

MusankO

Musik anonymer KomponistInnen

Laudate, pueri, Dominum

für Sopran, Alt, Bass,
Streicher und Basso continuo

(D-DI Mus.2-E-755)

Partitur und Stimmen

Edition MusanKo

Edition MusanKo – Musik anonymer KomponistInnen

Ziel dieser Edition ist es, das in frei zugänglichen Quellen vorliegende, historische Notenmaterial anonymer KomponistInnen in eine für heutige MusikerInnen leichter lesbare Form zu überführen. Dazu werden z. B.

- Einzelstimmen spartiert,
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Laudate, pueri, Dominum für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo

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gesetzt mit Lilypond/Frescobaldi,

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Kontakt

Anregungen, Fragen, Kritik und Wünsche bitte jederzeit per Mail an schafha <at> web.de

Texte

Psalm 112 (griech. Zählung), 113 (hebr. Zählung)

(Allegro, 4/4, B-Dur, Besetzung: S, B, Streicher, B. c.)

Laudate, pueri, Dominum; laudate nomen Domini.

Sit nomen Domini benedictum ex hoc nunc et usque in saeculum.

A solis ortu usque ad occasum laudabile nomen Domini.

Excelsus super omnes gentes Dominus, et super caelos gloria eius.

(Largo, 3/4, d-Moll, Besetzung: B, 2 Vl, B. c.)

Quis sicut Dominus Deus noster, qui in altis habitat,
et humilia respicit in caelo et in terra?

(Allegro, 2/2, B-Dur, Besetzung: S. Streicher, B. c.)

Suscitans a terra inopem, et de stercore erigens pauperem:

(Andante, 3/4, F-Dur, Besetzung: S, B, B. c.)

Ut collocet eum cum principibus, cum principibus populi sui.

Qui habitare facit sterilem in domo, matrem filiorum laetantem.

(Adagio, 4/4, d-Moll, Besetzung: A, Streicher, B. c.)

Gloria patri et filio et spiritui sancto.

(Allegro, 4/4, B-Dur, Besetzung: S, B, Streicher, B. c.)

Sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in saecula saeculorum. Amen.

Übersetzung nach der Einheitsübersetzung aus dem Jahr 2016

(Quelle: <https://www.bibleserver.com/EU/Psalms113>, abgefragt am 15.11.2020):

Lobt, ihr Knechte, den Herrn, lobt den Namen des Herrn!

Der Name des Herrn sei gepriesen von nun an bis in Ewigkeit.

Vom Aufgang der Sonne bis zu ihrem Untergang sei gelobt der Name des Herrn.

Erhaben ist der Herr über alle Völker und über den Himmeln ist seine Herrlichkeit.

Wer ist wie der Herr, unser Gott, der wohnt in der Höhe, der hinabschaut in die Tiefe, auf Himmel und Erde?

Den Geringen richtet er auf aus dem Staub und aus dem Schmutz erhebt er den Armen,

um ihn wohnen zu lassen bei den Fürsten, bei den Fürsten seines Volks. Die Kinderlose lässt er wohnen im Haus als frohe Mutter von Kindern.

Ehre sei dem Vater und dem Sohn und dem heiligen Geist.

Wie es war im Anfang, jetzt und immerdar und von Ewigkeit zu Ewigkeit. So sei es.

Anmerkungen zur Edition

Die Editionsvorlage stammt aus der Notensammlung der Dresdner Hofkirche und Königlichen Privat-Musikaliensammlung und ist derzeit im *Répertoire International des Sources Musicales* (RISM) als anonym eingestuft, siehe bibliographischer Nachweis. Auf der Internetseite von RISM wird erwähnt, dass der Titel mit Angabe von Sopran und Bass nicht vollständig sei. Formal ist dies sicher richtig, denn die Gesangsstimme der vorletzten Arie *Gloria patri* ist im Altschlüssel notiert. Beim Ambitus der Sopranarien fällt allerdings auf, dass der Stimmumfang eher dem einer Mezzosopranstimme entspricht: d' bis f', f bis f'', f' bis g'', e' bis g''. Der Stimmumfang der „Alt“-Arie umfasst c' bis c''. Der Herausgeber sieht es daher als denkbar an, dass die Musik für einen Mezzosopran komponiert worden sein könnte, der die „Alt“-Partie mitgesungen hat. Für eine 22-taktige Arie eine separate Sängerin bzw. einen separaten Sänger zu rekrutieren, scheint zumindest aus heutiger Sicht ein zu hoher (finanzialler) Aufwand zu sein.

Danksagung

Ich danke

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Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Allegro

Musical score for 'Laudate, pueri, Dominum' in C major, 2/4 time. The score includes parts for Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Sopran, Bass, and B. c. The B. c. part features a basso continuo line with a sustained note and a repeating pattern of eighth notes.

Continuation of the musical score for 'Laudate, pueri, Dominum' starting from measure 3. The score includes parts for Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Sopran, Bass, and B. c. The B. c. part continues the basso continuo line with a sustained note and a repeating pattern of eighth notes.

