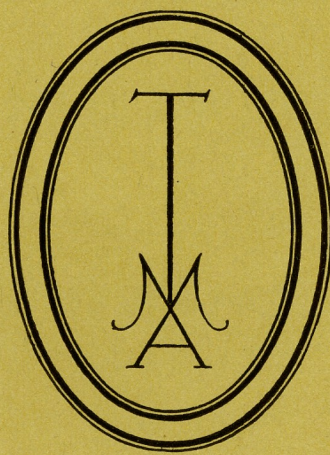


★ ★

CHOPIN
BALLADE Nr. 4
F-MOLL
OP. 52

(LEONID KREUTZER)



TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

Nr. 164

VERLAG ULLSTEIN

★ ★

F R É D E R I C C H O P I N

BALLADE NR. 4

F - M O L L

OP. 52

H E R A U S G E G E B E N

V O N

LEONID KREUTZER

T O N M E I S T E R

A U S G A B E

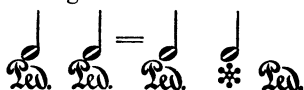
Nr. 164

V E R L A G U L L S T E I N / B E R L I N

VORWORT

Augenscheinliche Irrtümer im Text sind ohne weiteres verbessert worden. Subjektive Änderungen des Herausgebers sind durch kleinen Stich angedeutet. Die Vortragsbezeichnungen sind, soweit sie von Chopin stammen, in den Grundzügen festgehalten. / Phrasierungsbögen sind durch die Zeichen $\lceil$ und $\rceil$ ersetzt. (Anfang, resp. Schluß eines Gedankens.) / Das Pedal muß in der Regel nach der Note getreten werden, unter der das Zeichen steht. / Nur nach einem vorausgegangenen Staccato oder einer Pause darf es gleichzeitig mit dem Erklingen genommen werden. / „Ped“ bedeutet das Einschalten einer allgemeinen Hand- und Pedalpause, worauf das Pedal gleichzeitig mit dem Erklingen genommen werden muß. / Folgen zwei Pedalzeichen aufeinander, so wird das Pedal genau mit der neuen Note aufgehoben und wird dann wieder neu getreten. Dadurch wird ein Ineinanderfließen fremder Elemente vermieden, während gleichzeitig eine lückenlose Verbindung erzielt wird.

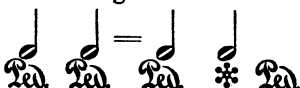
Somit heißt:



AVANT-PROPOS

Toutes les erreurs manifestes ont été simplement corrigées. Les transformations que l'éditeur a cru bon d'apporter au texte ont été gravées en petits caractères. Nous avons conservé sous ses traits fondamentaux l'indication du mouvement et du jeu, pour autant qu'elle est de Chopin. / Les arcs désignant la phrase ont été remplacés par les signes $\lceil$ et $\rceil$ (commencement ou fin d'une pensée). / En général la pédale ne doit être prise qu'après la note marquée „Ped“. / On ne peut la prendre au moment de jouer la note marquée d'un „Ped“ qu'après un staccato ou une pause. / „Ped“ signifie une pause générale des mains et de la pédale. Ensuite la pédale doit être prise en même temps que la note. / Si deux signes „Ped“ se suivent l'un l'autre, il faut lâcher la pédale au moment de toucher la nouvelle note et la reprendre ensuite. De cette façon on évite de mêler des éléments hétérogènes et l'on obtient une liaison parfaite.

Lisez donc:



PREFACE

Obvious mistakes which were found in the text have simply been corrected. Changes held to be necessary by the Editor are indicated by small print. The execution marks, as far as indicated by Chopin, have been generally retained. / Phrasing arcs are replaced by the marks $\lceil$ and $\rceil$, i. e. beginning and close of a musical phrase. / The pedal is to be used, as a rule, after the note, below which the mark is set. / Only after a preceding staccato or a pause the pedal may be used simultaneously with the sound. / „Ped“ means interpolating of a general hand- and pedal pause, whereupon the pedal must be used simultaneously with the sound. / If two pedal marks come in succession the pedal has to be raised exactly together with the new note, and then pressed down again. A melting of heterogenuous elements is thereby avoided, and at the same time a flawless binding is effected.

Read therefore:



LEONID KREUTZER

BALLADE

No. 4

ANDANTE CON MOTO

CHOPIN, Op. 52

The musical score is for "The Swan" by Maurice Strakosky, featuring a piano accompaniment and a vocal line. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 6/8 time. It consists of five systems of music.

System 1: The piano part begins with a *rubato* marking. The vocal line enters with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic. The piano part has fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and a *Red.* (Reduction) marking. The vocal line has a *p* (piano) dynamic and a *Red.* marking.

