



No. 3229 b.

HOFMANN

Konzertino

G dur – Sol majeur – G major.

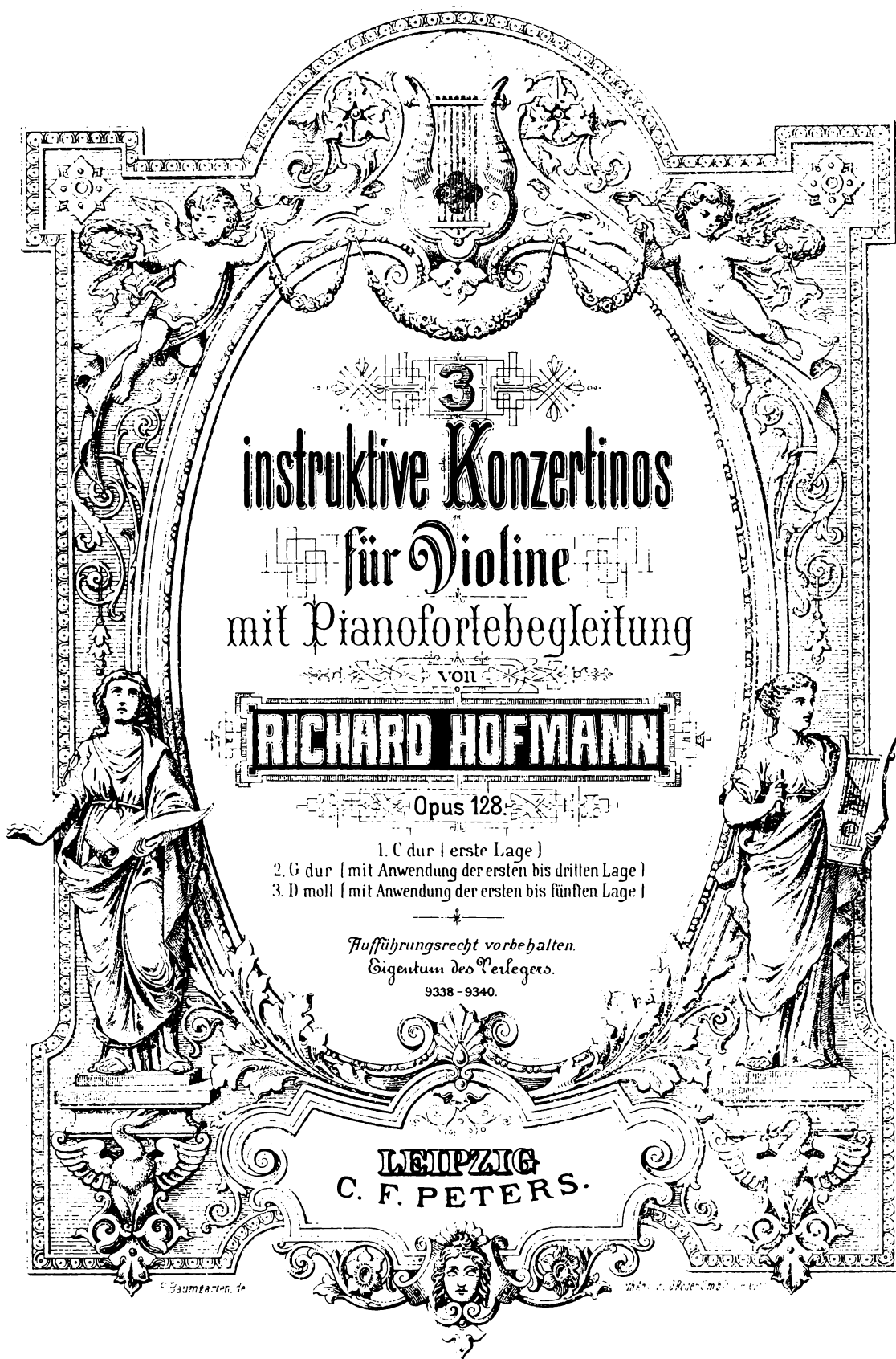
(1.–3. Lage.)