6

Lau-dá - te, pu - e-ri, lau - da - te,

$\frac{6}{5} \quad 7 -$ $7 \quad 6 \quad 6 \quad 5$ $7 \quad 4 \quad 3$ 6 $7 -$ $6 \quad 6$

9

Do - minum; lau - da - te no - - - men_ Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te

$- \quad 6$ $6 -$ $7 -$ $7 -$ $7 -$ $6 \quad 6 \quad 6$ $4 - \quad 3$

12

f

f

f

no - men Do - mi - ni,

6 6 6 4 5 6 7 6 6 5 7 6

15

6 6 4 5 6 7 6 6 5 7 6

7 6 5 6 6 6 4 6 5 5 4 3

18

Lauda - te, pu - e-ri, lau - da - te

p

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 13 \\ \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$

21

Do - minum; lau - da - te no - - - men_ Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 9 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 16 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$

24

lau-da-te no-men Do - mi-ni,
 no-men Do-mi-ni, no-men Do - mi-ni,

6 7 7 7 6 5 6

27

lauda-te,

7 — 6 — 5 — 7 — 5 — 6 — 5 — 7 — 6

30

pu - e-ri, lau-da - te Do-minum; lauda-te no - men Do -

lau - da-te no - men Do -

7 6 6 5 4 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 4 3

34

5 4 5 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 6 7 6

37

f

mi - ni.

f

9 8 4 — #3 — 6 7 6 4 5 6 6 — 7 # — 6

Musical score for piano, page 10, system 2. The score consists of six staves. The top two staves are treble clef, the third staff is bass clef, and the bottom three staves are bass clef. The key signature is one flat. Measure 40 begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a tempo marking of 40. The music features complex patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing rests. Measure 41 starts with a bass clef, followed by a measure of rest. Measure 42 starts with a bass clef, followed by a measure of rest. Measure 43 starts with a bass clef, followed by a measure of rest. Measure 44 begins with a bass clef, featuring a dynamic of $\frac{4}{3}$, a key signature of one flat, and a tempo marking of 44. The music continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

43

Sit no-men Do - mini, sit be - ne -

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 5 & \#3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{matrix}$ 6 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 5 & \# \end{matrix}$ 6 7 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & \#3 \end{matrix}$ 6 6 5

46

ex hoc nunc et us - que in sae - cu -
dic - tum ex hoc nunc et us - que in sae - cu -

$\begin{matrix} 5 \\ \#3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 \\ \#3 \end{matrix}$ 6 5 7 $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} \#7 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ 6 $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ 9 8 — $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{matrix}$

49

lum, in sae - cu - lum.
 lum, in sae - culum,

\textit{f}
 6 — 5 7 6 7 — 6 # — 6 7 — 6
 5

52

Sit no-men Do - mini, sit be - ne - dic - tum ex hoc nunc et us -
 ex hoc nunc et us - que in sae -

p
 6 7 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ 6 5 5 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ 6 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

55

que in sae

9 8 9 8 7 7 7 7 5 6 9 8 9 8
 $\sharp\text{3}$ $\sharp\text{3}$ $\sharp\text{3}$ 6 $\sharp\text{3}$ $\sharp\text{7}$ $\sharp\text{7}$ $\sharp\text{7}$ $\sharp\text{7}$ $\sharp\text{3}$ $\sharp\text{5}$ $\sharp\text{6}$ $\sharp\text{9}$ 8 $\sharp\text{3}$

59

f f f

cu - lum.
 cu - lum.

6 4 $\sharp\text{3}$
 6 6 7 6 6 16 5 6
 $\sharp\text{6}$ $\sharp\text{3}$

62

Soprano: $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 3 \\ - \end{smallmatrix}$

Bassoon: $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 3 \\ - \end{smallmatrix}$

65

Soprano: $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$

Bassoon: $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 7 \\ \#3 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{smallmatrix}$

Text: A so - lis or - tu us-que ad oc -
A so - lis or - tu

68

ca sum
us-que ad oc - ca sum

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 5 & \#3 \end{matrix}$ 4 3 $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} \# & 7 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} \# \\ 5 \end{matrix}$ 6

71

lau-da - bi-le no

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 5 & \#3 \end{matrix}$ 6

p

7 6 7 6 7 6

74

men_ Do - mi - ni.

men_ Do - mi - ni.

