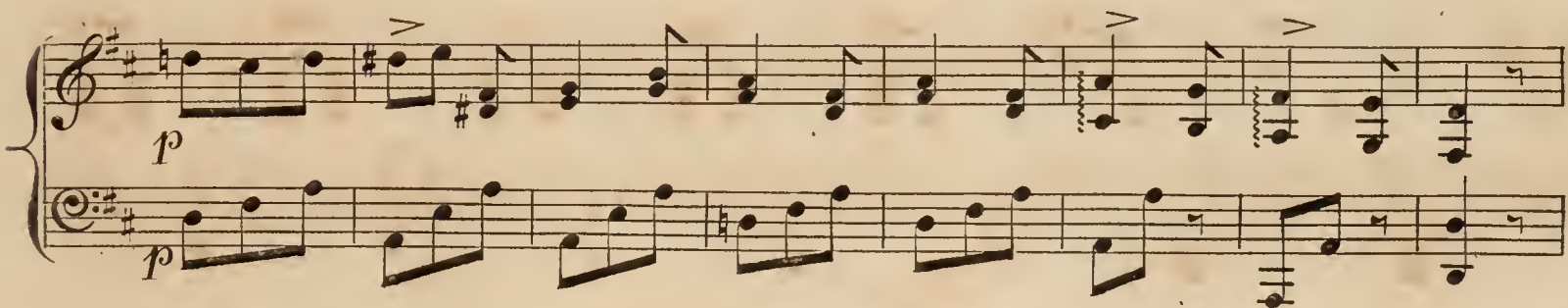
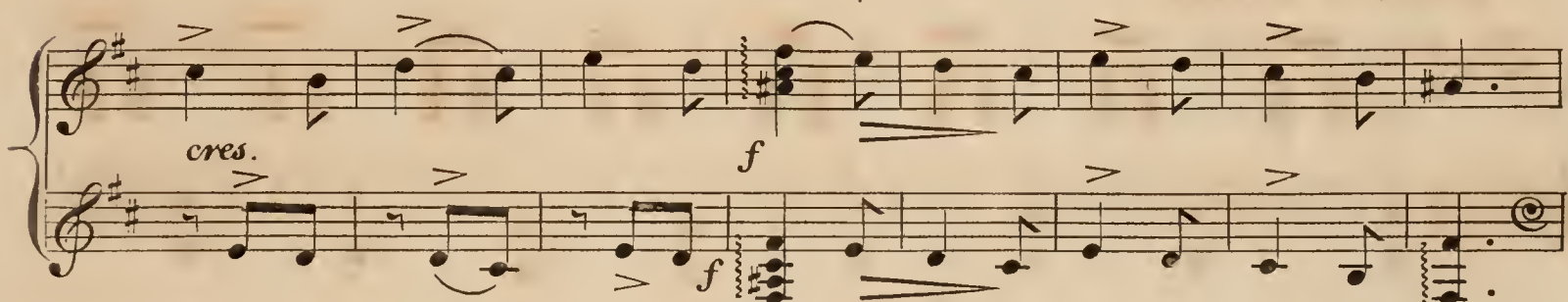
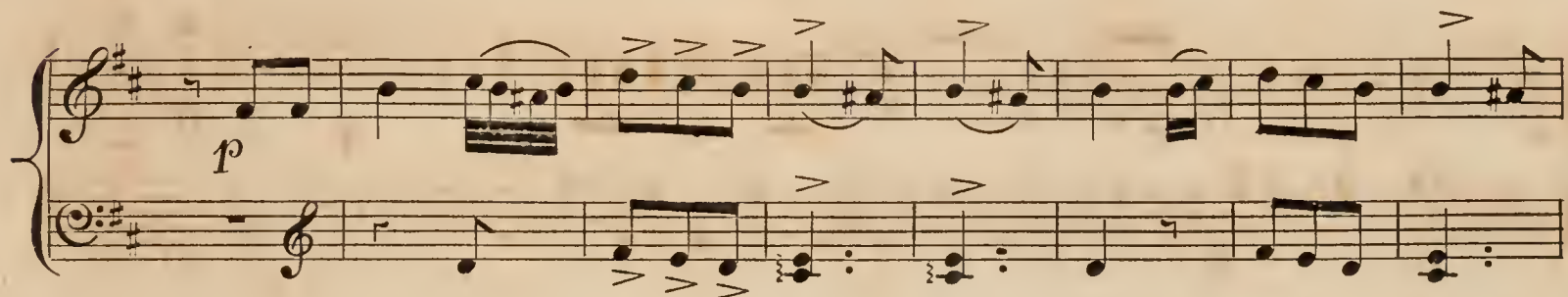
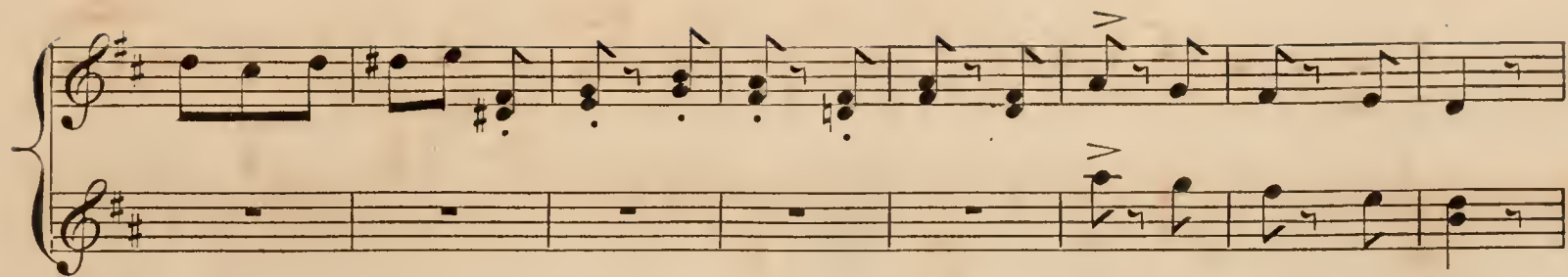
Third system of musical notation for Harp, in 3/8 time. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a repeat sign and a 'BIS.' marking. The bass staff contains a supporting line with a 'BIS.' marking. The system concludes with a final cadence in the treble staff.

Fourth system of musical notation for Harp, in 3/8 time. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a first ending bracket labeled '1' and dynamics *fz*. The bass staff contains a supporting line with dynamics *fz*. The system concludes with a final cadence in the treble staff.

Fifth system of musical notation for Harp, in 3/8 time. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a dotted note and accents. The bass staff contains a supporting line with accents. The system concludes with a final cadence in the treble staff.

HARP.

7



The musical score is written for a harp and consists of six systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system begins with a *p* (piano) marking in the treble staff and a *dol.* (dolce) marking in the bass staff. The second system features accents (>) over the first two notes of the treble staff. The third system includes *ff* (fortissimo) markings in both staves. The fourth system is marked *animato.* and includes a *fz* (forzando) marking in the bass staff. The fifth and sixth systems also feature *fz* markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *p*, *dol.*, *ff*, *animato.*, *fz*, and *(D#)*.

HARP.

9



sempre più animato.