Opus 128. No. 2.

Violine und Pianoforte.

Violinmusik, progressiv geordnet.

No.	Violine solo.	No.	Duos für 2 Violinen.
	a) Schulen.		Die mit * bezeichneten sind Bearbeitungen.
2987	Bériot, Op. 102, Violinschule, Band I.	2889	Erste bis zweite Stufe.
2516	Casorti, Op. 50, Bogentechnik.	1986	Blumenthal, Op. 42, 50 Übungsstücke (Hermann).
1080	Dancía, Op. 74, Ecole du Mécanisme.	1084a	Gebauer, Op. 10, 12 Duos très faciles (do.)
1897a/b	Hermann, Violinschule, 2 Bände.	1987	Kalliwoda, Op. 178, Duos, Heft 1 (do.)
2692	Hohmann, Violinschule komplett (Hermann).	* Melodien-Album, Band I (50 Volksmelodien) (Hermann).	
2692a/b	— dieselbe, Heft I und II.	* Violin-Album für Anfänger. 30 populäre Stücke (do.)	
2640	Mazas, Petite Méthode.		Zweite Stufe.
1983	Rode, Kreutzer, Baillot, Violinschule.	3061b	Bériot, Op. 87, 12 petits Duos faciles (Hermann).
2500	Spohr, Violinschule (Schröder).	2536	Brunl, Op. 34, Six Duos (do.)
	b) Etüden.	2888	— Op. 35, Six Duos (do.)
	Erste bis vierte Stufe.	1081b	Dancía, Op. 32, Duos, Heft 2.
1078	Dancía, Op. 68, 15 Etüden mit Begleitung einer zweiten Violine (2.—4. Lage).	1084b	Kalliwoda, Op. 179, Duos, Heft 2 (Hermann).
1985	Grünwald, Die ersten Übungen (Elementarunterricht).	2166	Mazas, Op. 85, 5 Duos abécédaires (do.)
2031a	Hermann, Op. 20, 100 Etüden für Anfänger, Bd. I. (2.—4. Lage)	1085a	Pleyel, Op. 8, 6 petits Duos (David).
	Abteilung I, Leere Saiten.		Zweite bis dritte Stufe.
	— II, Die ersten Bogenübungen.	1081a	Dancía, Op. 23, Duos, Heft 1.
	— III, Bogenübungen für das Abstoßen des Bogens.	1081c	— Op. 60, Duos, Heft 3.
1819a	Mazas, Op. 36 Heft I, Etudes spéciales (Hermann).	1955a	Mazas, Op. 38, 12 petits Duos, Heft 1 (Hermann).
	Vierte bis fünfte Stufe.	1957	— Op. 60, 6 Duos faciles (do.)
1080	Dancía, Op. 74, 50 Exercices journaliers.	2521a/b	— Op. 70, 12 petits Duos, 2 Hefte (do.)
2062	Etüden-Album. 40 berühmte Etüden (Hermann).	1988/89	* Melodien-Album, Band II, III (do.)
	A. Lagen. B. Lagenwechsel. C. Oktaven. D. Spannungen. E. Triller. F. Doppelgriffe. G. Verminderte Septime. H. Stricharten. I. Handgelenk. K. Stakkato. L. Springender Bogen.	2365	Band II. 25 Opermelodien. Band III. 30 Marsch- und Tanzmelodien.
2031b	Hermann, Op. 20, 100 Etüden für Anfänger, Band II.		* Schumann, 20 ausgewählte Stücke aus dem Jugendalbum, Op. 68.
	Abteilung II, 25 Etüden in der 1.—5. Lage.		Dritte Stufe.
284	Kreutzer, 42 Etüden (Hermann).	2506	Campagnoli, Op. 14, 6 Duos (Hermann).
284a	— — 2. Violine (do.)	1081d/gk	Dancía, Duos, Heft 4—7, 10.
1819b	Mazas, Op. 36 Heft 2, Etudes brillantes (Hermann).	2518b	Heft 4, Op. 24. Heft 5, Op. 33. Heft 6, Op. 61. Heft 7, Op. 15.
2593	— Op. 80, 8 Mélodies faciles (Hermann).	2685	Heft 10, Op. 25.
	Fünfte bis sechste Stufe.	1955b	Kalliwoda, Op. 116, 3 Duos (Hermann).
283	Fiorillo, 36 Etüden oder Capricen (Hermann).	1958	* Klassische Stücke (do.)
2469	— — mit Begleitung einer zweiten Violine von Spohr.	2522a	Bach, Händel, Mozart, Beethoven etc.
1819c	Mazas, Op. 36 Heft 3, Etudes d'Artistes (Hermann).	2598a	Mazas, Op. 38, 12 petits Duos, Heft 2 (Hermann).