System 2: The piano part continues with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic. The vocal line has a *Red.* marking. The piano part has fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and a *Red.* marking.

System 3: The piano part begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The vocal line has a *calando* (diminuendo) marking. The piano part has fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and a *Red.* marking. The vocal line has a *mezza voce* (half-voice) marking and a *Red.* marking.

System 4: The piano part continues with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic. The vocal line has a *Red.* marking. The piano part has fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and a *Red.* marking.

System 5: The piano part continues with a *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic. The vocal line has a *Red.* marking. The piano part has fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and a *Red.* marking.

First system of the musical score. The right hand features a melodic line with various fingerings (2, 4, 2, 3, 5, 4, 2, 5, 4) and a dynamic marking of *pp*. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics below the staff are: 'Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.

Second system of the musical score. The right hand continues the melodic line with fingerings (4, 4, 3, 2). The dynamic marking changes to *mezza voce*. The lyrics below the staff are: Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. * Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.

Third system of the musical score. The right hand continues the melodic line with fingerings (5, 4). The dynamic marking changes to *mf*. The lyrics below the staff are: Red. * Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.

Fourth system of the musical score. The right hand continues the melodic line with fingerings (5, 1, 4, 3, 4, 5, 4). The lyrics below the staff are: Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.

Fifth system of the musical score. The right hand continues the melodic line with fingerings (4, 3, 2, 3, 1, 2). The dynamic marking changes to *p*. The lyrics below the staff are: Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.

[illegible]

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The music is in common time. The vocal line is written in a soprano clef, and the piano accompaniment is written in a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The piano part features a prominent bass line with a 4/4 time signature. The score includes a piano introduction, a vocal entry, and a piano accompaniment. The piano part is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The vocal line is marked with a piano (p) dynamic. The score includes a piano introduction, a vocal entry, and a piano accompaniment. The piano part is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The vocal line is marked with a piano (p) dynamic. The score includes a piano introduction, a vocal entry, and a piano accompaniment. The piano part is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The vocal line is marked with a piano (p) dynamic.

[illegible]

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in 3/4 time, featuring a piano and a vocal line. The piano part includes a tremolo effect and a crescendo. The vocal line includes lyrics and fingerings.

Musical notation includes treble and bass staves, a vocal line, and a piano part. The piano part features a tremolo effect and a crescendo. The vocal line includes lyrics and fingerings.

Lyrics: Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. * Red.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for a piano and voice. The piano part is in the left hand, and the voice part is in the right hand. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 2/4. The score consists of two systems. The first system has four measures, and the second system has four measures. The piano part features a simple harmonic accompaniment with some triplets and sixteenth notes. The voice part has a melody with some triplets and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are written below the piano part. The score is marked with 'Red.' and '*' symbols, indicating specific performance instructions.

This page of musical notation is for a piano piece, likely in the key of B-flat major (three flats) and 4/4 time. It consists of five systems of staves, each with a treble and bass staff. The notation is highly detailed, featuring numerous fingerings (numbers 1-5) and articulations (accents, slurs). Dynamic markings include *Red.* (likely *Red.* for *Red.*), *cresc.*, *poco*, *f*, and *più f*. The piece is characterized by complex, often chromatic, melodic lines in both hands, with many triplets and sixteenth-note passages. The notation is written in a style typical of 19th-century piano music, with a focus on technical virtuosity.

This page contains five systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation is written for both the right and left hands on grand staves.

- System 1:** The right hand features a melodic line with a 4/2 time signature. The left hand has a complex, descending chromatic accompaniment. Dynamics include *sfz* and *Red.* (Reduction). There are asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.
- System 2:** The right hand continues the melodic line with various fingering numbers (5, 4, 3, 2, 1). The left hand's accompaniment is dense. Dynamics include *ff* and *rit.* (ritardando). There are asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.
- System 3:** The right hand has a more active melodic line with many fingering numbers. The left hand's accompaniment is also active. Dynamics include *a tempo*, *mf*, and *cresc.* (crescendo). There are asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.
- System 4:** The right hand has a melodic line with a 4/4 time signature. The left hand's accompaniment is simpler. Dynamics include *ff*. There are asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.
- System 5:** The right hand has a melodic line with a 4/4 time signature. The left hand's accompaniment is simpler. Dynamics include *f* and *diminuendo*. There are asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.

Musical score for piano, featuring six systems of staves. The notation includes various fingerings, dynamics, and articulation marks.

Dynamics and markings include: *p*, *dolce*, *un poco cresc.*, *p calando*, *rubato*, *a tempo*, and *leggiero*.