7 6 7 ————— 6 6 6 # ————— 7 —————

77

Ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes,

7 ————— 7 ————— 6 ————— 6 ————— 5 ————— # ————— 6 6 —————

80

om - nes gen - tes Do - mi - nus, et su - per cae - los glo - - -
et su - per cae - - - los glo - - -

6 6 6 4 #3 6 7 7 4 3

83

f f f

ria e - ius,
ri-a e - ius,

9 8 6 5 4 3 7 6 5 7 6 5

86

Soprano: Alto: Tenor: Bass:

ex-celsus su - per om - nes, om-nes gentes Do - minus,
ex-celsus su - per om - nes, om-nes gentes Do - minus, et su - per

p

 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 5 4 3 6 5

Musical score for three voices and basso continuo, page 90. The score consists of five staves. The top three staves represent the three voices, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom two staves represent the basso continuo, with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in common time. The vocal parts sing in homophony, while the basso continuo provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

90

et su-per cae - los glo - ri-a e - ius,
cae - los glo - ri - a e - - - - ius, et su-per

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$

93

p

p

p

et su - per cae - los glo - ri - a e -

cae - los glo - ri - a

6 6 6 6 ————— 9 8 7 6 5 7 ————— 6 7 7 —————

Musical score for two voices and basso continuo, page 10, measures 96-100. The score consists of five staves. The top three staves are soprano and alto voices in treble clef, both in B-flat major. The fourth staff is a basso continuo part in bass clef, also in B-flat major. The fifth staff is a basso continuo part in bass clef, in common time. The vocal parts sing "ius, glo - ri - a e -". The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. Measure numbers 96, 8, 7, 9, 6, 4, 3, 6, 5, 4, 3 are indicated below the basso continuo staves.

100

ius.

ius.

6 7 — 6 6 7 — 6 7 — 6 7 — 5 2

103

6 6 6 — 4 3 4 3 — 6 7 — 7 6 6 5 7 4 3

Largo

Violine 1

Violine 2

Bass

B. c.

Quis si - cut Do - mi - nus De - us nos - ter,
 f

5 6 6 6 7 6 7 6

6

7 6 7 6 6 4 3 p # 5 6

11

6 6 7 5 6 6 6 5 7 6

16

al - - - - - tis ha - bi -

— 6 7 — 6 — 6 — 7 6 6 4 3

21

f p
f p

tat, et hu -

f p
— 6 — 7 — 6 — 7 — 6 — 7 4 3 — 6

26

mi - li - a res - pi - cit in cae - lo et in ter -

— 6 — 6 — 7 6 5 — 6 — 7 — 6

30

7 6 b5 b7 b6 b5 6 6 5 4 3

34

f p
f p

ra, et hu - mi - li - a res - pi - cit in

6 7 6 6 6 # 6 6

38

cae-lo et in ter

6 7 6 7 6 7 3 7 5 7

42

— 7 6 # — 6 6 6 4 #3

46

f p
f p
ra, in cae-lo et in ter - ra, in ter -
f p

— 6 — 6 5 7 6 6 6 6 6 4 #3

51

f
f
ra?
f

— 6 — 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 4 #3

Allegro

Violine 1

Violine 2

Viola

Sopran

B. c.

Su - sci - tans a ter ra in o-pem,

$\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ 7 $\frac{6}{5}$ 7 4 3

9

su - sci - tans a ter ra

$\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ 6 7 $\frac{6}{5}$ 7

17

p

p

p

in - o-pem, et de ster co-re e - ri-gens pau -

4 3 $\frac{6}{4}$ 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 9 — 6 6 5

26

pe-rem, **f**

4 3 6 6 4 3 1 15

34

p

6— 6— 6— 7 6— 7 6— 7

42

in - o-pem, et de ster-co-re e - - ri-gens pau - - -

4 3 7 6 7 9 8 9 8 7—

50

pe-re-m,

f

f

f

9 8 — 6 — — 6 — 6 6 6 4 3

58

et de ster-co-re e - ri-gens pau - - - pe-re-m:

5 6 6 7 6 6

66

6 — 6 —

Andante

Sopran

Bass

B. c.

Ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_

Ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_ prin-ci - pi-bus,

— 6 — 6 6 — 6 6 — 5 — 6 — 6 6 6 — 5 — ♫ — 7 — — 6 — 6

6

— 6 — 5 — 7 — 6 — — 5 — — 9 — 6 — 6 6 — 6 — 6 6

12

— 7 — — — 6 6 — 6 6 — 6 — 6 6 6 — 5 — ♫ — 7 — — — 6

18

— 6 — — 7 — 6 5 7 9 — 8 — 6 6 5 — 6 6 5 9 — 6 — 6

23

pu - li su - i. Qui
pu - li su - i.

6— 6— 6 7— 5 6 9— 8— 6 7 5 15 — 6— 6

28

ha - bi-ta-re fa - cit ste - ri-lem in do - - mo,
Qui ha - bi-ta-re fa - cit ste - ri-lem in

6 #6— 6— 6 4— #3— 6 7 #6 6— 5

33

ma - trem fili - o - rum lae - tan - - -
do - - - mo, ma - trem fili - o - rum lae - tan - - -