281	Rode, 24 Capricen (David).	1085b/c	— Op. 61, 6 Duos faciles (do.)
	En forme d'Etudes dans les 24 Tons de la Gamme.	1085g	— Op. 71, 6 Duos concertans Heft 1 (do.)
2211	— 12 Etüden (Hermann).	2205	— Op. 86, 9 Duos élémentaires, Heft 1 (do.)
	Sechste Stufe.	1087abeg	Pleyel, Op. 48, 59, Petits Duos, 2 Hefte (David).
3115	Campagnoli, Op. 18, 7 Divertimenti.		— 3 Duos faciles (Hermann).
1079	Dancía, Op. 73, 20 Etudes brillantes.	* Schubert, 12 beliebte Lieder (Hermann).	
1381	Gavinies, 24 Etüden (Matinées) (Hermann).	Viotti, Duos concertans, Heft 1, 2, 5, 7 (Hermann).	
2594	Mazas, Op. 81, 8 Mélodies (do.)		Dritte bis vierte Stufe.
	Siebente Stufe.	1081i	Dancía, Op. 35, Duos, Heft 11.
1984	Paganini, Op. 1, 24 Capricen (Becker).	1081i	— Op. 62, Duos, Heft 9.
2199	Petri, Op. 9, 5 Künstler-Etüden.	1083a/c	Jansa, 18 Duos progressifs, 3 Hefte.
3029	Spohr, Studien (Seeger).	2518a	1. Heft, Op. 46, 6 Duos. 2. Heft, Op. 74, 6 Duos. 3. Heft, Op. 81, 6 Duos.
2564	Vieuxtemps, Op. 16, 6 Konzert-Etüden.	2528	Kalliwoda, Op. 70, 2 Duos concertans.
	c) Stücke.	1776a/b	Mazas, Op. 46, 6 Duos faciles (Hermann).
	Erste bis dritte Stufe.		* Mendelssohn, Lieder ohne Worte, 2 Hefte.
3083	Halvorsen, Norwegische Bauerntänze (2.—3. Lage).		1. Heft, 12 Lieder ohne Worte (Wolf).
2118	Melodien-Album. Sammlung der beliebtesten Volks-, Opern-, Marsch- und Tanzmelodien (Elementarunterricht).		2. Heft, 8 Lieder ohne Worte und vier Kinderstücke (Hermann).
1867	Strauss-Album. 30 beliebte Tänze von Johann, Josef und Eduard Strauss (2.—3. Lage).		Vierte Stufe.
2722	Violin-Album für Anfänger (Hermann). 30 populäre Stücke in der ersten Lage.	1081h	Dancía, Op. 34, Duos, Heft 8.
	Vierte bis siebente Stufe.	1082	Hauptmann, Op. 2, 2 Duos concertans.
2474	Bach, Chaconne Dm. (mit Klavierbegleitung von Mendelssohn und Schumann).	1956a/b	Mazas, Op. 39, 6 Duos, 2 Hefte (Hermann).
228a	— 6 Sonaten für Violine solo (Hellmesberger).	2520	— Op. 62, 3 Duos progressifs (do.)
	1. Gm. 2. Hm. 3. Am. 4. Dm. 5. C. 6. E.	2117	* Ouvertüren-Album, 10 Ouvertüren (Hofmann).
228b	— Klavierbegleitung zu denselben.	1087ckl	Viotti, Duos concertans, Heft 3, 10, 11.
1472	Rust, F. W., Zweite Sonate B (Singer).		Vierte bis fünfte Stufe.
1936	Strauss (Vater) und Lanner, 20 Tänze (4. Lage).	2877	Jansa, Op. 50, 3 Duos (Hermann).
		2519a/b	Mazas, Op. 40, 6 Duos, 2 Hefte (Hermann).
		2522b	— Op. 71, 6 Duos concertans, Heft 2 (Hermann).
		2598b/c	— Op. 86, 9 Duos élémentaires, Heft 2, 3 (do.)
		1085d	Pleyel, Op. 23, 6 Duos (Hermann).
		1085e	— Op. 24, 6 Duos (do.)
		1086f	Spohr, Op. 150, Duo D (David).
		1087dhi	Viotti, Duos concertans, Heft 4, 8, 9 (Hermann).
			Fünfte Stufe.
		3061a	Bériot, Op. 57, 3 Duos concertans (Hermann).
		1085f	Pleyel, Op. 61, 3 Duos (Hermann).
		1086a/g	Spohr, Duos, 7 Hefte (David).
			1. Op. 3 Es, Fm., G. — 2. Op. 9 C. A. — 3. Op. 39, Dm., Es, F. —
			4. Op. 67 A, D, Gm. — 5. Op. 143 F. — 6. Op. 150 D. — 7. Op. 153 C.
		1087fmn	Viotti, Duos concertans, Heft 6, 12, 13 (Hermann).