The score includes numerous slurs, ties, and ornaments, indicating a complex and expressive piece.

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in 3/4 time, featuring a treble and bass staff. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the bass staff. The score is marked with "Ped." (Pedal) and "*" (Crescendo) symbols. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

The musical score for "The Red Rover" is presented in two systems. The first system consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff features a complex melody with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and is heavily annotated with fingering numbers (1-5) and slurs. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with fewer notes. The second system continues the piece, starting with a "rit." (ritardando) marking followed by "a tempo". The treble staff continues with similar melodic patterns, while the bass staff has more prominent, slower-moving notes. The piece concludes with a final chord in the bass staff. The title "The Red Rover" is printed below the bass staff, with asterisks separating the words.

[illegible]

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written for a piano and voice. The piano part is in the upper staff, and the voice part is in the lower staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The piano part features a complex melody with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and a bass line with a prominent five-finger pattern (5, 4, 3, 2, 1) in the first measure. The voice part is a simple melody with a trill in the second measure. The score is divided into two systems, each with a repeat sign at the end.

Musical score for "T. A. 164" by Robert Schumann. The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major, and consists of two staves. The upper staff is for the right hand, featuring a complex, flowing melody with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The lower staff is for the left hand, featuring a simpler, more rhythmic accompaniment. The piece begins with a "cresc." marking and ends with a "f" marking. The title "T. A. 164" is printed at the bottom right.

This page contains five systems of musical notation for a piano piece. Each system consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with various musical markings and fingerings.

- System 1:** Features a treble staff with complex fingerings (3 5 3 4 2 5, 3 5 3 5 3 5) and a bass staff with a 7-fingered note. Performance markings include *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, and *Red.* with asterisks. A measure number 35 is indicated.
- System 2:** Includes a *cresc.* marking. Fingerings are shown above notes in both staves. Performance markings include *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, and *Red.* with asterisks.
- System 3:** Starts with a *f* marking. Performance markings include *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, and *Red.* with asterisks.
- System 4:** Includes a *p* marking. Performance markings include *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, and *Red.* with asterisks.
- System 5:** Starts with a *pp* marking. Performance markings include *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, *Red.*, and *Red.* with asterisks. A *rub.* marking is present at the end.

5 2 5 4 3 2 I 5 2 3 2 I

4 I 4 I 4 3 2 5 4 4 3 2 5-3 4 2

4 4 I 2 3 5 I 2 3 5 I 2 3 5 I 2

pp *rall.*

Red. Red. Red. * Red. * Red. * Red. *

a tempo

p misterioso

Red. Red. Red. Red. Red. Red.*

The image shows a musical score for the piano accompaniment of 'L'Espresso' by Debussy. The score is written for a grand piano, with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is 3/4. The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above the notes. The score includes a 'Ped.' (pedal) section and a 'cresc.' (crescendo) section. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'.

[illegible]

a) *rubato*

p

cresc.

m.d.

mf

rub.

a) Herausgeber spielt:
Interprétation de l'éditeur:
Editor plays:

First system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 5, 2, 5, 1, 3, 13 tr, 2, 1, 3, 4, 1, 3, 2) and a trill marked '13 tr'. The left hand provides a steady bass accompaniment. Both staves are marked 'Red.'.

Second system of musical notation. The right hand includes dynamic markings *p*, *cresc.*, *e*, and *accel.*. It features complex fingerings and a sequence of eighth notes. The left hand continues the bass line. Both staves are marked 'Red.'.

Third system of musical notation. The right hand has intricate fingerings and a melodic line. The left hand has a bass line with some rests. Both staves are marked 'Red.' and contain asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with fingerings (1, 2, 1, 3, 1, 5, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 3). The left hand has a bass line with fingerings (1, 3, 1, 4). Both staves are marked 'Red.' and contain asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand begins with a *dolce* marking and a *p* dynamic. The left hand has a melodic line with fingerings (1, 3, 3, 2, 3, 3, 3, 2, 3, 2) and a *leggiero* marking. The system concludes with a *m.s.* marking. Both staves are marked 'Red.' and contain asterisks (*) indicating specific measures.

This page contains five systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation is written in a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature (C). The systems are as follows:

- System 1:** The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes. The left hand plays a continuous eighth-note pattern. Fingering numbers 1 and 3 are indicated in the left hand. The word "Red." appears below the left hand staff.
- System 2:** The right hand features a melodic line with a fermata. The left hand continues the eighth-note pattern with more complex fingerings (1, 4, 5, 3, 1, 3, 5, 5, 2, 3, 3, 2, 5, 2, 5, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2). The word "Red." appears below the left hand staff.
- System 3:** The right hand plays a melodic line with a crescendo marking. The left hand continues the eighth-note pattern. The word "Red." appears below the left hand staff.
- System 4:** The right hand plays a melodic line with a forte marking. The left hand continues the eighth-note pattern. The word "Red." appears below the left hand staff.
- System 5:** The right hand plays a melodic line. The left hand continues the eighth-note pattern. The word "Red." appears below the left hand staff.