— 6— 6 4— 3— 6 9— #7 8 6 6 — 6 7 6 — 6— 5 6— 5 #3

38

tem, ma - trem fili - o - - - rum
tem, ma -

9— 8— 6 6— #5— 7— 6— 6— 5 6 7— 6— 6— 6

43

lae - tan
trem fi - o - rum lae - tan
9— 6 6 5 — 6 6 7— 7— 4— 3— 6 9— 6— 6—

48

tem, ma
tem, ma trem fi - li -
6— 6— 6 7 9— 8— 6— 4— 3— 6 9

53

trem fi - o - rum lae - tan
rum lae - tan
9 9 6— 6— 6 4 5 9— 6— 6

59

tem.
tem.
7— 6— 5 6— 7— 6— 6— 6— 6— 4 3 5—

Adagio

Violine 1

Violine 2

Alt

B. c.

This section contains four staves. Violin 1 and Violin 2 play eighth-note patterns. The Alto part is silent. The Basso Continuo (B. c.) part shows bass notes with sixteenth-note patterns below them, labeled with Roman numerals 5, 5, 6, and 6.

3

This section continues with four staves. Violin 1 and Violin 2 play eighth-note patterns. The Alto part is silent. The Basso Continuo (B. c.) part shows bass notes with sixteenth-note patterns below them, labeled with Roman numerals 4, #3, 6, #, —, 6, —, and 6.

5

This section continues with four staves. Violin 1 and Violin 2 play eighth-note patterns. The Alto part is silent. The Basso Continuo (B. c.) part shows bass notes with sixteenth-note patterns below them, labeled with Roman numerals 6, 5[hi], 6, 5, 6, 6, #, 6, 5, and 4, #3. The vocal line begins with "Glo - ri - a pa - - - tri et".

8

fi - li - o et spi - ri -

10

f *p*

to, *f* et spiri - tu - i

6
4 6 # — 6

13

sanc -

to, glo-ri-a

16

pa - tri, pa - tri et fi - li-o et spi - ri - tu - i sanc -

18

to, spi - ri -

20

f

- tu - i sanc - to.

f

— 6 6 6 6 6 5[\natural] 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5

Allegro

Violine 1

Violine 2

Viola

Sopran

Bass

B. c.

Si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et sem -

Si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et

6 6 6 6 6 5

4

5

6

7 6

7 4 3

6

per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin -

sem - per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin-ci - pi-o et

6

9

ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et sem - - - per, et nunc, et nunc et
nunc, et nunc et sem - - - per,
et

6 6 5 6 6 4 3

12

f f f

sem - - - per

nunc, et nunc et sem - - - per

6 7 7 6 7 4 3 6 7 6

16

6 7 — 6 7 — 5 6 7 — 2 6 6 6 —

19

p

p

p

et in sae - cula sae - cu - lo-rum.

4 3 4 3— 6 7— 7 6 6 5 7 4 3 6 7— 6 6— 5—

p

23

A - men,
et in sae - cula sae - cu - lo-rum. A - men,

26

men, et in
men,

$\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ 7 6 5 9 8 4 — $\frac{13}{6}$

29

sae - cu-la sae - cu - lo-rum. A - men,
a - - - - men,
7 6 6 6 6 6 6 7

32

p

p

p

men,

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men, a - - -

6 7 6 6 - 5 6 6 6 6

35

men,
men,

7 7 7 7 7 — 6 6 6 4 — #3 — 6

38

et in sae - cula saecu-lorum. A - men,

et in sae - cula

6 6 5 — 6 6 — 6 6 7 —

41

sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men,

a -

6 6 6 9 8 6 7 7 6 7 6 6 5

44

6 6 — 6 6 5 7 6 6 — 6 7 4 — 6 — 7 7 7

48

measures 48-50:

- Measures 48-50: Four staves of music. The top two staves are soprano (G clef) and alto (C clef), both in common time and B-flat major. The third staff is basso continuo (F clef), also in common time and B-flat major. The bottom staff is basso continuo (F clef), also in common time and B-flat major.
- Measure 48: Dynamics f (fortissimo) for all parts. The basso continuo part has a bassoon-like sound with sustained notes and grace notes.
- Measure 49: Dynamics f (fortissimo) for all parts. The basso continuo part continues with sustained notes and grace notes.
- Measure 50: Dynamics f (fortissimo) for all parts. The basso continuo part continues with sustained notes and grace notes.
- Text: "men," appears under the alto staff, and "a -" appears under the basso continuo staff.
- Measure 51: Dynamics p (pianissimo) for the basso continuo part.

51

measures 51-53:

- Measures 51-53: Four staves of music. The top two staves are soprano (G clef) and alto (C clef), both in common time and B-flat major. The third staff is basso continuo (F clef), also in common time and B-flat major. The bottom staff is basso continuo (F clef), also in common time and B-flat major.
- Measure 51: All staves are silent.
- Measure 52: All staves are silent.
- Measure 53: All staves are silent.
- Measure 54: The soprano and alto staves begin with eighth-note patterns. The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support.
- Measure 55: The soprano and alto staves continue their eighth-note patterns. The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support.
- Measure 56: The soprano and alto staves continue their eighth-note patterns. The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support.
- Text: Measure numbers 6, 6, 7, 7, 6, 7, 6, 6 are placed below the basso continuo staff.