KONZERTINO II.

Richard Hofmann, Op. 128 N° 2.

Violino. Moderato risoluto.

Pianoforte. *ff* Moderato risoluto.

*Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. **

dim. - - -

mf

rit.

A *a tempo*

f risoluto

a tempo

mf *p*

B

C

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a continuous sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern. The left hand plays a series of chords, primarily triads, with a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and rests.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the arpeggiated pattern. The left hand features a sequence of chords, some marked with a *ped.* (pedal) instruction and an asterisk (*). The system begins with a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic marking.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand has a melodic line with some slurs. The left hand plays dense chords, with several marked with a *ped.* instruction and an asterisk (*). The system begins with a *f* (forte) dynamic marking.

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand features a rapid sixteenth-note arpeggiated pattern. The left hand plays chords, some marked with a *ped.* instruction and an asterisk (*).

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand has a melodic line with a *riten.* (ritardando) marking. The left hand features a *p* (piano) dynamic marking and a *riten.* marking. A section labeled **D** *a tempo* begins, followed by *p* *espress.* and *a tempo* markings.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The lower staff provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines, also marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. A fermata is placed over a chord in the lower staff, followed by an asterisk (*) indicating a repeat or continuation.

Second system of musical notation. Both the upper and lower staves show a gradual increase in volume, marked with the *cresc.* (crescendo) instruction. The upper staff continues with a melodic line, while the lower staff features a more active bass line. A fermata is present in the lower staff, followed by an asterisk (*).

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and contains a melodic line with a fermata. The lower staff starts with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and includes the instruction *legato* (legato). The system concludes with a fermata in the upper staff.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff features a rapid, dense melodic passage marked with fortissimo (*ff*). The lower staff provides a steady accompaniment with eighth-note patterns. The system ends with a fermata in the upper staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues with a rapid melodic line. The lower staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes and rests. The system concludes with a fermata in the upper staff.