The image displays a page of musical notation, likely for a piano piece, consisting of five systems of staves. The notation is in a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature (C). The systems are as follows:

- System 1:** The right hand (RH) features a triplet of eighth notes. The left hand (LH) has a series of eighth notes with fingerings 5, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, and 5. The tempo marking *marc.* is present. The system ends with a repeat sign.
- System 2:** The RH continues with eighth notes. The LH has eighth notes with fingerings 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, and 3. The system ends with a repeat sign.
- System 3:** The RH has a *passionato* marking and a *f* (forte) dynamic. The LH has eighth notes with fingerings 5, 4, and 2. The system ends with a repeat sign.
- System 4:** The RH has a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking and a *p* (piano) dynamic. The LH has eighth notes with fingerings 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1. The system ends with a repeat sign.
- System 5:** The RH has a series of eighth notes. The LH has eighth notes with fingerings 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 5, 4, 2, 4, 1, 2, 4, 5, 1, 5, 2, 4, 2, 3. The system ends with a repeat sign.

Throughout the piece, there are numerous fingerings indicated by numbers 1-5. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and repeat signs. The page is numbered 15 in the top right corner.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of six systems of staves. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. Dynamics and performance instructions are indicated throughout the piece.

System 1: The first system begins with a forte (*sfz*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) dynamic. It includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

System 2: The second system continues the melodic and harmonic development, maintaining the piano dynamic.

System 3: The third system introduces a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a forte (*ff*) dynamic. It includes a 4-measure rest and a 5-measure rest. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

System 4: The fourth system continues the melodic and harmonic development, maintaining the mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. It includes a 4-measure rest and a 5-measure rest. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

System 5: The fifth system begins with a forte (*ff*) dynamic, followed by a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. It includes a *molto cresc.* marking. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

System 6: The sixth system begins with a *pesante* marking, followed by a forte (*ff*) dynamic. It includes a *sostenuto* marking. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

System 7: The seventh system begins with a *pp* dynamic, followed by a *fff* dynamic. It includes a *sostenuto* marking. The notation features complex fingerings and slurs.

a) Nach Leschetizky:
 Suivant l'interprétation
 de Lechetizky:
 Lechetizky's reading:

*a tempo**f*

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

*dimin.**mf*

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

Red. *

First system of the musical score. The right hand features a complex melodic line with many accidentals and fingerings (1-5). The left hand plays a series of chords, some marked with 'Red.' and others with an asterisk (*). A dashed box highlights a specific passage in the right hand.

Second system of the musical score, labeled 'a)'. It continues the melodic and harmonic development. The right hand has a more active role with many sixteenth notes. The left hand continues with chords and some melodic fragments. Fingerings and dynamics like 'Red.' are indicated.

Third system of the musical score. The right hand has a melodic line with some rests. The left hand plays a continuous stream of sixteenth-note chords. Dynamics include 'Red.' and several asterisks (*).

Fourth system of the musical score, labeled 'a) Herausgeber spielt: Interpretation de l'éditeur The Editor's reading (Mikuli)'. It features a melodic line in the right hand and a more active left hand. A 'mf' dynamic marking is present. A dashed box highlights a passage in the right hand.

Fifth system of the musical score. The right hand has a melodic line with some rests. The left hand plays a continuous stream of sixteenth-note chords. A 'cresc.' (crescendo) marking is present. Dynamics include 'Red.' and an asterisk (*).

FRÉDÉRIC CHOPIN

SONATEN

b-moll — si bémol mineur — b flat minor Op. 35

Grave Doppio movimento (allegro assai)

T. A. Nr. 183

h-moll — si mineur — h minor Op. 58

T. A. Nr. 184

SCHERZI

Nr. 1. h-moll — si mineur — h minor Op. 20

Presto con fuoco

T. A. Nr. 204

Nr. 2. b-moll — si bémol mineur — b flat minor Op. 31

Presto

T. A. Nr. 205

Nr. 3. cis-moll — ut dièse mineur — c sharp minor Op. 39

Presto con fuoco

T. A. Nr. 206

Nr. 4. E-dur — mi majeur — e major Op. 54

Presto

T. A. Nr. 50

IMPROMPTUS

Nr. 1. As-dur — la bémol majeur — a flat major Op. 29

Allegro assai, quasi presto

T. A. Nr. 200

Nr. 2. Fis-dur — fa dièse majeur — f sharp major Op. 36

Allegretto

T. A. Nr. 200

Nr. 3. Ges-dur — sol bémol majeur — g flat major Op. 51

Tempo giusto (Allegro vivace)

