

Acte quatrième

Scène j^{re} Circe, Picus.

Circe

Ciel que me dites uous la couriray-ie infidelle
aux de pens de mes jours ueul elle étre immortelle cori
ray-ie que l'ingraffe au mepris de la foy gardoit ce
prix a ma constance et ce peut il que contre
moy Elle implore Vôtre puissance Nowdow-

ter que la gloire ait pu le degager Et ie
 men étonne moy même ie comprens trop
 Comme on uous aime Mais ie ne comprens pas Comme lon
 peut changer ie comprens trop comme on uous aime
 Mais ie ne comprens pas Comme lon peut changer oh
 laisser moy la uoir ceder a mes allarmes laissez

276

moy luy montrer un depit éclatant qu'au moins mon des-

poir mes reproches mes larmes troublent le bonheu qu'il ait

tend Dois je trahir son esperance Elle fuit ence

vieux uôtre triste douleur Pourriez vous a mes yeux refu-

ser sa prelence aider uous la perfide a me percer le

coeur Cessez d'aimez une inhumaine Je do-

vez

A handwritten musical score for a single voice (soprano or alto) and basso continuo. The music is written on five staves of five-line staff paper. The vocal line consists of short note heads with vertical stems, primarily quarter notes. The basso continuo line is below, featuring larger note heads and some rests. The lyrics are written in French, with some words in italics. The score begins with a section starting with "vit doit vous de gager dans le plaisir d'une now-", followed by "uelle chaîne vous trouueriez celuy de vous uenger", "dans le plaisir d'une nouvelle chaîne vous trouue-", "rion celuy de vous uenger Dieux quelle trahison", "quoy l'imphe trop cruelles mon riual vous rend", and ends with "in fi delle quoy vous Sacrifiez mes". The score is numbered 177 at the top right.

278

feux a ses amours Il nous est doux d'etre cruel-
le pour l'adorez sans cesse et me trahir toujours
ah cen est trop mon coeur au delespoir se liurez
chevchons un sort plus doux dans l'eternal quibl'e
elle cen est fait ie uais cellez de uiure Vo-
il temps le ruisseau en effeuillante
tre bonheur est accompli Profitons profi-

ton du transport qui l'accable effaçons de son

caur les premières a mouis et pour feror l'in-

grat a Me trouuer aimable Employons de mon

part les plus puissans secours

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280

Preludio

Musical score for two staves:

- Staff 1 (Treble Clef):
 - Measure 1: 8 notes
 - Measure 2: 8 notes
 - Measure 3: 8 notes
 - Measure 4: 8 notes
 - Measure 5: 8 notes
 - Measure 6: 8 notes
 - Measure 7: 8 notes
 - Measure 8: 8 notes
 - Measure 9: 8 notes
 - Measure 10: 8 notes
- Staff 2 (Bass Clef):
 - Measure 1: 8 notes
 - Measure 2: 8 notes
 - Measure 3: 8 notes
 - Measure 4: 8 notes
 - Measure 5: 8 notes
 - Measure 6: 8 notes
 - Measure 7: 8 notes
 - Measure 8: 8 notes
 - Measure 9: 8 notes
 - Measure 10: 8 notes

Section: *Preludio*

Section: *Scena 2*

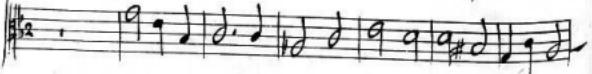
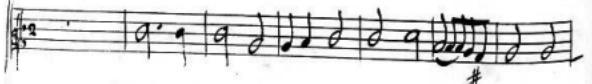
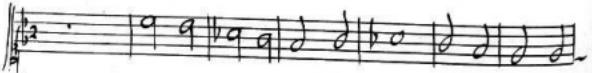
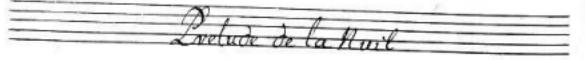
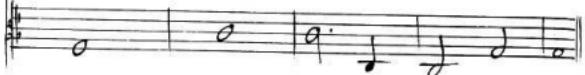
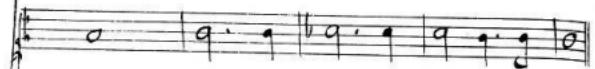
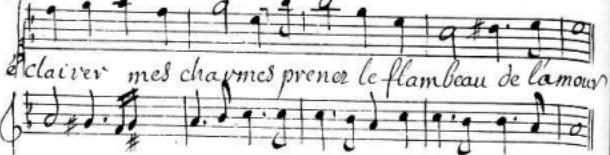
Civet