F

f *Ped.* * *Ped.* * *Ped.* * *Ped.* * *Ped.* * *Ped.* * *Ped.* *

Cadenza. *mf* *f* *riten.*

G *Tempo I.*

f *p* *Ped.* *

cresc. *cresc.*

Ped. * *Ped.* * *Ped.* *

First system of musical notation. The right hand (treble clef) begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The left hand (bass clef) begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and also features a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Second system of musical notation. The right hand features a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic and a large 'H' marking above the staff. The left hand features a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Third system of musical notation. The right hand continues with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The left hand features a forte (*f*) dynamic. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The system concludes with a 'Ped.' (pedal) marking and an asterisk (*).

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand continues with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The left hand features a forte (*f*) dynamic. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features a *riten.* (ritardando) marking. The left hand features a *dimin.* (diminuendo) marking and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The system concludes with a 3/4 time signature.

I Andante.

p espress.

Andante.

p

mf

f

mf legata

p

K

p espress.

p

The musical score is written for piano and voice. It begins with a tempo marking of 'Andante.' and a dynamic of 'p espress.'. The piano part features a complex, rhythmic accompaniment with many chords and moving lines. The voice part is a single melodic line. The score is divided into several systems. The first system shows the beginning of the piece. The second system continues the music. The third system features a 'mf legata' marking. The fourth system continues the music. The fifth system is marked with a 'K' and a 'p espress.' marking. The sixth system continues the music. The score ends with a final chord and a 'p' marking.

First system of the musical score. It consists of a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music begins with a melodic line in the treble, followed by a series of chords and arpeggios. A dynamic marking of *mf* (mezzo-forte) is present. The system concludes with a final chord.

Second system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The system is marked with a large 'L' above the first measure. The music features a complex arrangement of chords and arpeggios. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Third system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The system is marked with a large 'M' above the first measure. The music continues with a series of chords and arpeggios. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Fourth system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The system is marked with a large 'N' above the first measure. The music features a complex arrangement of chords and arpeggios. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte).

Fifth system of the musical score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The system concludes with a final chord. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The word *p risoluto* is written below the final measure.

Allegro.

First system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with a *cresc.* marking and a *f* dynamic. The bottom staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with a *cresc.* marking and a *f* dynamic.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff begins with a *Q* (Quasi) marking and a *ff* dynamic. The bottom staff also begins with a *ff* dynamic. The system concludes with a repeat sign and a *ff* dynamic.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff is mostly empty. The bottom staff features a melodic line with a *f* dynamic and a *legato* marking.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff is mostly empty. The bottom staff features a melodic line with a *legato* marking.

Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff features a melodic line with a *riten.* marking. The bottom staff features a melodic line with a *riten.* marking and a *p* dynamic.

R *a tempo, meno mosso*

p dolce *mf*
a tempo, meno mosso
p

cresc. *cresc.*

S *mf* *Ped.* *

cresc. *cresc.*

First system of musical notation. It consists of a vocal line (treble clef) and a piano accompaniment (grand staff). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The piano part features a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the left hand and a more melodic line in the right hand. A dynamic marking of *f* (forte) is present in the piano part.

Second system of musical notation. It continues the vocal and piano parts from the first system. The piano accompaniment maintains its rhythmic pattern.

Third system of musical notation. It begins with a section marked **T** (Trio) and *p* (piano). Above the vocal line, the tempo is marked **Tempo I.**. The piano part has a dynamic marking of *p* and includes some rests.

Fourth system of musical notation. It begins with a section marked **U** (Quintet) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The piano part features a more active accompaniment with some chords.

Fifth system of musical notation. It continues the vocal and piano parts. The piano part has a dynamic marking of *f* (forte) and includes some rests.