T. A. Nr. 200

Fantaisie-impromptu cis-moll — ut dièse mineur — c sharp minor Op. 66

T. A. Nr. 118

BALLADEN

g-moll — sol mineur — g minor Op. 23

Largo

T. A. Nr. 115

F-dur — fa majeur — f major Op. 38

Andantino

T. A. Nr. 116

As-dur — la bémol majeur — a flat major Op. 47

Allegretto

T. A. Nr. 163

f-moll — fa mineur — f minor Op. 52

Andante con moto

T. A. Nr. 164

KLAVIERWERKE IN DER TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

J. S. BACH

(EDWIN FISCHER)

- Nr.
10. Englische Suiten I:
Nr. 1. A-dur, Nr. 2. a-moll,
Nr. 3. g-moll
11. Englische Suiten II:
Nr. 4. F-dur, Nr. 5. e-moll
12. Englische Suiten III:
Nr. 6. d-moll
5. Fantasien und Fugen a-moll
Nr. 1 und 2
Fantasien c-moll und a-moll
6. Präludien und Fugen
Nr. 1. a-moll, Nr. 2. a-moll,
Nr. 3. G-dur
7. Fantasie c-moll
Chromatische Fantasie
8. Französische Suiten I:
Nr. 1. d-moll, Nr. 2. c-moll,
Nr. 3. h-moll
9. Französische Suiten II:
Nr. 4. Es-dur, Nr. 5. G-dur,
Nr. 6. E-dur
*3. Zweistimmige Inventionen
*4. Dreistimmige Inventionen
166. Italienisches Konzert F-dur
13. Partiten I:
Nr. 1. d-moll, Nr. 2. c-moll
14. Partiten II:
Nr. 3. a-moll, Nr. 4. D-dur
15. Partiten III:
Nr. 5. G-dur, Nr. 6. e-moll
*1. Zwölf kleine Präludien und
sechs kleine Präludien
16. Toccaten und Fugen I:
Nr. 1. D-dur, Nr. 2. d-moll
17. Toccaten und Fugen II:
Nr. 3. g-moll, Nr. 4. G-dur
Nr. 5. e-moll
18. Toccaten und Fugen III:
Nr. 6. fis-moll, Nr. 7. c-moll
167. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 1
168. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 2
169. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band I, Heft 3
41. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 1
111. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 2
170. Das wohltemperierte Klavier
Band II, Heft 3
2. Leichtere Vortragsstücke:
Menuetten, kleine Fugen, drei
kleine Stücke in H-dur
165. Variationen in italienischer
Manier / Fuge über den Na-
men Bach / Präludio, Allegro
und Fuge Es-dur / Capriccio
über die Abreise des gelieb-
ten Bruders

BEETHOVEN

(ARTUR SCHNABEL)

155. Albumblatt „Für Elise“
161. Andante F-dur (Andante fa-
vori)
156. Bagatellen op. 33
157. Neue Bagatellen op. 119
158. Bagatellen op. 126
162. Ecossaisen
159. Fantasie g-moll op. 77
154. Rondo C-dur op. 51 Nr. 1 und
Rondo G-dur op. 51 Nr. 2
*123. Sonate Nr. 1. f-moll op. 2 Nr. 1
*124. Sonate Nr. 2. A-dur op. 2 Nr. 2
*125. Sonate Nr. 3. C-dur op. 2 Nr. 3
*126. Sonate Nr. 4. Es-dur op. 7
*127. Sonate Nr. 5. c-moll op. 10
Nr. 1
*128. Sonate Nr. 6. F-dur op. 10
Nr. 2
*129. Sonate Nr. 7. D-dur op. 10
Nr. 3
*130. Sonate Nr. 8. c-moll op. 13
(Pathétique)
*131. Sonate Nr. 9. E-dur op. 14
Nr. 1
*132. Sonate Nr. 10. G-dur op. 14
Nr. 2
*133. Sonate Nr. 11. B-dur op. 22
*134. Sonate Nr. 12. As-dur op. 26
135. Sonate Nr. 13. Es-dur op. 27
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(LEONID KREUTZER)

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KLAVIERWERKE IN DER TONMEISTER-AUSGABE

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(JAMES KWAST)

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(JAMES KWAST)

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