54

men.

men.

9 8 6 5 4 — 3 6 7 — 6 6 5 7 — 6

57

7 — 6 5 7 — 4 2 6 7 7 6 — 6 5 7 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 4 3

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo
Sopran

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Allegro

Soprano C

Bass C

B. c. C

5 Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te,

9 Do - min-um; lau-da-te no - - men Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te no - men Do - mi-

13 ni,

17 Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te

The musical score consists of four staves. The top staff is for the Soprano, the second for the Bass, the third for the Basso continuo (B. c.), and the bottom staff contains the continuo part. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). Measure 1 starts with a single note in each part. Measures 2-4 show sustained notes. From measure 5 onwards, the vocal parts begin to sing. The soprano and bass sing eighth-note patterns, while the continuo parts provide harmonic support. The lyrics 'Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te,' appear in measure 5, followed by 'Do - min-um;' in measure 9, 'ni,' in measure 13, and 'Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te' again in measure 17. Measure numbers 1, 5, 9, 13, and 17 are indicated above the staves.

21

lau-da-te no - men
Do-minum; lau-da-te no - men Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te no - men Do - mi-

25

Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te,
ni, no-men Do - mi-ni,

30

pu - e-ri, lau-da - te Do-mi-num; lau-da-te no - men Do -
lau - da-te no - men Do -

34

mi - mi -

38

ni.
ni.

43

ex hoc nunc et us -
Sit no-men Do-mi-ni, sit be - ne-dic - tum ex hoc nunc et

47

- que in sae - cu-lum, in sae - cu - lum.
us-que in sae - cu - lum, in sae - cu-lum,

51

Sit no-men Do - mi - ni, sit be - ne-dic - tum ex hoc nunc et us -
ex hoc nunc et us - que in sae -

55

que in sae - cu -
cu - cu - cu -

60

lum.
lum.

65

A so-lis or - tu us-que ad oc - ca -
A so-lis or - tu us-que ad oc - ca -
sum lau-da-bile no -
sum lau-da - bile no

69

men Do - mi - ni.
men Do - mi - ni.
men Do - mi - ni.
men Do - mi - ni.

73

Ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes gen-tes Do - mi-nus,
et su-per
Ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes gen-tes Do - mi-nus,
et su-per
Ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes gen-tes Do - mi-nus,
et su-per

77

et su-per cae - los glo - ria e - ius,
caae - los glo - ria e - ius,
et su-per cae - los glo - ria e - ius,
caae - los glo - ria e - ius,

81

et su-per cae - los glo - ria e - ius,
caae - los glo - ria e - ius,
et su-per cae - los glo - ria e - ius,
caae - los glo - ria e - ius,

85

ex-cel-sus su-per om-nes, om-nes gen-tes
ex-cel-sus su-per om-nes, om-nes gen-tes Do-mi-ni

89

Do-mi-nus, et su-per cae-los glo-ri-a e-ius,
nus, et su-per cae-los glo-ri-a e-ius, et su-per

93

et su-per cae-los glo-ri-a e-ius,
cae-los glo-ri-a e-ius

97

ius, glo-ri-a e-ius,
ius, glo-ri-a e-ius

102

- - - - -

Quis sicut (tacet)

Allegro

Sopran

B. c.

10

19

28

37

46

55

64

su - sci - tans a____ ter - ra_ in - o-pem,
su - sci - tans a____ ter - ra_ in - o-pem, et de
ster - co-re e - ri-gens pau
pe-rem,
su - sci - tans a____ ter - ra_ in - o-pem, et de ster - co-re e -
ri-gens pau
- pe-rem, et de ster - co-re e - ri-gens pau
- pe-rem:

Andante

Sopran

Ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_

Bass

Ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_ prin-ci - pi-bus,

B. c.

6

prin-ci - pi-bus, cum prin - ci - pi -

cum_ prin - ci - pi - bus po - pu-li

11

bus po - pu-li su - - i, ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_

su - - i, ut

16

prin-ci - pi-bus, cum prin - ci - pi-bus

col - lo-cet e - um cum_ prin-ci - pi-bus, cum_ prin -

21

po - ci - pi-bus po - pu -

26

- li su - i. Qui ha - bi-ta-re fa - cit ste - ri-lem in
- li su - i. Qui ha - bi-ta-re

31

do - mo, ma - trem fi - li - o rum lae -
fa - cit ste - ri-lem in do - mo, ma - trem fi - li -

36

tan - tem, ma - trem fi - li -
o rum lae - tan - tem,

41

rum lae - tan
ma - trem fi-li-o rum lae - tan

47

tem, ma -
tem, ma - trem fi - li -

53

trem fi - li - o rum lae - tan
rum lae - tan

59

tem.
tem.