14

V

mf *cresc.*

W

f *cresc.* *ff*

cresc. *ff*

The musical score is written for a violin (V) and a piano (W). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score consists of six systems of staves. The first system (measures 14-19) features a violin melody starting with a *mf* dynamic and a piano accompaniment with a *mf* dynamic. Both parts include a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The second system (measures 20-25) begins with a **W** section marker and a *f* dynamic for the piano. The violin continues with a *cresc.* marking. The third system (measures 26-31) shows the piano reaching a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic, while the violin also has a *cresc.* marking. The fourth system (measures 32-37) continues the *ff* piano accompaniment. The fifth system (measures 38-43) shows the piano part concluding with a final chord. The sixth system (measures 44-49) shows the violin part concluding with a final chord. The score is published by Edition Peters.

KONZERTINO II.

VIOLINO.

Moderato risoluto.

Richard Hofmann, Op. 128 No 2.

The score is written for violin in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It begins with a piano introduction (Pfte.) and a tempo change to 'a tempo'. The piece is marked 'Moderato risoluto'. The score includes various dynamics (f, mf, ff, cresc.), articulation (accents, staccato), and fingering (finger numbers 1-4, 0 for natural). The piece concludes with a final measure marked '6'.

Pfte. riten. **D** *Da tempo*

p espress.

p

cresc.

E

f

ff

F

Cadenza.

Pfte.

mf

f

ritenuto

G

Tempo I.

mf

cresc.

f

Musical score for a piano piece, featuring multiple staves with complex fingerings, dynamics, and articulations.

Staff 1: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes with various fingerings (e.g., 3 2 3, 1 4 0, 0 2, 3 2, 1). A *cresc.* marking is present.

Staff 2: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Starts with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The accompaniment features chords and moving lines with fingerings (e.g., 1 3, 4 3, 1 3, 1 4 0, 0 2, 3 2).

Staff 3: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Continues the accompaniment with similar textures and fingerings.

Staff 4: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Marked *Andante.* and *p espressivo*. The melody begins with a *Pfte. ritenuto* section, followed by a change to 3/4 time. Fingerings include 1 4, 1, 1 2, 3 2, 4, and 3 2.

Staff 5: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Continues the *p espressivo* section with more complex melodic lines and fingerings (e.g., 3 2, 1 3, 2, 4, 3, 1, 4, 3, 1).

Staff 6: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The melody is highly expressive with many slurs and fingerings (e.g., 3 2, 1 3, 2, 4, 3, 1, 4, 3, 1).

Staff 7: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Continues the expressive melody with various articulations (accents, slurs) and fingerings (e.g., 2 3, 1 0, 4, 3, 0).

Staff 8: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Continues the melodic development with fingerings (e.g., 3, 1, 2, 1, 4, 3, 5).

Staff 9: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Marked *Pfte.* and *K_v*. The melody is marked *p espress.* and includes a key signature change to one flat (Bb). Fingerings include 2 2, 1 4, 3, 1 3, 1, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 4, 2, 4.

Staff 10: Treble clef, key signature of one flat. Continues the *p espress.* section with complex melodic lines and fingerings (e.g., 2 2, 1 4, 3, 1 3, 1, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 4, 2, 4).

Staff 11: Treble clef, key signature of one flat. Continues the melodic development with fingerings (e.g., 2, 1, 4, 3, 1, 4, 2, 4).

Staff 12: Treble clef, key signature of one flat. Marked *mf*. The melody continues with various articulations and fingerings (e.g., 2, 1, 4, 3, 1, 4, 2, 4).

Staff 13: Treble clef, key signature of one flat. Continues the melodic development with fingerings (e.g., 2, 1, 4, 3, 1, 4, 2, 4).

Staff 14: Treble clef, key signature of one flat. Marked *p*. The melody concludes with a *tr₂* (trill) and a final note.

cresc. *mf*
cresc. *f*
ff
a tempo, meno mosso
p dolce
riten.
9 *Pfte.*
mf
p
cre - - - - - scen - - - - -
do - - - - - f
cresc.

Musik für Violine und Klavier.

Progressiv geordnet.