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, common time, with lyrics in French. The piano part is in bass F-clef, common time. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a forte dynamic. The lyrics "Les voiles de la nuit sont mes plus fortes armes" are followed by "Vener". The music includes various dynamics like forte, piano, and accents. The score is dated "281" at the end of the first staff.

Les voiles de la nuit sont mes plus fortes armes Vener

Sombre Décesse et triompher du jour Et s'il se peut pour

182



289

A handwritten musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains five measures of music. The music includes various note heads, stems, and bar lines. There are several blank lines of five-line staff paper below the second staff.



291

Handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of two systems of music. The top system starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics in French are: "Je viens à ton pouvoir ajouter ma puissance tes". The bottom system starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics in French are: "Chavines ne uont plus trouuer de resistance Ne les devole". The music is written in a traditional staff notation with note heads and stems.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of ten staves of music, mostly in common time, with some measures in 2/4 time indicated by a '2'. The vocal part includes lyrics in French. The piano accompaniment is provided by harmonic suggestions above the staff, such as Roman numerals and sharps. The score is written on a single page with a large rectangular border.

la tous les yeux sombre mystère et vous profond Si-

lence regner avec moy dans ces lieux

286

Civet!

Scene 1^e

A handwritten musical score for a vocal part, likely a soprano or alto, consisting of ten staves of music. The score is in common time and includes lyrics in French. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'Civet'. The lyrics are:

Upris sur qui i'exerce un souverain Empire
Faitez briller icy nos magiques clairties Vener uer-
ser sur luy des parfums enchantez Et porter dans son

The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The key signature changes between staves, with some staves in one sharp and others in no sharps or flats. The tempo remains constant at 'Civet' throughout the piece.

sein tout l'amour qu'il inspire.



Les magiciens







290

A handwritten musical score for a single melodic line, likely for a woodwind instrument. The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a unique key signature and time signature. The first staff begins with a key signature of three sharps and a common time, followed by a section with a key signature of one sharp and a common time. The second staff starts with a key signature of one sharp and a common time. The third staff begins with a key signature of one sharp and a common time, followed by a section with a key signature of one flat and a common time. The fourth staff starts with a key signature of one flat and a common time. The fifth staff begins with a key signature of one flat and a common time, followed by a section with a key signature of one sharp and a common time. The sixth staff starts with a key signature of one sharp and a common time. The seventh staff begins with a key signature of one sharp and a common time, followed by a section with a key signature of one flat and a common time. The eighth staff starts with a key signature of one flat and a common time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The score is written on five-line staff paper.

Les graces



292
choeur de fantomes agreeables

The musical score consists of six staves. The top three staves are for the orchestra, featuring violins (labeled 'Violons') and a basso continuo (labeled 'Basse continuo'). The bottom three staves are for the vocal parts, labeled 'choeur de fantomes agreeables'. The vocal parts sing the same melody in unison. The music is in common time, with various dynamics and articulations indicated by dots and dashes. The vocal parts sing the lyrics: 'Descender Dieu charmant Dieu charmant descendez Dieu char-' followed by a repeat sign, then 'Descendez' followed by another repeat sign, and finally 'Descender Dieu charmant Dieu charmant descendez Dieu char-'.

mant descer der Dieu chav'm à trepon der repon der a nos

mant descer der Dieu chav'm à repon der repon der a nos

Q. 3.

A handwritten musical score for two voices. The music is in common time (indicated by '9' on the first measure). The vocal parts are written on separate staves. The lyrics are in French and appear under the notes. The score consists of eight measures of music, followed by four blank lines for continuation.

uœux lancer lancer nos traits Et seconder nos

uœux lancer lancer nos traits et seconder nos

298

charmes lancé lancé *vers l'au-delà et secondes notes*

A musical score page from Georges Bizet's "Tous ensembles". The page is numbered 102 at the top right. It features two staves of music. The first staff uses soprano and alto voices, while the second staff uses tenor and bass voices. The music consists of a series of eighth-note chords and rests.