Gloria patri (tacet)

Allegro

Sopran Si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et sem -

Bass Si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et

B. c. -

per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin -

sem - per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin-ci - pi-o et

per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin-ci - pi-o et

ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et sem - per, et nunc, et nunc et

nunc, et nunc et sem - per, et

sem - per

nunc, et nunc et sem - per

- - - -

- - - -

- - - -

per, et nunc et sem - per

20

et in sae-cu-la sae-cu-lo-rum. A-men,
et in sae-cu-la

24
sae-cu-lo-rum. A-men, a -

men, et in sae-cu-la sae-cu-lo-rum. A-men, a -
men, a - men,

32
men, a -
et in sae-cu-la sae-cu-lo-rum. A-men, a -
men, et in sae-cu-la sae-cu-lo-rum. A-men, a - men;

36
men, et in sae-cu-la
men, et in sae-cu-la

40

sae-cu-lo-rum. A - men, sae - cu-lo - rum. A-men, a - - -
et in sae-cu-la sae-cu-lo-rum. A - - - men, a - - -

44

48

men, a - - -
men, a - - -

52

men.
men.

56

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo

Alt

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Laudate, pueri, Dominum (tacet)

Quis sicut (tacet)

Suscitans a terra (tacet)

Ut collectet (tacet)

Gloria patri (Adagio)

Violine 1/2

Alt

B. c.

3

5

7

Glo - ri - a pa - -
- tri et fi - li-o et spi - ri - - tu - i

9

sanc

11

to, *f*

et spi - ri tu - i

13

sanc

15

to, glo - ri - a pa - tri, pa - tri et fi - li-o et spi

17

ri tu - i sanc

Musical score for the Alt part, measures 19-20. The score consists of three staves: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The vocal parts sing "to, spi - ri - tu - i sanc - to." The bass part provides harmonic support. Measure 19 ends with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 20 begins with a forte dynamic (f).

Musical score for the Alt part, measure 21. The score consists of three staves: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The vocal part continues the melodic line established in previous measures.

Sicut erat (tacet)

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
 für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo

Bass

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Allegro

Sopran

Bass

B. c.

5

Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te,

9

Do - min-um; lau-da-te no - men Do - mi-ni, lau-da-te no - men Do - mi-

13

ni,

17

Lau-da-te, pu - e-ri, lau-da - te

Bass

21

25

30

34

43

Bass

ex hoc nunc et us

Sit no-men Do - mini, sit be - ne-dic - tum ex hoc nunc et

- que in sae cu-lum, in sae cu - lum.

us-que in sae cu - lum, in sae cu-lum,

Sit nomen Do - mini, sit be - nedic - tum ex hoc nunc et us

ex hoc nunc et us - que in sae

que in sae cu -

cu -

lum.

lum.

65

A so-lis or - tu us-que ad oc - ca -
A so-lis or - tu us-que ad oc - ca -

69

sum lau-da-bile no -
sum lau-da-bile no -

73

men Do - mi - ni.
men Do - mi - ni.

77

Ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes gen-tes Do - minus,
et su-per

81

et su-per cae - los glo - ria e - ius,
cae - los glo - ria e - ius,

85

ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes_gen-tes
ex-cel-sus su - per om - nes, om-nes gen-tes Do - mi-

89

Do-mi-nus, et su-per cae - los glo - ri-a e - ius,
nus, et su - per cae - los glo - ri-a e - ius, et su-per

93

et su-per cae - los glo - ri-a e - ius,
cae - los glo - ri-a e - ius

97

ius, glo - ri-a e - ius,
ius, glo - ri-a e - ius

102

(empty measure), (empty measure), (empty measure)

Bass

Largo

Bass Quis si - cut Do - mi - nus De - us nos - ter,

B. c.

6 quis si - cut

10 Do - mi - nus De - us nos - ter, qui in

14 al - - - - - tis, in al - - - - -

17 tis ha - bi -

21 tat,

25 et hu - mi - li - a res - pi - cit in cae - lo et

29

32

36

40

43

47

52

Bass

Andante

Sopran

Bass

B. c.

Ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_ prin-ci - pi-bus,

6

- prin-ci - pi-bus, cum_ prin - ci - pi-bus

11

bus po - pu-li su - - i, ut col - lo-cet e - um cum_

su - - i, ut

16

_ prin-ci - pi-bus, cum_ prin - ci - pi-bus

col - lo-cet e - um cum_ prin-ci - pi-bus, cum_ prin -

21

po - - - - pu - - - -
ci - pi-bus po - - - - pu - - - -

26

- li su - - i. Qui ha - bi - ta - re fa - cit ste - ri - lem in
- li su - - i. Qui ha - bi - ta - re

31

do - - - mo, ma - - - trem fi - li - o - rum lae -
fa - cit ste - ri - lem in do - - - mo, ma - - trem fi - li -

36

tan - - - tem, ma - - trem fi - li -
o - rum lae - tan - - - tem,

41

rum lae - tan
ma - trem fi - li - o rum lae - tan

47

- tem, ma -
tem, ma - trem fi - li -

53

- trem fi - li - o rum lae - tan
o rum lae - tan

59

tem.
tem.