No.	Leicht.	No.	Mittelschwer.	No.	Schwer.
	<i>Erste bis dritte Stufe.</i>		<i>Vierte und fünfte Stufe.</i>		<i>Sechste und siebente Stufe.</i>
	A. Solostücke und Sonaten.		A. Solostücke und Sonaten.		A. Solostücke und Sonaten.
149	Beethoven, Op. 17 Horn-Sonate F (Hermann).	2957	Bach, Inventionen (Grütters).	2731	Artôt, Op. 4 Souvenir de Bellini.
193b	— Rondo und Variationen (David).	292	— 6 Sonaten (David) Band I.	2474	Bach, Chaconne Dm.
2507	Dussek, Op. 20, 6 Sonatinen (Hermann).	232a	— Dieselben (Schreck).	228a/b	— 6 Solo-Sonaten mit Klavier.
2948	Hauptmann, Op. 10, 3 Sonatinen (Hermann).	233	— 6 Sonaten (David) Band II.		(Klavierbegleitung von Schumann.)
1493a/b	Hauser, Lieder ohne Worte.	233a	— Dieselben (Schreck).	2078	Becker, A., Op. 20 Adagio.
190	Haydn, Sämtliche Sonaten (David).	236	— Suite, Sonate und Fuge.	189b	Beethoven, 2 Romanzen (Wilhelmj).
2247	Hermann, Kleine Vortragsstücke.	748a	Beethoven, 5 Violoncello-Sonaten (Hermann).	13a	— Sämtliche Sonaten (David).
1732	Mendelssohn, Op. 4 Sonate Fmoll (Hermann).	2846	Corelli, Folies d'Espagne (Hermann).	3031	— Dieselben (Joachim).
2595	Mozart, 15 Sonatinen-Sätze (Hermann).	3075a/b	David, Op. 30 Bunte Reihe (Moser).	3074	David, Op. 5 Introduction et Variations sur le
2878	Neue Meister des Violinspiels (Sitt).	3076a/b	— Die hohe Schule des Violinspiels (Hermann).		Thème „Le petit tambour“.
	1. Ernst, Elégie VI.	1996	Goldmann, Op. 13 Deux Pièces de Salon.	2848	Ernst, Op. 11 Othello-Phantasie (Hilf).
	2. Smetana, Aus der Heimat III.	1340	Grieg, Op. 8 Sonate I F.	2851	— Op. 18 Le Carnaval de Venise (Hermann).
	3. Grieg, Allegretto aus der Fdur-Sonate II.	2475a/b	Händel, 6 Sonaten (Sitt) 2 Bände.	2849	— Op. 22 Ungarische Melodien (Hilf).
	4. Moszkowski-Sarasate, Gitarre VI.	287	Hauptmann, Op. 5, 3 Sonaten (Hermann).	1818	Ernst und Prume, 2 Stücke (Grünwald).
	5. Hauser, Rhapsodie hongroise V—VI.	2566	— Op. 23, 3 Sonaten (Hermann).	2279	Grieg, Op. 13 Sonate II G.
	6. Sitt, Albumblatt III.	1090	Hanser, Op. 37, 4 Lieder ohne Worte.	2210	— Op. 36 Violoncello-Sonate (Petri).
	7. Vieuxtemps, Ballade IV—V.	2730	Kalliwoda, Op. 103, 4 Valses brillantes.	2414	— Op. 45 Sonate III Cm.
	8. Sinding, Adagio aus der Suite Op. 10 V.	14	Leclair, Sarabande und Tamburin.	2565	Hauser, Op. 84 Vöglein im Baume. Caprice.
156a	(Die Zahlen III—VI deuten den Schwierigkeitsgrad an)	2366	Mozart, Sämtliche Sonaten (Hermann).	1092	Laub, Op. 7 Romance et Impromptu.
2747a/c	Shubert, Op. 137, 3 Sonatinen (David).	2367	Schumann, Op. 73 Phantasiestücke (Hermann).	1093a	— Op. 8 Polonaise.