A musical score page from a historical manuscript. The top line shows a single measure with a 'G' clef, a 'C' time signature, and a '9' indicating nine measures. The notes include a long note followed by six eighth notes. Below this is a lyrics line: 'deau mes lances'.

A musical score page showing two measures of music for orchestra. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 10 starts with a bassoon solo followed by a dynamic instruction 'P' (piano). Measure 11 begins with a forte dynamic 'F' and continues with woodwind entries.

A single measure of musical notation on a staff. It consists of a whole note followed by a half note, a quarter note, and an eighth note.

A musical score page showing measures 9 through 12. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses bass F-clef. Measure 9 starts with a whole note followed by a half note. Measures 10 and 11 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 12 concludes with a half note.

A musical score page showing measures 9 through 12. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 9 starts with a quarter note followed by a dotted half note. Measure 10 consists of two eighth notes. Measure 11 starts with a quarter note followed by a dotted half note. Measure 12 starts with a quarter note followed by a dotted half note.

A musical score page showing measures 1 through 8. The key signature changes from A major (no sharps or flats) to E major (one sharp) at measure 5. The time signature is common time throughout. Measures 1-4 show a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. Measures 5-8 introduce a bass line, with the melody continuing above it.

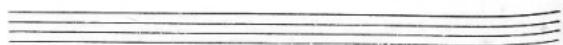
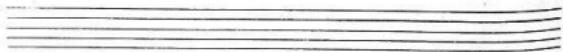
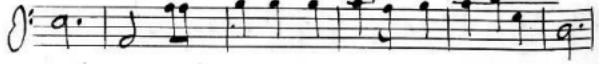
A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 10 and 11 are shown, featuring various note heads and stems.

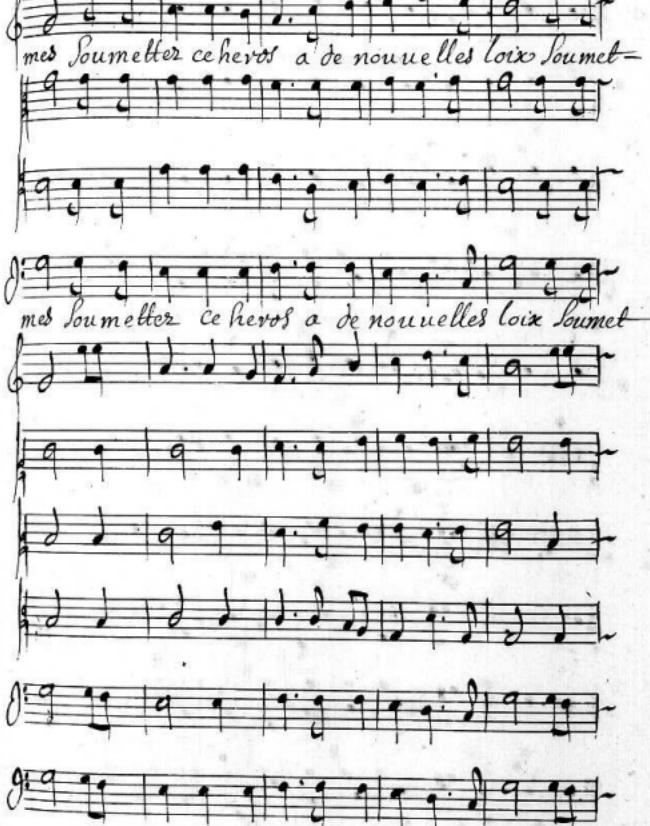
296

Charmes Empêter avec nous vos plus puissantes av-



charmes Empêter avec nous vos plus puissantes av-





298

ter ce héros a de nouvelles loix

ter ce héros a de nouvelles loix

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 299. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff is for Violins, indicated by the label "Violons" above the staff. The subsequent staves are for different sections: second staff (likely Violas or Cellos), third staff (likely Double Basses or Double Bassoon), fourth staff (likely Trombones or Tuba), fifth staff (likely Clarinets or Bassoon), sixth staff (likely Flutes or Piccolo), seventh staff (likely Oboe or English Horn), eighth staff (likely Bassoon or Double Bassoon), ninth staff (likely Trombone or Tuba), and tenth staff (likely Trombone or Tuba). The music is written in common time, with various dynamics and articulations. The score is written on five-line staves with black ink.