Glori patri (tacet)

Allegro

Soprano

Bass

B. c.

per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin -

sem - per, et nunc et sem - per, si - cut e - rat in prin - ci - pi-o et

ci - pi-o et nunc, et nunc et sem - per, et nunc, et nunc et

nunc, et nunc et sem - per, et

sem - per

nunc, et nunc et sem - per

16

20

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men,

et in sae - cu - la

24

a

sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men, a -

men.

28

men, et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men, a -

men,

a - men,

32

men, a -

et in sae - cu - la sae - cu - lo - rum. A - men, a -

men,

36

men, et in sae - cu - la

men,

men,

40

sae-cu-lo-rum. A - men, sae - cu-lo - rum. A-men, a -
et in sae-cula sae-cu-lo-rum. A - men, a -

44

48

men, a - men, a -

52

men, a - men, a -

56

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo
Violine 1

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Laudate, pueri, Dominum (Allegro)

The musical score consists of nine staves of music for Violin 1. The key signature is common time (indicated by 'C') with one flat. The tempo is Allegro.

- Staff 1:** Measures 1-3. The music features eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measure 3 ends with a dynamic **p**.
- Staff 2:** Measures 4-7. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 7 ends with a dynamic **p**.
- Staff 3:** Measures 8-11. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes.
- Staff 4:** Measures 12-15. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 12 starts with a dynamic **f**.
- Staff 5:** Measures 16-19. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 18 ends with a dynamic **p**.
- Staff 6:** Measures 20-23. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 20 ends with a dynamic **f**. Measure 23 has a measure repeat sign (2).
- Staff 7:** Measures 24-27. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 27 ends with a dynamic **f**.
- Staff 8:** Measures 28-31. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 31 ends with a dynamic **f**.
- Staff 9:** Measures 32-35. The music continues with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. Measure 35 ends with a dynamic **f**.

Violine 1

2

41

Violine 1

45

52

61

64

70

78

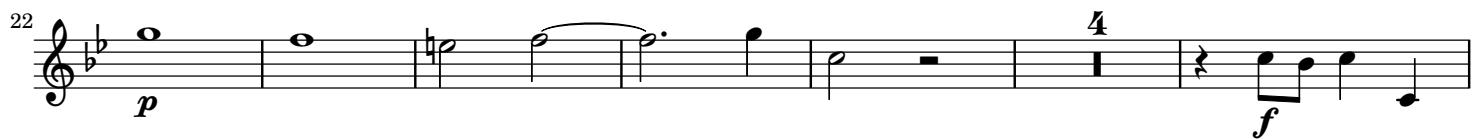
86

100

103

Quis sicut (Largo)

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for Violin 1. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is mostly common time (indicated by '4'). The score begins with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 1-6 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 7 starts with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 8-12 continue the eighth-note patterns. Measure 13 begins with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 14-18 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 19 begins with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 20-24 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 25 begins with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 26-30 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 31 begins with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 32-36 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 37 begins with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 38-42 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 43 begins with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 44-48 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 49 begins with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 50-54 show eighth-note patterns.

Suscitans a terra (Allegro)*Ut collecet (tacet)*

Gloria patri (Adagio)

Musical score for Violin 1 of 'Gloria patri (Adagio)'. The score consists of 12 staves of music, numbered 1 through 21. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music features various note heads, stems, and bar lines, with some notes having dots or dashes indicating specific performance techniques. Dynamics are indicated by 'f' (fortissimo), 'p' (pianissimo), and 'z' (acciaccatura). Measure 11 includes dynamic markings 'f' and 'p' below the staff. Measures 19 and 21 include dynamic markings 'f' below the staff.

Sicut erat (Allegro)

14

The musical score consists of ten staves of violin music. Staff 1 (measures 1-16) starts with a long note followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 2 (measures 17-24) shows eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 3 (measures 25-32) includes dynamic markings *p* and *f*. Staff 4 (measures 33-40) features eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 5 (measures 41-48) includes dynamic markings *p* and *f*. Staff 6 (measures 49-56) includes dynamic markings *f* and *p*. Staff 7 (measures 57-64) ends with a fermata.

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo
Violine 2

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Laudate, pueri, Dominum (Allegro)

The musical score consists of nine staves of music for Violin 2. The key signature is common time (indicated by 'C') with one flat. The tempo is Allegro.

- Staff 1:** Measures 1-3. Dynamics: dynamic markings at the beginning of each measure.
- Staff 2:** Measure 4. Dynamics: *p* (piano) at the end of the measure.
- Staff 3:** Measure 8. Dynamics: dynamic marking at the beginning of the measure.
- Staff 4:** Measure 12. Dynamics: *f* (fortissimo) at the beginning of the measure.
- Staff 5:** Measure 16. Dynamics: *p* (piano) at the end of the measure.
- Staff 6:** Measure 20. Dynamics: dynamic marking at the beginning of the measure.
- Staff 7:** Measure 23. Dynamics: *f* (fortissimo) at the beginning of the measure. Measure number '2' is written above the staff.
- Staff 8:** Measure 29. Dynamics: *p* (piano) at the beginning of the measure. Measure number '6' is written above the staff.
- Staff 9:** Measure 38. Dynamics: *f* (fortissimo) at the beginning of the measure.