2643	Sitt, Op. 62, 3 Sonatinen.	2826	— 2 Sonaten.	1093b	— Op. 8 Polonaise (Wilhelmj).
	Sonatinen-Album (Hermann).	2839	Sinding, Op. 27 Sonate E.	2476	Nardini, 2 Sonaten (Sitt).
		2215	Sitt, Op. 39, 6 Albumblätter.	2766	Nováček, Perpetuum mobile Dm.
		2634a/b	Sjögren, Op. 19 Sonate Gm.	1990	Paganini, 4 Kompositionen (Becker).
		1099a	Smetana, Aus der Heimat (Sitt), 2 Hefte.	1094	Rode, Op. 10 Air varié G (Hermann).
		1099c	Spohr, Op. 135 No. 1 Barkarole (Hermann).	1341	Rust, Sonate No. 1 Dm. (David).
		2582a	Tartini, 9 Sonaten.	2168a	Sauret, Op. 25 No. 1 Cavatine.
		2582b	— 2 Sonaten.	2168b	— Op. 25 No. 2 Aubade mauresque.
		191	Vieuxtemps, Op. 43 Suite.	2204	— Op. 33 Danse Polonaise.
			— Op. 43 No. 4 Gavotte.	156b	Schubert, Duos (David).
			Weber, Sämtliche Sonaten (David).	2368	Schumann, Op. 131 Phantasie C (Hermann).
				2477	Sinding, Op. 10 Suite Am.
				2827	— Op. 30 Romanze Em.
				3050a	— Op. 61 No. 1 u. 2 Prélude et Elégie.
				3050b/c	— Op. 61 No. 3 u. 4 Ballade und Alla Mazurka.
				3059	— Op. 73 Sonate Fdur.
				1096	Spohr, Op. 40 Polonaise Am.
				2496	— Op. 127, 6 Salonstücke (Hermann).
				2497	— Op. 135, 6 Salonstücke (Hermann).
				2498	— Op. 145, 6 Salonstücke (Hermann).
				3006	Stojowski, Op. 20 Romanze.
				1099b	Tartini, Teufels- und Grmol-Sonate (Hermann).
				2580	Vieuxtemps, Op. 35 Fantasia appassionata G.
				2581	— Op. 38 Ballade et Polonaise G.
					B. Konzerte.
				229	Bach, Konzert No. 1 Am. (Hermann).
				230	— Konzert No. 2 E (Hermann).
				3069	— Konzert Gm. (Schreck).
				189a	Beethoven, Op. 61 Konzert D (Wilhelmj).
				1494	Bruch, Op. 26 Konzert Gm.
				3073	David, Op. 35 Konzert No. 5 Dm. (Hermann).
				2850	Ernst, Op. 23 Konzert Fism. (Hilf).
				1091a/d	Kreutzer, 4 Konzerte (Hermann).
				2967a/f	Leclair, 6 Konzerte (Herwegh).
				2642	Lipinski, Op. 21 Concert militaire D (Hermann).
				1731	Mendelssohn, Op. 64 Konzert Em. (Becker).
				2962	Molière, Op. 21 Konzert No. 5 Am. (Sitt).
				2193a/c	Mozart, 3 Konzerte (Hermann).
				1991	Paganini, Op. 6 Konzert No. 1 Es. (Becker).
				1095a/f	Rode, 6 Konzerte (Hermann).
				2030	Rüfer, Op. 33 Konzert Dm. (Horn).
				2976	Sinding, Op. 60 Konzert No. 2 D.
				1098a/c	Spohr, 3 Konzerte (David).
				1098d	— Op. 47 Konzert No. 8 (Gesangsszene) Am.
				1098e/g	— 3 Konzerte.
				2823a	Viotti, Konzert No. 20 D (Hermann).
				2823b	— Konzert No. 24 Hm. (Hermann).
				1100a/c	— Konzert No. 22, 23, 28 (Hermann).
				1100d	— Konzert No. 29 Em. (Hermann).

Beethoven

Sonaten für Klavier und Violine.

Neue Ausgabe

von

Joseph Joachim.

No. 3031.