200

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The first three staves are soprano parts, with lyrics in French: "Descendre Dieu charmant descendez Dieu charmant reposez". The next three staves are alto parts, also with lyrics: "Descender Dieu charmant descendez Dieu charmant reposez". The remaining four staves are for the piano. The tempo is marked 200.

Descendre Dieu charmant descendez Dieu charmant reposez

Descender Dieu charmant descendez Dieu charmant reposez

Descendre Dieu charmant descendez Dieu charmant reposez



202

voix lancer lancer nos traits lancer nos traits lan-

uoix lancer lancer lancer lances

uoix lancer lancer lancer lances

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of eight staves of music. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics "cer lancer vos traits Et seconder nos charmes boumet" are written below the notes. The subsequent staves are for the piano, featuring a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The piano part includes various chords and rhythmic patterns. The score is written on five-line staff paper.

904

ter ce héros soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles

D:

ter ce héros soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles

D:

D:

D:

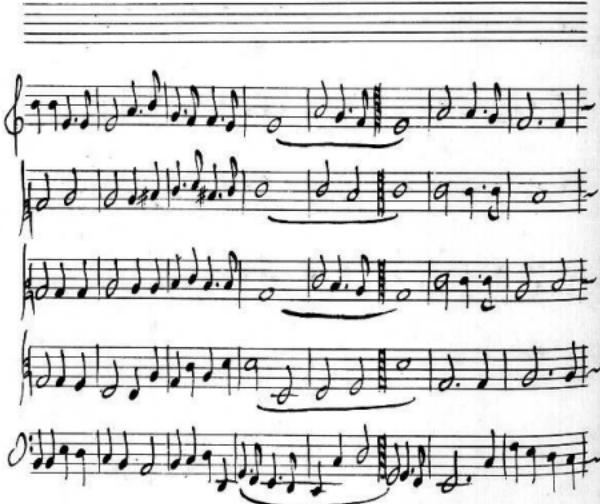
D:

D:

D:

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of ten staves of music. The top two staves are for the piano, featuring a bass staff and an upper staff with various note heads and rests. The remaining eight staves are for the voice, each starting with a clef (soprano or alto) and a key signature. The lyrics, written in cursive French, are placed between the first and second piano staves, and between the fourth and fifth vocal staves. The lyrics read: "loix soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles loix" and "loix soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles loix". The score concludes with four blank staves at the bottom.

loix soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles loix
loix soumettre ce héros à de nouvelles loix





308

cavce!

Amour amour
 Amour amour cest trop troublev son a - me
 Cest trop troublev mon ame Cest trop troublev
 Cest trop troublev son ame a mour cest trop trou-
 blev cest trop troublev son a me 80
 le uens reparer les mauve que tu luy fais

le Roi - le uiens reparer les maux nienz reparer les
le Roi - le uiens reparer les
maux que tu luy fais éteins les feux brie les traits
maux que tu luy fais éteins les feux brie -
quon appose a ma flame éteins les feux brie -
se les traits brie les traits quon appose a la flame e -
teins les feux brie les traits quon appose a la fla -



mo éteins les feux brise les traits brise les traits
 me éteins les feux brise les traits

qu'on oppose a ma flame
 qu'on oppose a sa fla-me

La Ruit

Dieu charmant je te sens mieux que les plus beaux jours

311

je déplorais ton gré mes yeux les plus sombres

à tes mœurs charmantes je te ferai mieux que les plus beaux jours

je déplorais ton gré mes yeux les plus sombres

312

917

ie deploie a ton gré mes voiles les plus sombres
païe aujourd'huy par ton secours celuy que nulle fois tra-
ceus de mes ombres païe aujourd'huy par ton secours

919

Celuy que mille fois tu receus de mes ombres

celuy que mille fois tu receus de mes ombres

Circé à l'amour

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

Des fers de ma rivale avrache mon vainqueur fais

314

de ses premiers feux triompher ma tendresse a-

mouve que mes soupirs délavement ta vigueur Cest tou qui

forme dans mon cœur les maux que je t'adresse 815

formes dans mon cœur les maux que je t'adresse

Cest toy qui

amour amour que ses soupirs délavement ta n-

forme dans mon cœur les maux que je t'adresse Cest toy

queur cest toy qui forme dans son cœur les maux

36

c'est toy qui forme dans mon cœur c'est toy qui forme
quelle fâcheuse c'est toy c'est toy qui forme

dans mon cœur les œux que i'e trâdresse

Scene
Grec fait tout
D'amour en lair
Puis dormant

Preteus tu me l'umettre a tes commandemens celle de con-



317

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and basso continuo. The music is written on five systems of five-line staves each. The vocal parts are in common time, while the continuo part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts consist of soprano, alto, and tenor voices. The continuo part includes a basso continuo staff with a bassoon-like part and a harpsichord-like part. The score is written in French, with lyrics such as "Vatre sa fla - me le trait dont iayblessé son a -", "me ne peut être brisé par tes enchantemens le trait", and "me ne peut être brisé par tes enchantemens le trait". The score is numbered 317 at the top right.

98

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line starts with a melodic line over a piano accompaniment. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The piano part consists of harmonic chords and bass notes. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

dont j'ay blesse' son ame ne peut étre brisé'
par tes enchantement

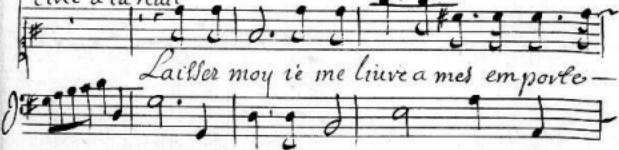
Ciré a l'amour



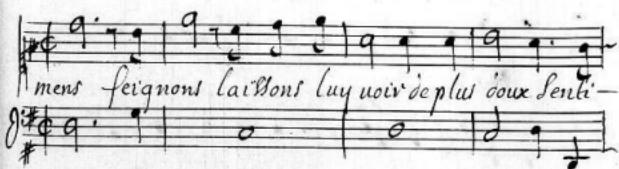
Ah si pour mon bonheur i'e manque de puissance ieo



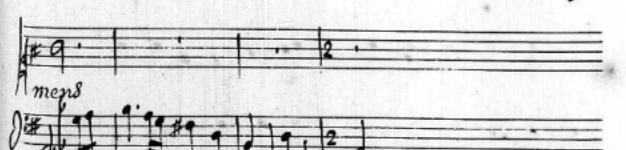
ciré a la fluit



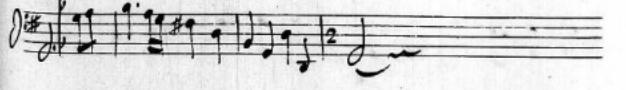
Laisser moy i'e me liure a mes emperte-



mens feignont laillons luy uoir de plus doux senti-



mens



920 Scene 6^e Licus Circé

Piano

Le suis en cor le ciel me condamné à la vie

ié r'eprens à la fois mes sens et mon cœur

821

Sa dore encor Canente apres la perfidie

l'amour se plait pour elle a dechirer mon coeur

322

Il faut nous detrimper Votre Nimphe est fidelle pour-
quoy l'accusier uous d'une perfide ardeur? Je uous
aime et l'amour m'auoit armé contre elle mais mon art
est sans force il faut uous rassurer l'amour a fait
mon crime il ua le repaver ? Ah! vender
moy canente L cet effort Suprême? Je ferray

327

plus ie vous veux unir des ce jour^v Connoisseur

Tout mon coeur ie sens que ie vous aime jusqu'a pou-

voir pour vous immoler mon amour apres tant

d'artifice helas puis je vous croire croire moy

A l'en a blesse et l'amour & la gloire allons a

apart

Votre nimphe annoncez ce bonheur, Qu'il s'aguent

92+

neu chimen, qu'apreste ma fureur

Entre acte