41

45

52

61

64

70

77

85

95

103

Quis sicut (Largo)

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for Violin 2. The key signature starts at B-flat major (two flats) and changes frequently, including G major (one sharp), F major (one flat), E major (no sharps or flats), D major (one sharp), C major (no sharps or flats), and A major (one sharp). The time signature is mostly common time (indicated by '4'). Dynamics include *f* (fortissimo), *p* (pianissimo), and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers are indicated on the left side of each staff: 1, 7, 13, 17, 22, 27, 31, 35, 40, 45, and 51.

Suscitans a terra (Allegro)

***Ut collectet* (tacet)**

Gloria patri (Adagio)

Musical score for Violin 2 of 'Gloria patri (Adagio)'. The score consists of 12 staves of music, numbered 1 through 21. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music features various note heads, stems, and bar lines, with some notes having dots or dashes indicating specific performance techniques. Measure 11 includes dynamic markings 'f' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo). Measures 19 and 21 include dynamic markings 'f' (fortissimo).

Sicut erat (Allegro)

14

The musical score consists of ten staves of violin part. Staff 1 (measures 14-16) starts with a sustained note followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 2 (measures 17-19) shows eighth-note pairs. Staff 3 (measures 20-23) includes a dynamic *p*. Staff 4 (measures 29-32) includes a dynamic *p*. Staff 5 (measures 33-36) includes a dynamic *f*. Staff 6 (measures 39-42) includes a dynamic *f*. Staff 7 (measures 43-46) includes a dynamic *f*. Staff 8 (measures 51-54) includes a dynamic *f*. Staff 9 (measures 57-59) ends with a final dynamic *f*.

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo
Viola

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Laudate, pueri, Dominum (Allegro)

The musical score consists of 15 staves of music for the Viola. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature varies throughout the piece, indicated by numbers 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 above the staff. Measure numbers are provided at the beginning of each staff: 1, 6, 12, 18, 24, 32, 43, 52, 63, 70, 84, and 101. Dynamics such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte) are used. The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

Quis sicut (tacet)

***Suscitans a terra* (Allegro)**

Musical score for orchestra, page 10, measures 5-8.

Measure 5: Bassoon and Double Bass play eighth-note patterns. The bassoon starts with a sustained note followed by eighth-note pairs. The Double Bass enters with eighth-note pairs.

Measure 6: Bassoon and Double Bass continue their eighth-note patterns. The bassoon has a dynamic *p*. The Double Bass has a dynamic *f*.

Measure 7: Bassoon and Double Bass continue their eighth-note patterns. The bassoon has a dynamic *p*.

Measure 8: Bassoon and Double Bass continue their eighth-note patterns. The bassoon has a dynamic *f*.

Ut colleget (tacet)
Gloria patri (tacet)

***Sicut erat* (Allegro)**

Musical score for orchestra, page 14, measures 0-1.

Measure 0: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic.

Measure 1: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Measures 2-3: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **p**.

Measure 4: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **p**.

Measure 5: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Measure 6: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Measure 7: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Measure 8: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Measure 9: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Measure 10: Bassoon 1 and Bassoon 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 3 holds a note. Dynamics: **f**.

Laudate, pueri, Dominum
für Sopran, Alt, Bass, Streicher und Basso continuo
Basso continuo

Anonymus, D-Dl Mus.2-E-755

Laudate, pueri, Dominum (Allegro)

16

21

27

33

39

44

50 *f*

56 *f*

61

66 *p* *f*

71 *p* *f*

77 *p*

83 *f* *p*

89

95 *f*

101

***Quis sicut* (Largo)**

Quis sicut (Largo)

f

5 6 6 6 #3 7 6 7 6 7 6

p

#3 7 6 6 4 #3 #5 6 6 7 #3

5 6 6 — 6 5 7 — — — 6 7

f

6 — 7 6 5 4 3 — 6 — 6

p

7 6 5 4 3 6 # — 6

6 — #3 4 5 — 6 — 7 6

f

b5 — b7 b6 b5 6 6 5 4 3 —

p

6 — #3 — 6 6 6 # 6 — 6 — 7 6

7 — 6 — #3 — 7 6 5 #3 7 # — #3 — 6 5 # 6

f

6 4 #3 — 6 — 6 7 #3 6 6 6 5 4 #3

f

6 — 7 6 5 4 3 7 6 5 4 3 6

Suscitans a terra (Allegro)

11

21

31

41

52

63

Ut collectet (Andante)

8

15

22

28

34

41

48

57

Gloria patri (Adagio)

4

7

20

Sicut erat (Allegro)

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for bassoon. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music begins with a dynamic marking of **f**. The first staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The third staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The seventh staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The eighth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The ninth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The tenth staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat.